

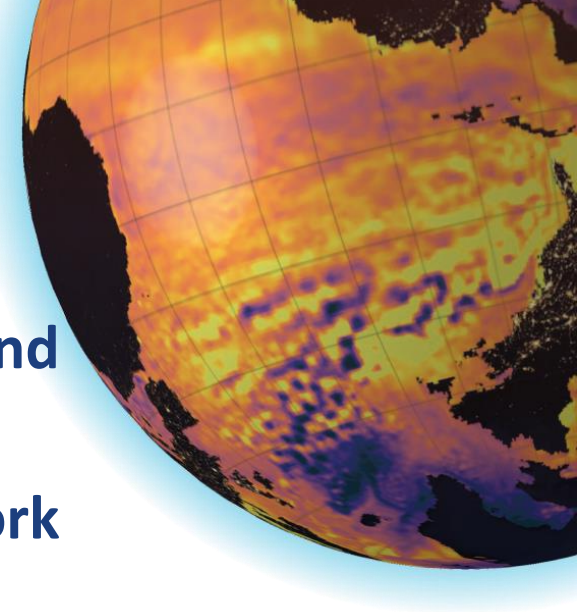
A BRICS Predicted Ocean: Roadmap and Demonstration of Model Validations, Intercomparisons and Applications for Sustainable Management of the Coastal Oceans - PARADIGM

M. Cirano; S. Gulev; F. Qiao; J. Veitch; P. N. Vinayachandran; R. Sedakov; D. N. Subramani; C. Xia; A. Polejack



Background information

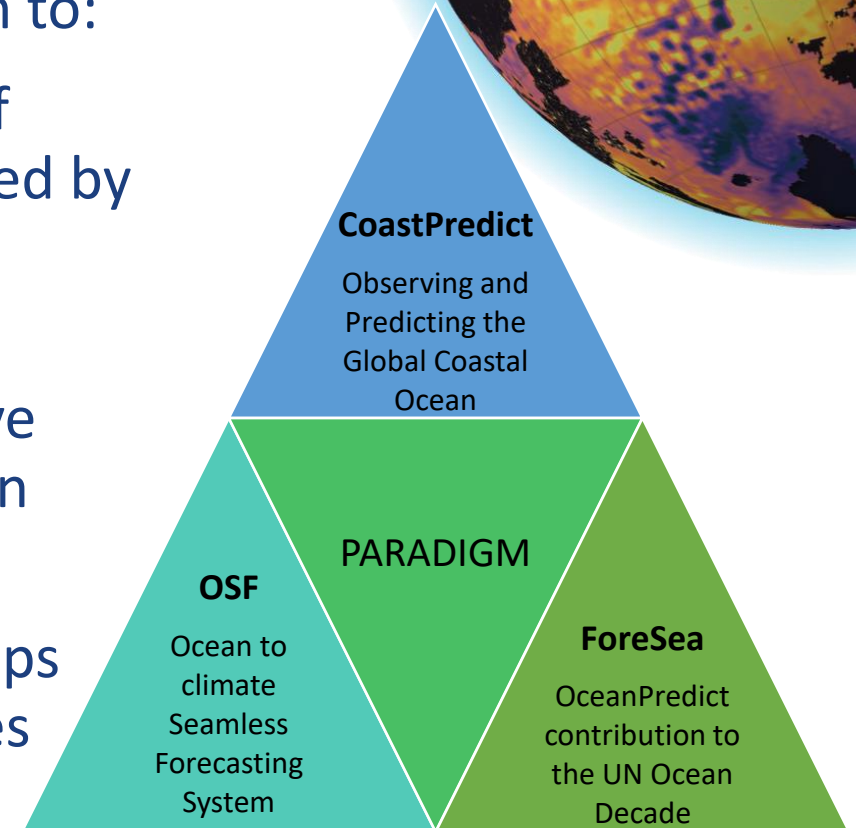
- In 2016/2018 a BRICS Working group in **Ocean and Polar Science and Technology – OPST** was created
- PARADIGM was submitted to the **5th Call 2021 - BRICS STI Framework Programme Coordinated call for BRICS multilateral projects**
 - More than **383 projects** submitted a **pre-proposal** to this call, where 322 projects were invited to submitted a **full proposal**
 - Only **33 projects** were approved (~9% approval rate)
 - In the **thematic area of OPST** (10 areas overall) only **two projects** were approved
 - PARADIGM was selected to represent the **thematic area of OPST** as a story of success – published in **BRICS STI Framework Programme Bulletin 2024** – Cirano *et al.* (2024)



