

Remote Real-Time Monitoring Sensor for Marine Growth Without Human Intervention

Ziad MAKSASSIa,e, Ahmed GUELEDb, Benoit Parreinc, Bertrand GARNIERd,







Franck SCHOEFS_e

- b Laboratoire de thermique et énergie de Nantes, LTeN, UMR CNRS 6607, Université de Nantes c Laboratoire des sciences du numérique de Nantes, LS2N, UMR CNRS 6004, Université de Nantes
- d Centra national de la Recherche, CNRS e Institut de Recherche en Génie Civil et Mécanique, GeM, UMR CNRS 6183, Université de Nantes













Context and objectives

Marine Growth is The Hidden Threat that increases weight, hydrodynamic drag and accelerates corrosion.

These effects reduce the reliability and life span.

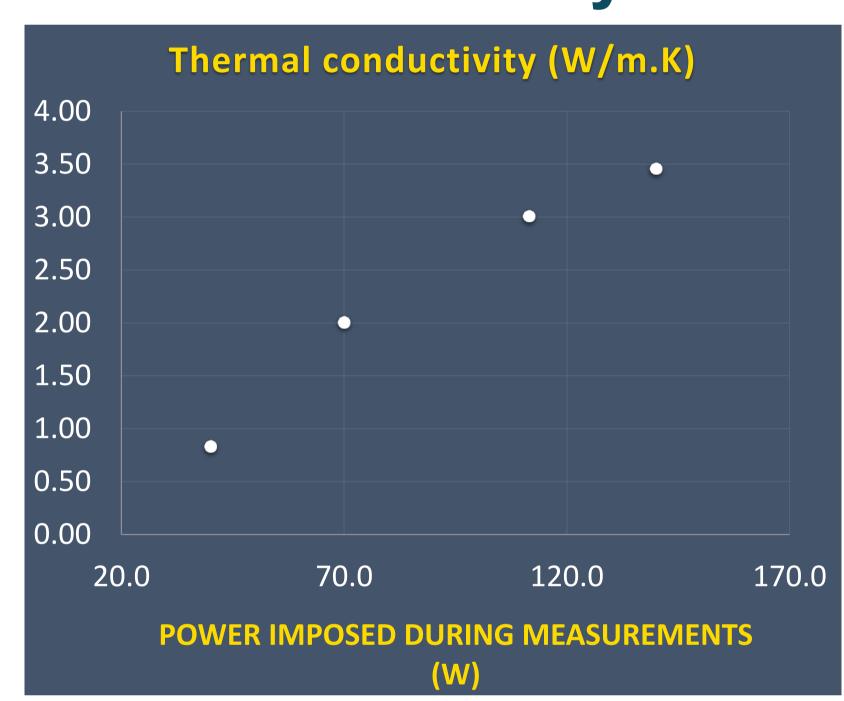
Current solutions (ROVs, divers) lack real-time data and are highly limited by weather conditions.

This project delivers a real-time monitoring solution that:

- Eliminates the need for human intervention,
- Enhances safety for personnel and assets,
- Enables continuous data collection (density and thick.),
- Allows timely intervention to reduce maintenance costs,
 - Reduces CO₂ emissions linked to inspection activities.

Natural Colonisation of mussels within 2 years





Patented innovative sensor: autonomous, real-time, and remotely operated

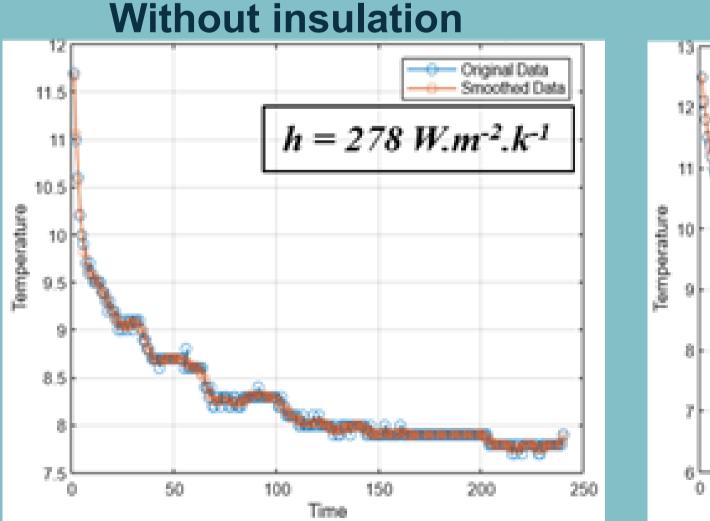
Test of the sensor in a real environment,

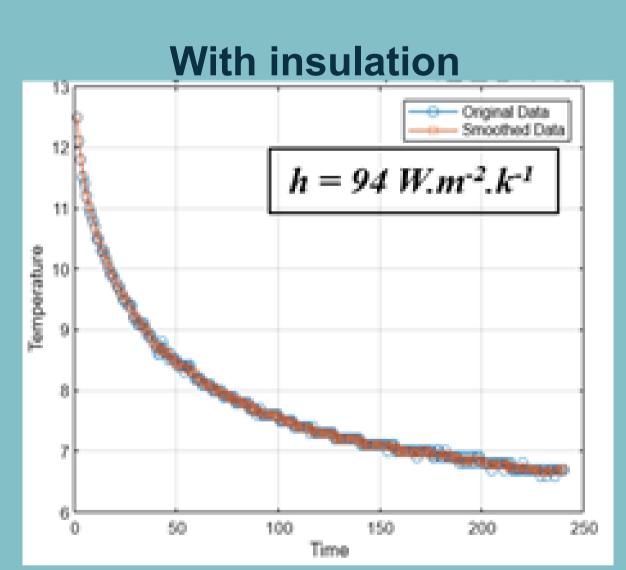


Foam insulation (to simulate mussels growth) on submarine



Results





Heat transfer coefficient reduced by a factor of 3!

Sensor tested on real Mussels



- Heat transfer coefficient reduced by a factor of 3 for with and without colonization.
- Thickness of mussels estimated is 110 mm.

Conclusion

- A patented, autonomous, real-time, and remotely operated sensor has been developed to monitor marine growth.
 - **Prototype tested in laboratory Mid 2024**
- Validated in real conditions January 2025
- Technology Readiness Level (TRL): 6/9

Install the sensor on a real plateform to achieve Perspective TRL 9/9