# Media solutions for stakeholder engagement

2022

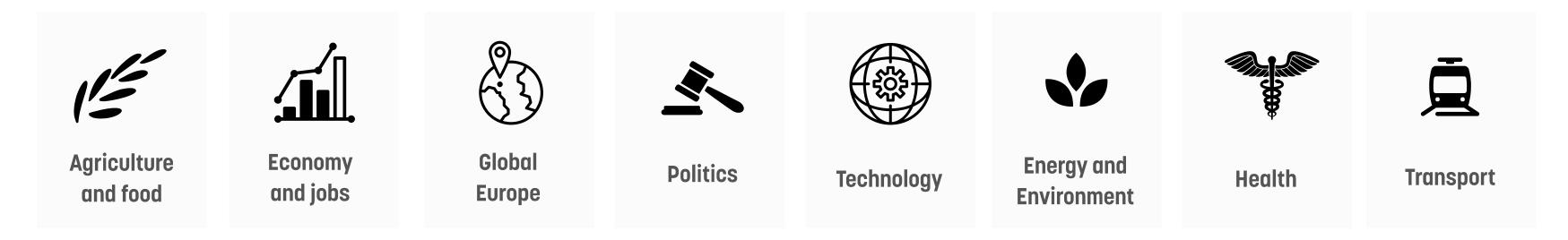


# EURACTIV at a glance

EURACTIV is the leading policy media in the EU affairs market.

By combining expert EU policy analysis across eight thematic hubs, and impactful reach amongst an influential audience, we hold a unique position in the European media landscape.

We successfully bring complex policy discussions to the attention of a wider ecosystem of stakeholders in Brussels and across key European capitals, helping contribute to the democratisation of EU decision-making.





### Our core values

Our commitment is to give a voice to all sides of the debate. By involving the policymakers, the private sector and civil society communities in all our activities, be it editorial coverage or event organisation, we have earned the reputation of a constructive and inclusive facilitator that seeks to move policy discussions forward.