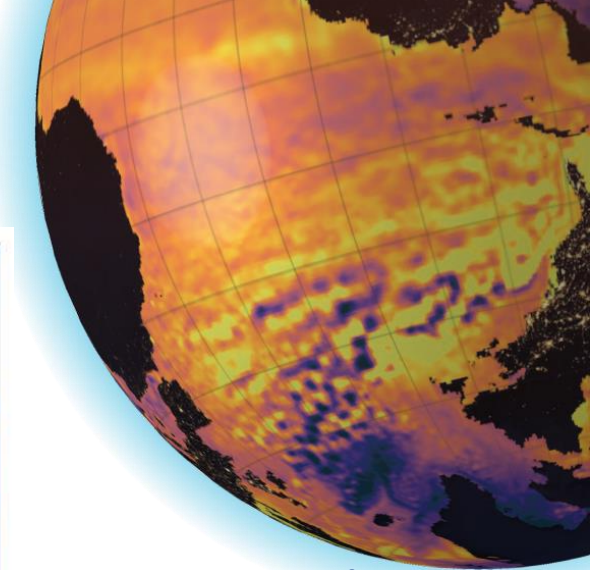
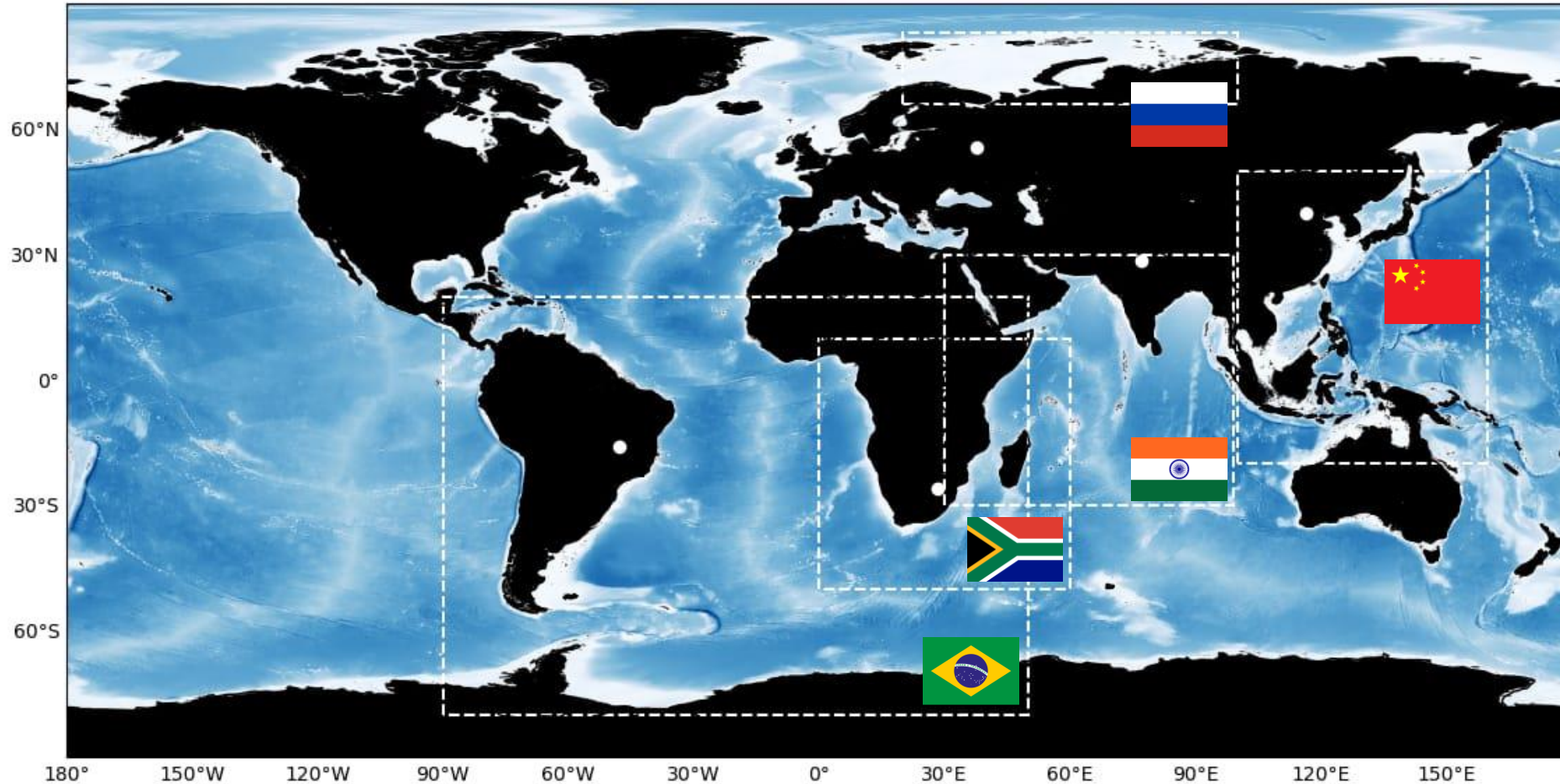
Aims of PARADIGM

By joining scientists from **3 UN endorsed programs**, we aim to:

- To **validate, intercompare** and **assess** the performance of **Ocean Forecasting and Analysis Systems (OFAS)** generated by multiple agencies worldwide, for BRICS countries, using regional observations
- Implement **high-resolution OFAS** configurations in the five model regions for **improving regional** multipurpose ocean hindcasting and forecasting
- Provide **capacity building** by organizing training/workshops focusing on **Operational Oceanography** in BRICS countries



Study Region



M. Cirano
Federal University of
Rio de Janeiro (UFRJ)



S. Gulev
Shirshov Institute of
Oceanology (IORAS)



P. N. Vinayachandran
Indian Institute of Science

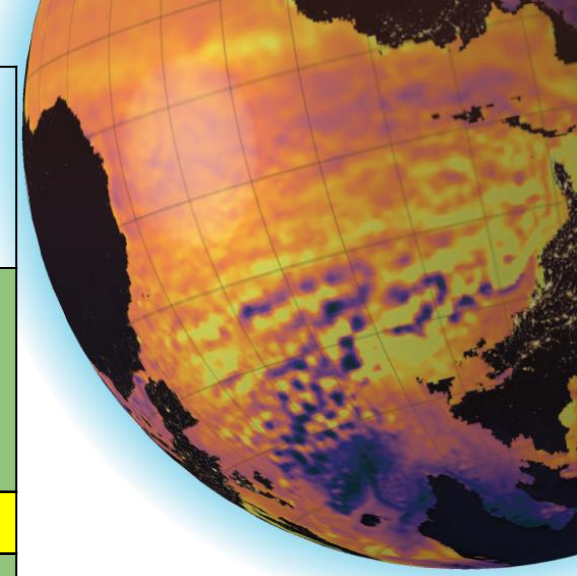


F. Qiao
First Institute of
Oceanography (FIO)



J. Veitch
South African Environmental
Observation Network
(SAEON)

Center/Model	Name of the product	Vertical resolution (levels)	Horizontal resolution	Periodicity	Time availability
HYCOM/NCODA (USA)	GOFS3.1	41	1/12° (40°N to 40°S), and 1/24° (poleward of these latitudes)	3 hours	jan/1994 to dec/2015 + analysis until now
HYCOM/REMO (Brazil)	Atl12	32	1/12°	daily	jan/2006 to dec/2015
Mercator Ocean (French)	GLORYS12v1C	50	1/12°	daily	jan/1993 to feb/2024
First Institute of Oceanography (China)	FIOCOM	54	1/10°	daily	jan/2013 to dec/2022
CSIRO (Australia)	BRAN2020	51	1/10°	daily	jan/1993 to dec/2023
ECMWF (Europe)	ORAS5	75	1/4°	daily	jan/1993 to dec/2022
Met Office (UK)	GloSea5	75	1/4°	daily	jan/1993 to dec/2022
CMCC (Italy)	C-GLORSv5	75	1/4°	daily	jan/1993 to dec/2022
Mercator Ocean (French)	GLORYS2v4	75	1/4°	daily	jan to de/1993c/2022
JPL/Nasa (USA)	ECCO2	50	1/4°	3 days	jan/1992 to apr/2023
AOSC - U. Maryland (USA)	SODA3.3.2	50	1/4°	5 days	jan/1991 to dec/2019



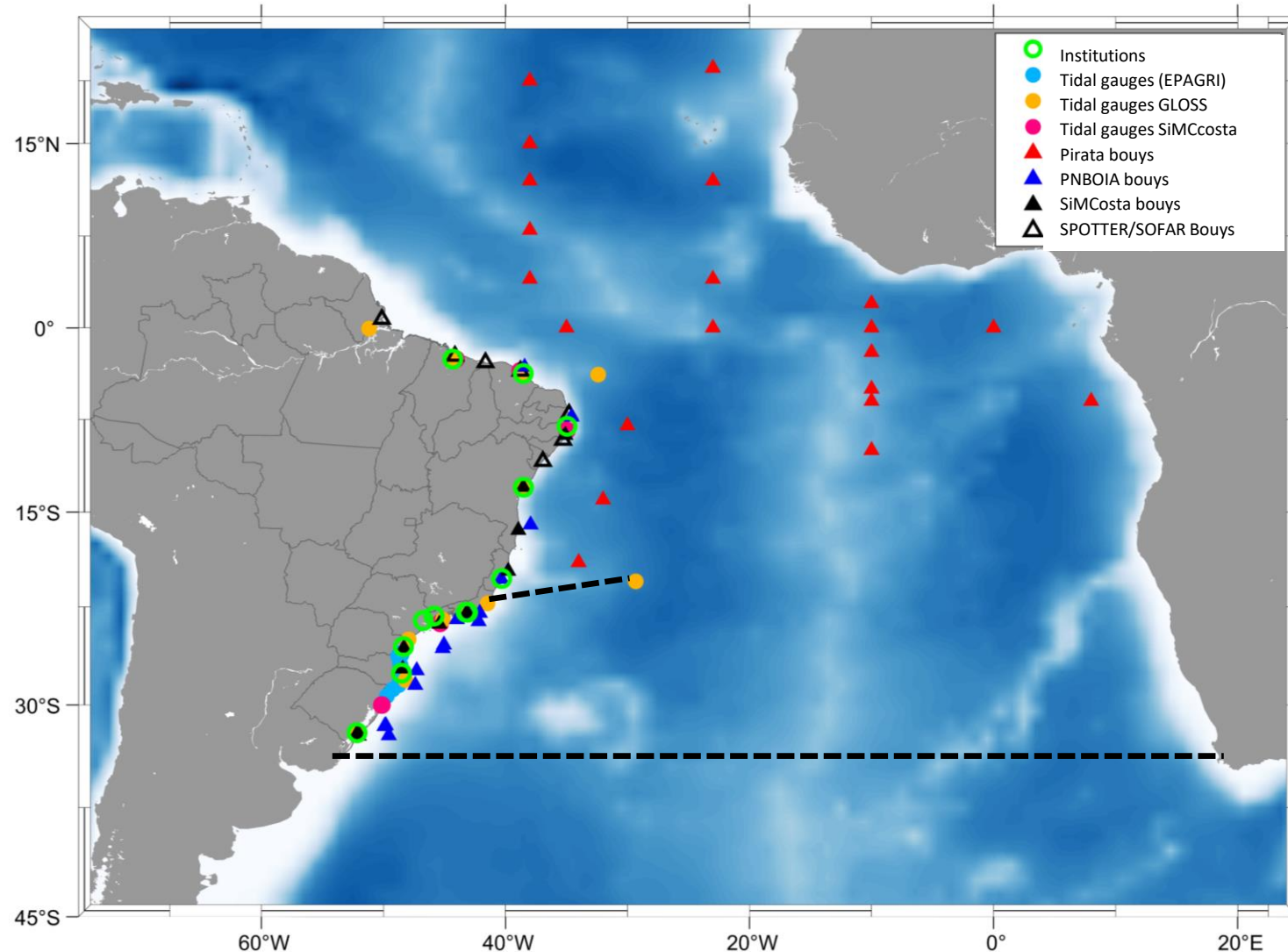
Ocean Forecasting and Analysis Systems (OFAS)



In partnership with



Spatial distribution of institutions and observing platforms (shallow and deep waters buoys & tide gauges)



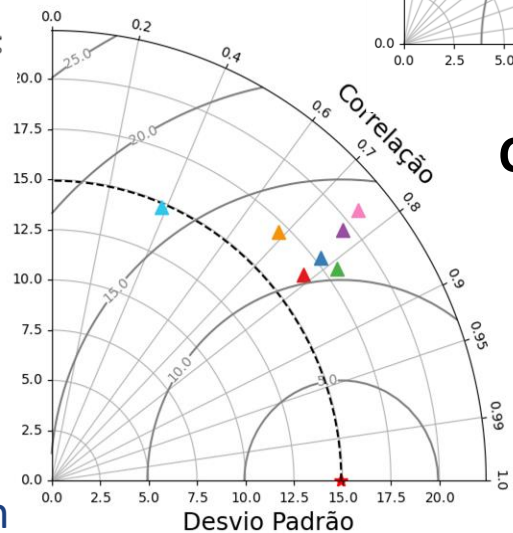
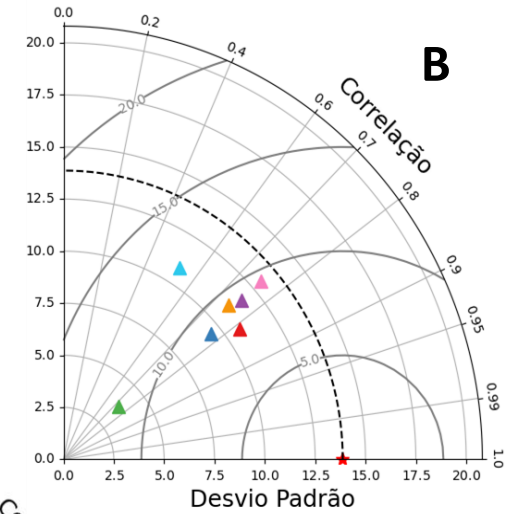
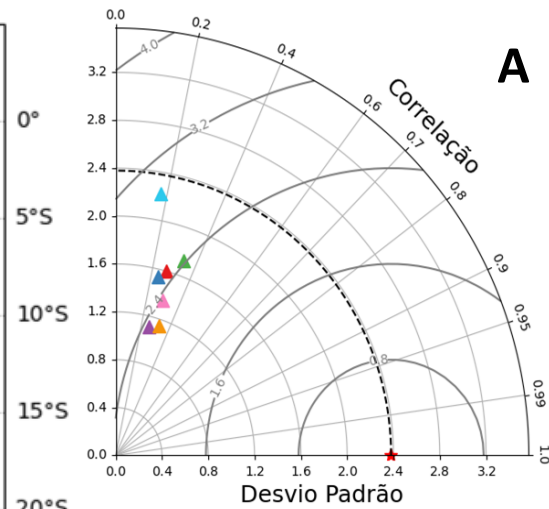
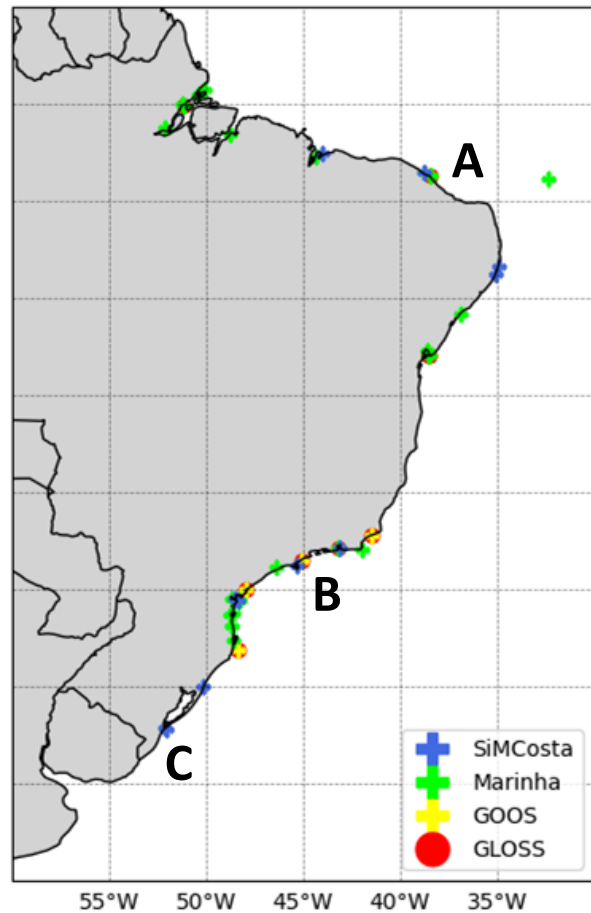
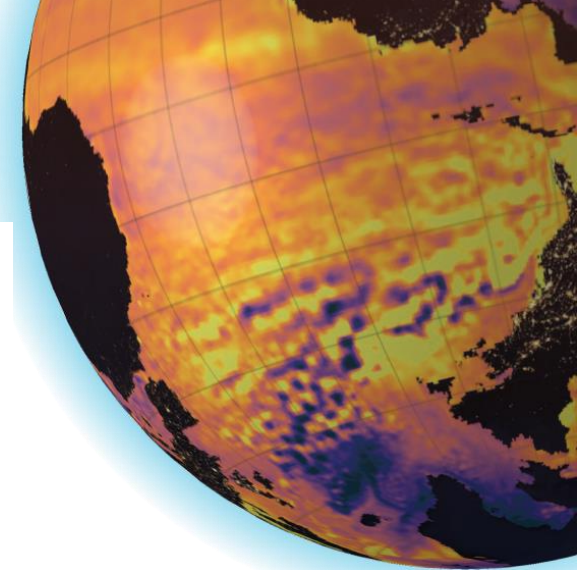
Additional presentations:

Session 6.2 – Barberini et al. (18/11)

Session 2.2 – Barberini et al. (19/11)

Session 4.1 – Ferreira et al. (20/11)

How well OFAS represent CTWs?

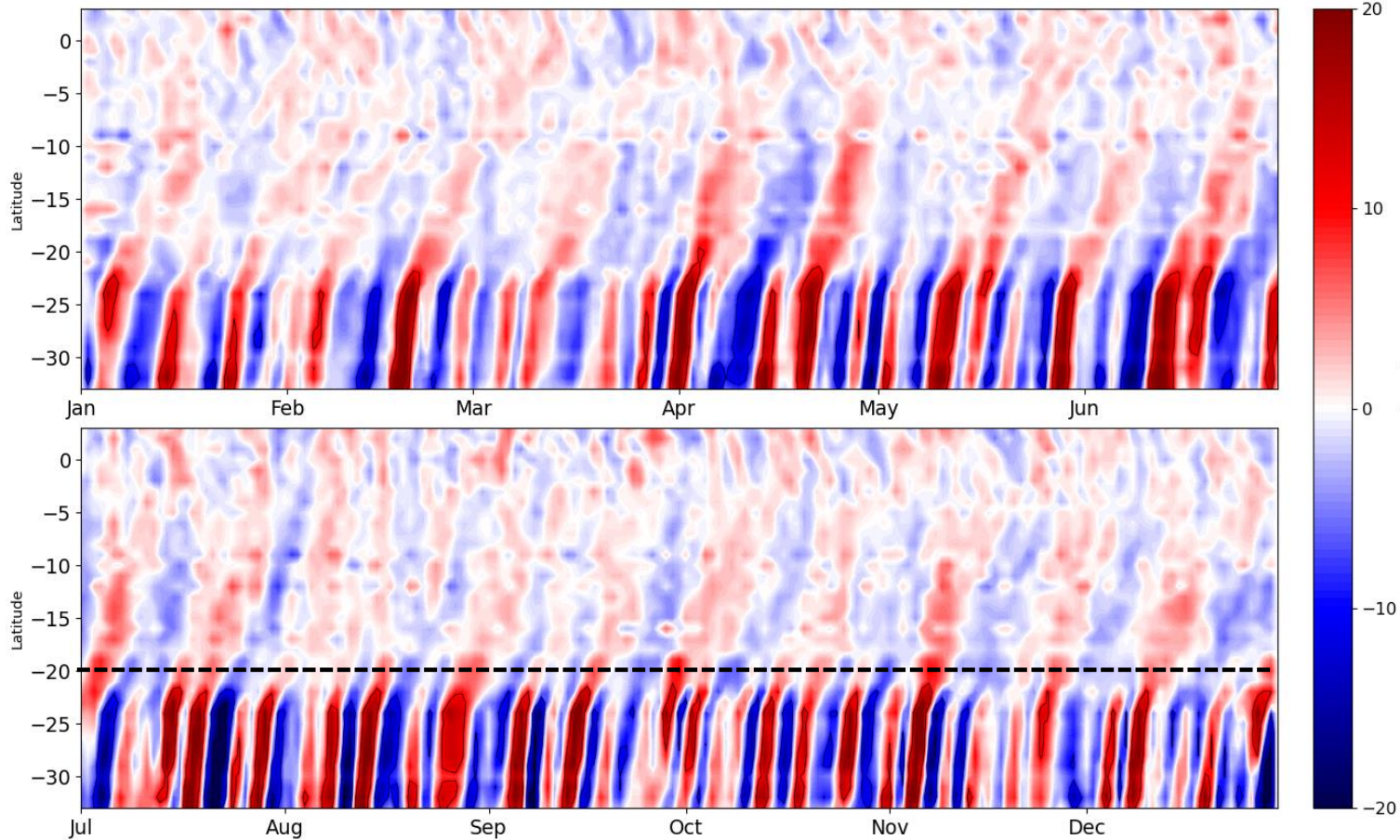


Cabral et al, in preparation

★	Skill (%)	A	B	C
★	BRAN	54	85	88
▲	CGLO	51	77	86
▲	FOAM	60	22	87
▲	GLOR4	37	85	82
▲	GLOR12	40	83	83
▲	ORAS	48	87	79
▲	GOFS	58	72	69

How well OFAS represent CTWs?

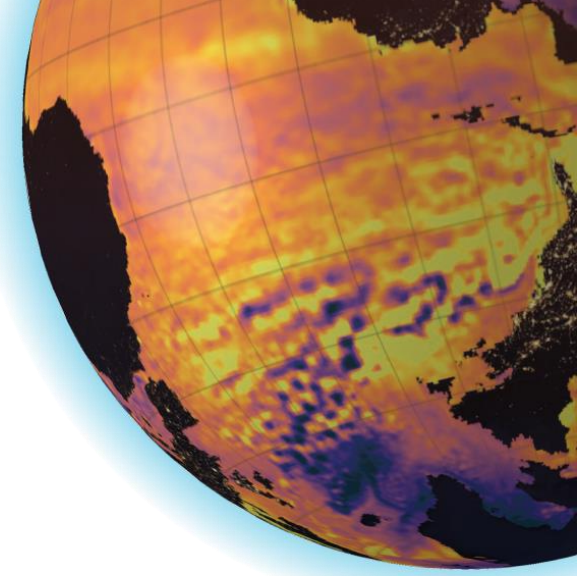
SSH (cm)
for BRAN
in 2022



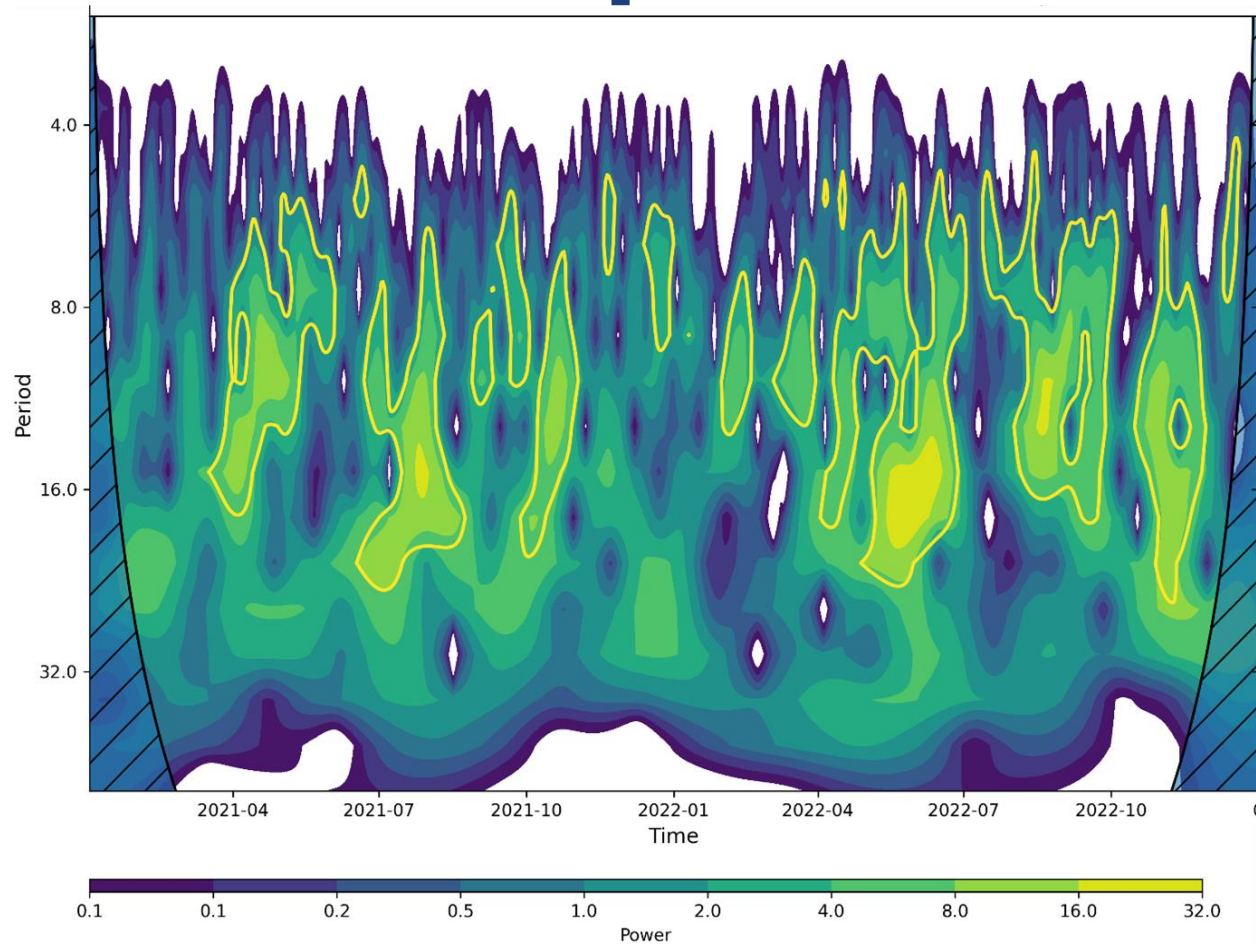
Only longer CTWs
(> 15 days) propagate
north of 20° S

Cabral et al, in preparation

How well OFAS represent CTWs?



SSH (cm) for
BRAN at the
50 m isobath
and 20°S

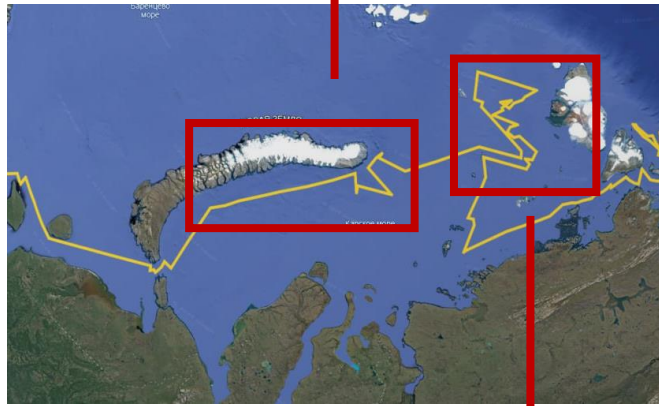
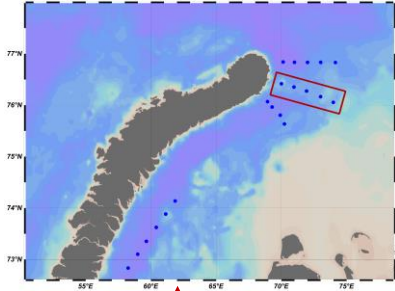


Cabral et al, in preparation

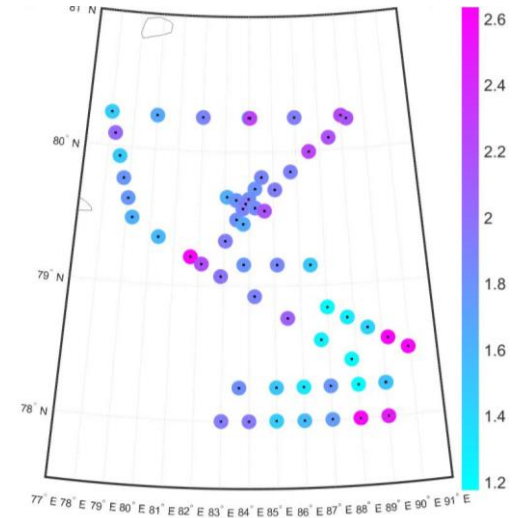
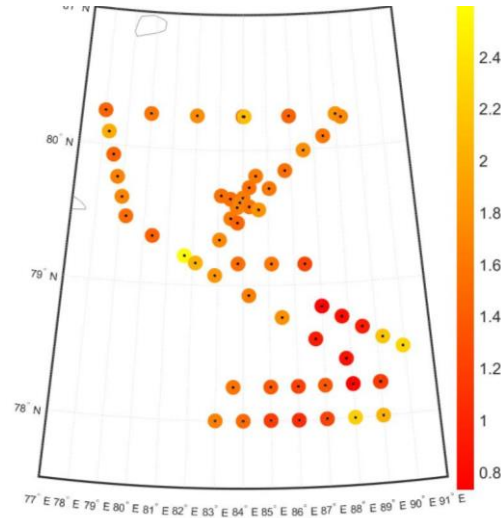
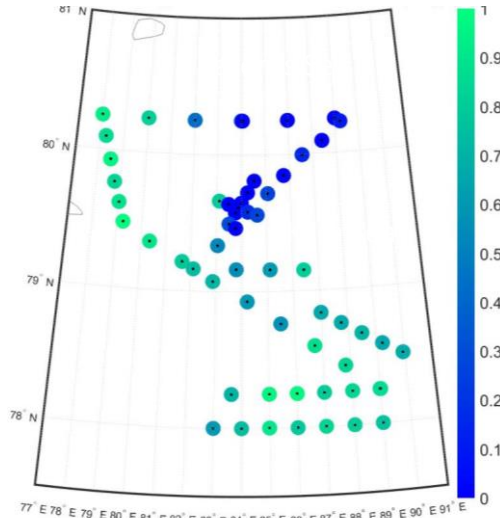
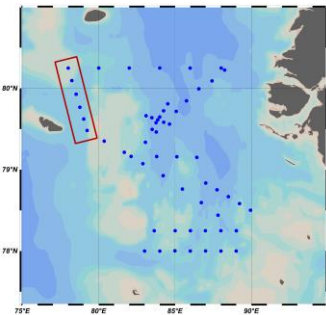


In situ data collection and OFAS (GOFS/HYCOM) validation at Arctic study region during IORAS Scientific Cruise in 2024

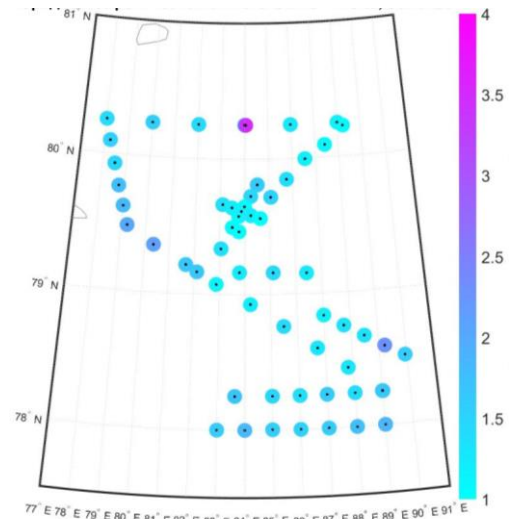
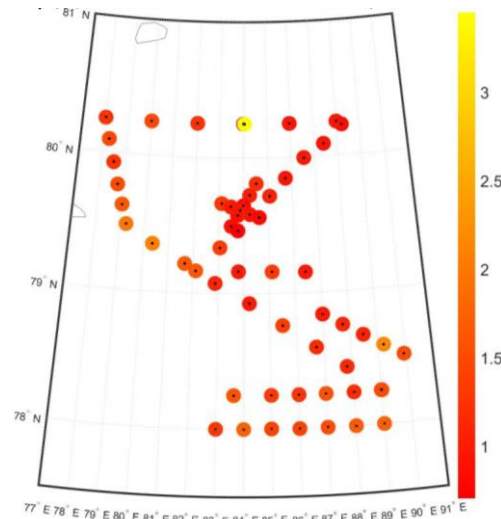
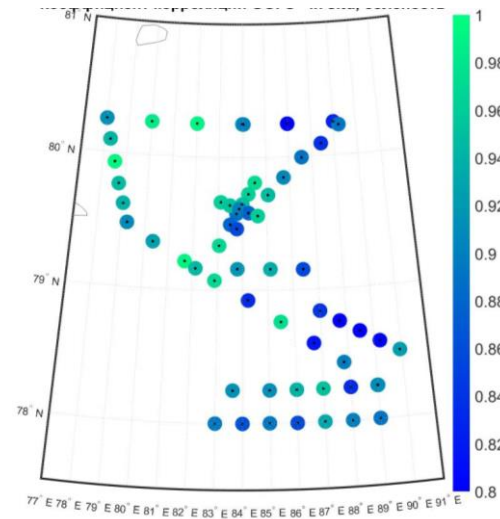
Novaya Zemlya



Severnaya Zemlya



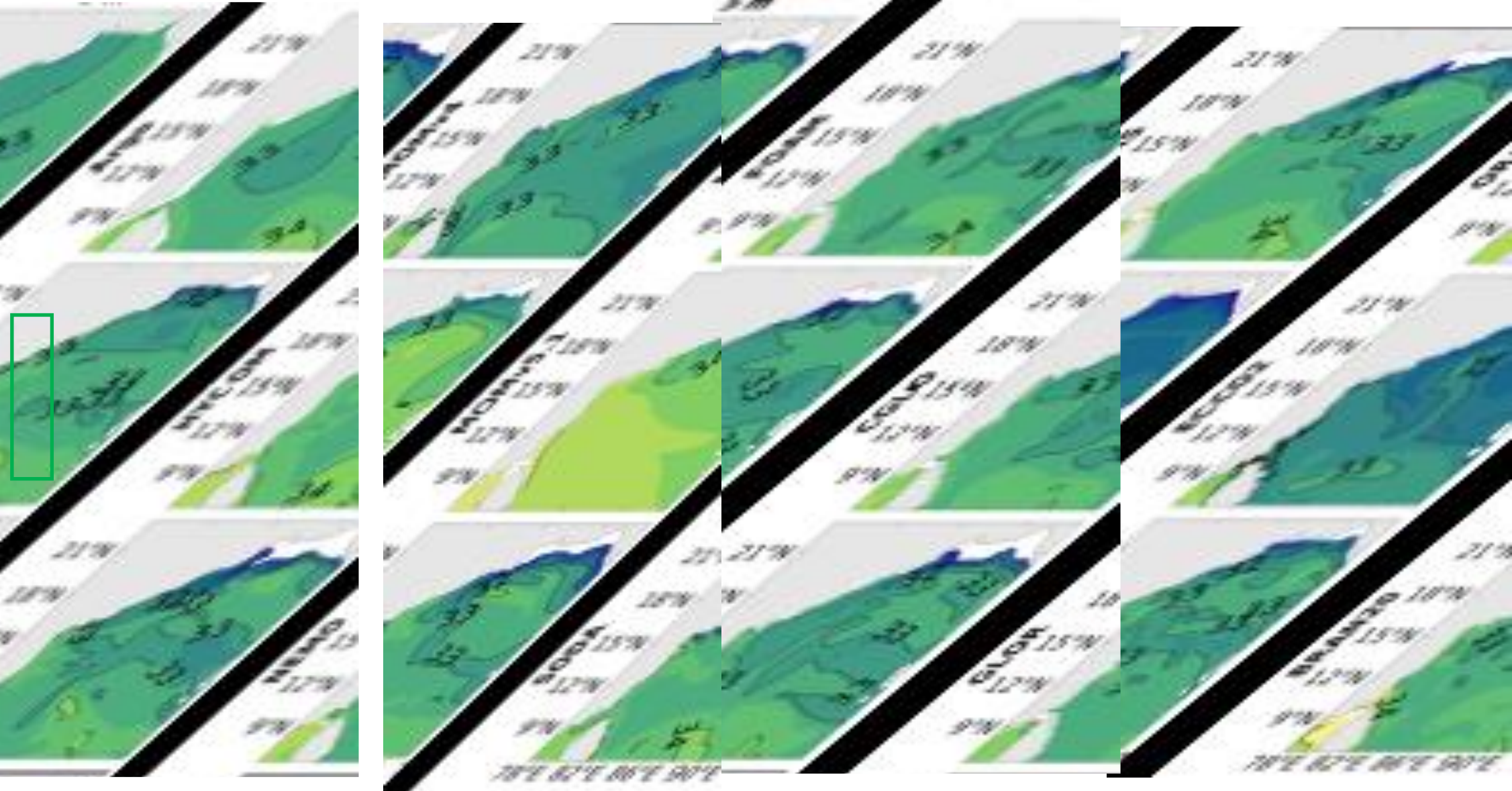
GOFS/HYCOM vs *in situ* Salinity, psu: Correlation, MAE, RMSE



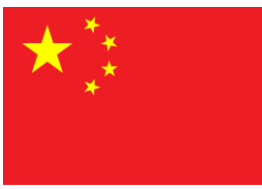
GOFS/HYCOM vs *in situ* Temperature, °C: Correlation, MAE, RMSE

Bay of Bengal Salinity Intercomparison: Models and Reanalyses

1-10 July 2016



MLD comparison



FIO-COM

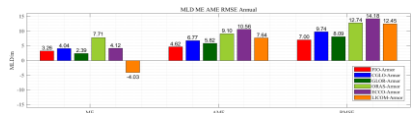
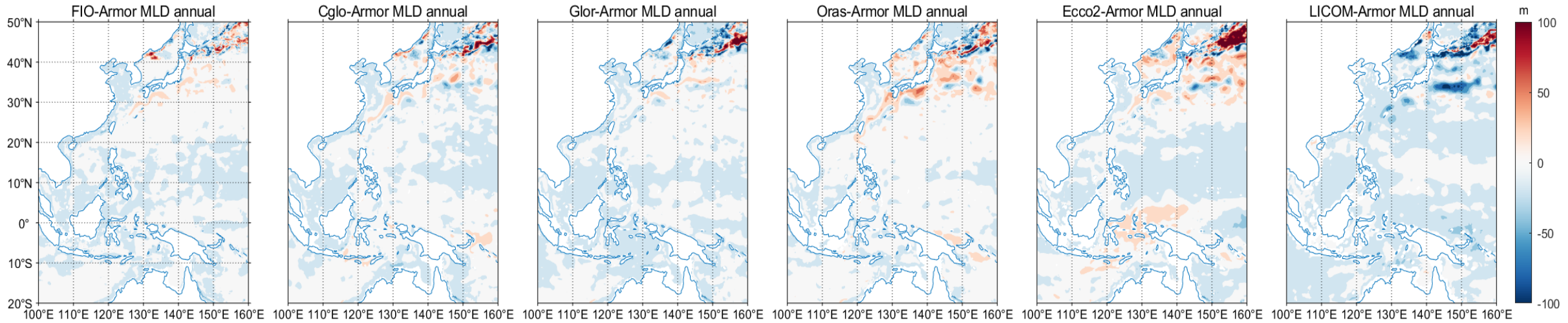
Cglo

Glor

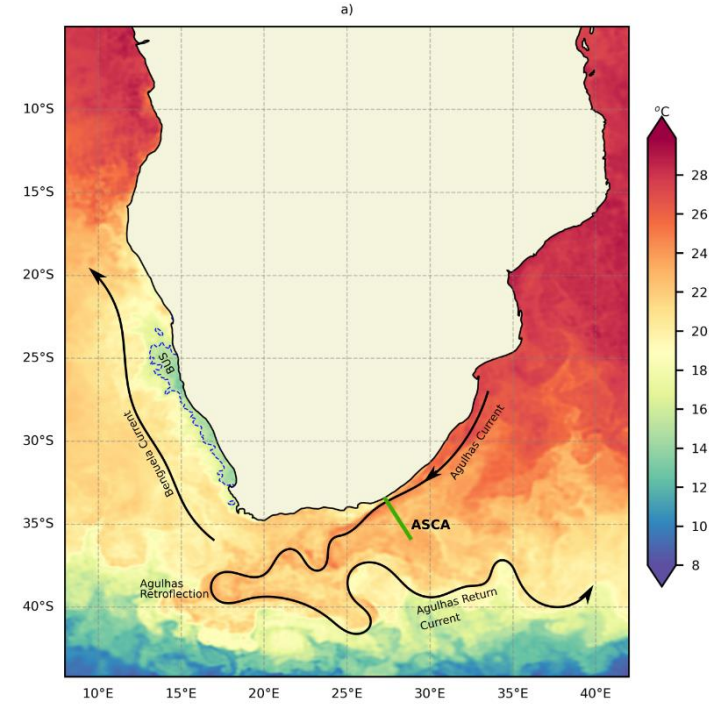
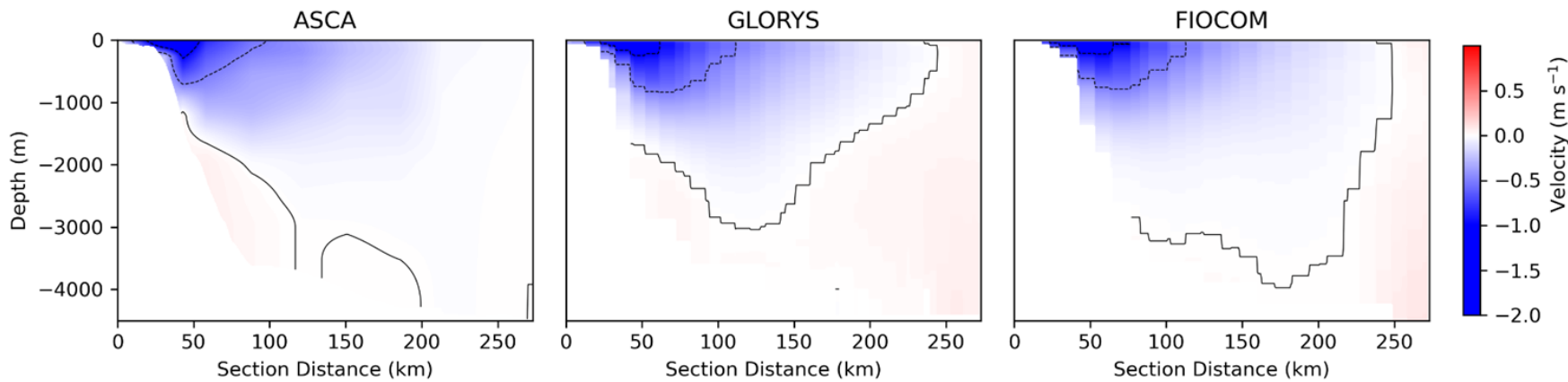
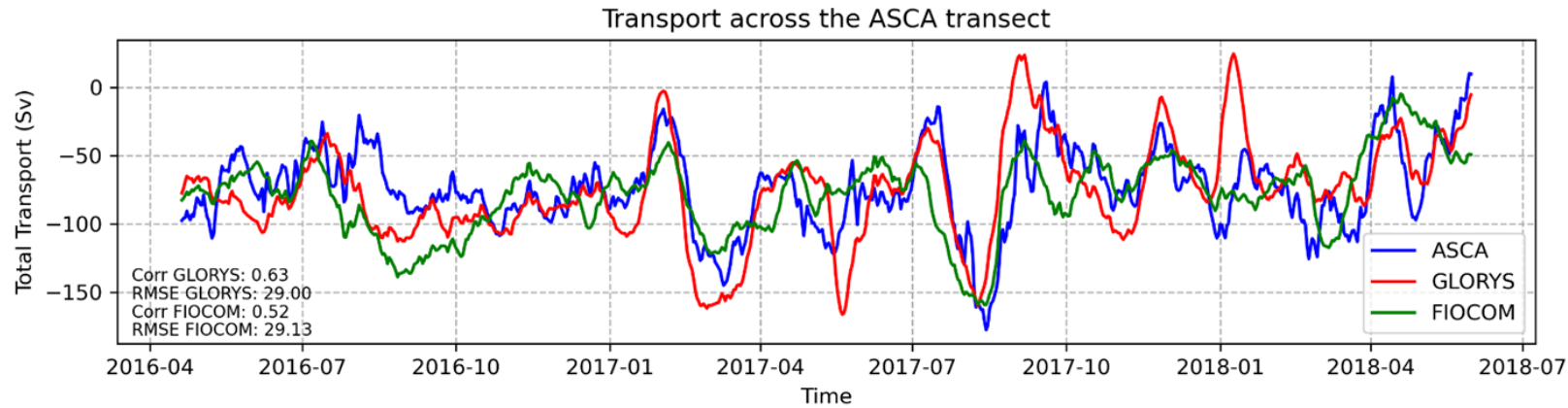
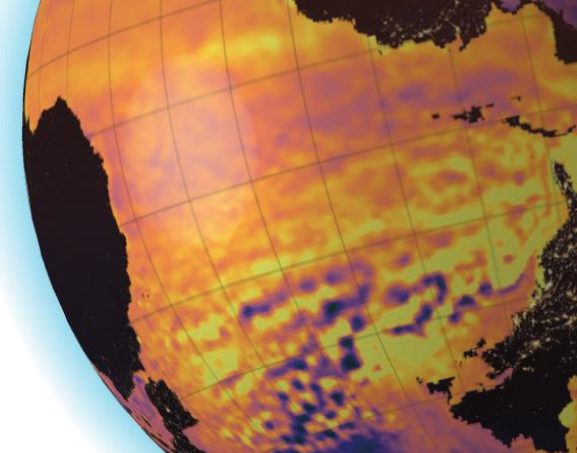
Oras

Ecco2

LICOM

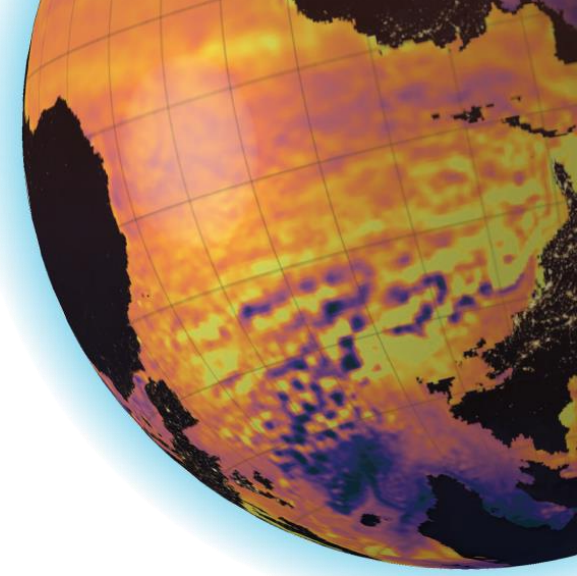


A comparison with the Agulhas System Climate Array (ASCA) mooring data: Transport and velocities



Conclusions and Future Steps

- The **assessment and intercomparison** of OFAS at BRICS countries using **regional observations** has been very useful to identify the **best systems** at each region
- This process is helping the implementation of **high-resolution OFAS** configurations in specific regions for each BRICS country, **improving** regional multipurpose ocean **hindcasting** and **forecasting**
- **China** hosted our **first BRICS Summer School** in Qingdao in July 2024 (40 applicants/17 selected) and **India** will host the **second BRICS Summer School** in Bangalore in July 2025
 - Both Summer Schools focus on **Operational Oceanography** in BRICS
- We truly believe that PARADIGM is a **seed** for a broader BRICS **Flagship Project**





In partnership with



SYMPOSIUM OP'24

ADVANCING OCEAN PREDICTION SCIENCE FOR SOCIAL BENEFITS

Thank you!

mauro.cirano@igeo.ufrj.br