Independent



Transparent



Multilingual





Pro-European



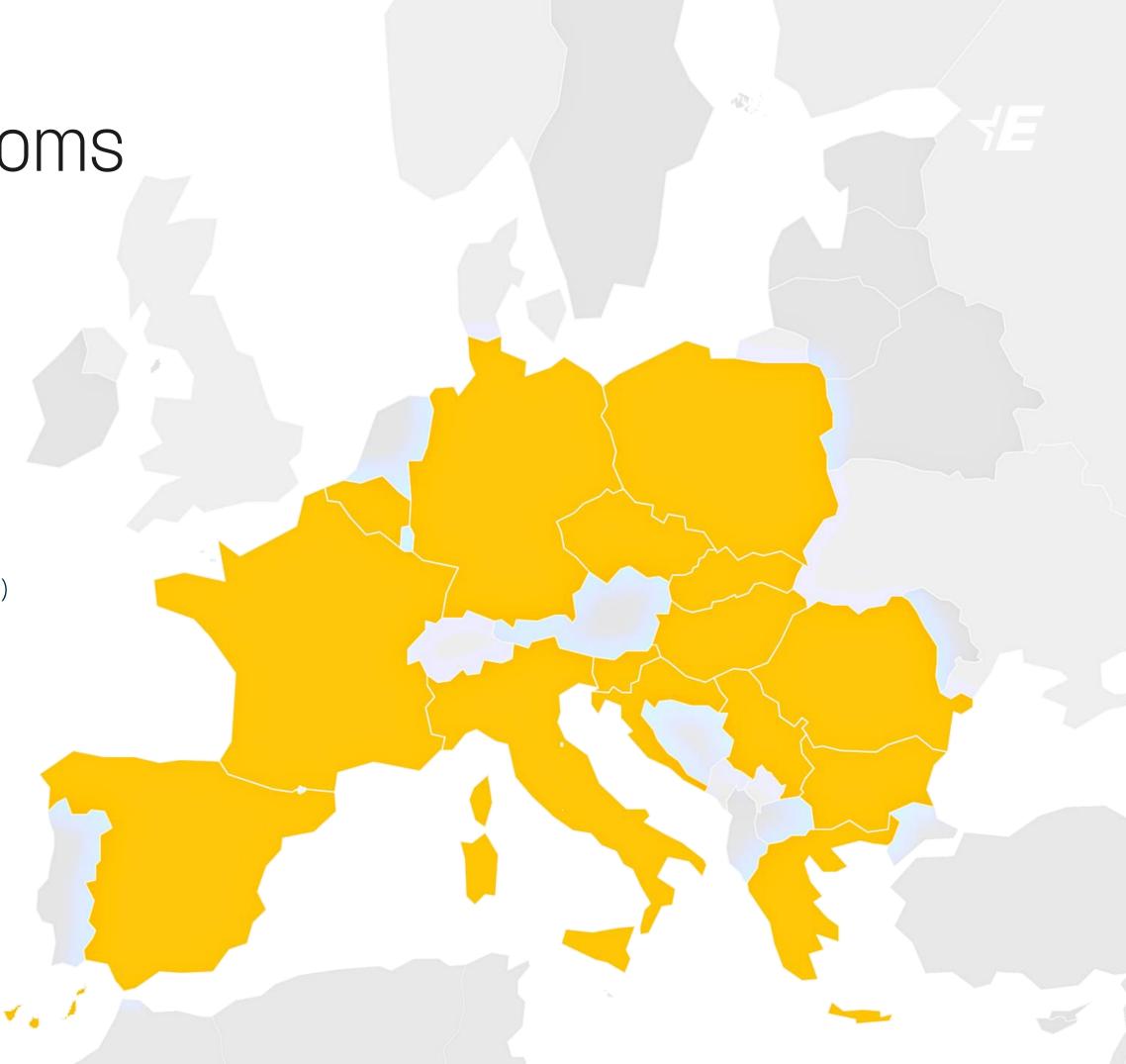
Constructive

### Our European newsrooms

Our team of 100 professionals, including more than 50 journalists, produces content from 13 newsrooms across the continent.

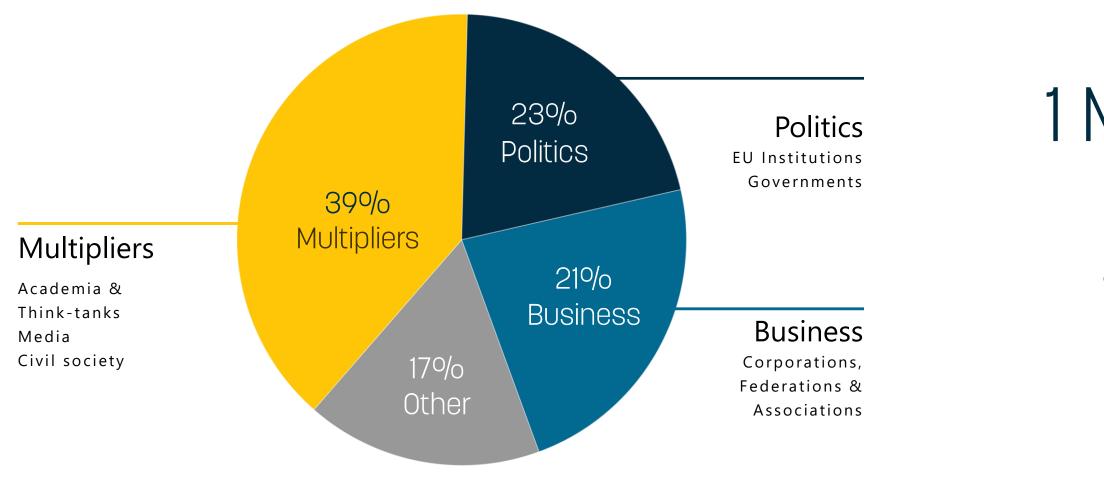
Belgium: Brussels (.com) Germany: Berlin (.de) Spain: Madrid (.es) France: Paris (.fr) Italy: Rome (.it) Poland: Warsaw (.pl) Bulgaria: Sofia (.bg)

Czech Republic: Prague (.cz) Greece: Athens (.gr) Romania: Bucharest (.ro) Serbia: Belgrade (.rs) Slovakia: Bratislava (.sk) Croatia: Zagreb (.hr)



# Our audience

EURACTIV reports on EU policy in Brussels and national capitals. Our target audience is niche and influential, extending to 100,000 stakeholders based in Brussels, and another 500,000 across Europe. Our reach spills over to the US and other regional policy capitals.





### **1 Million+** Unique readers monthly average\*

# 300K+ Newsletter subscribers

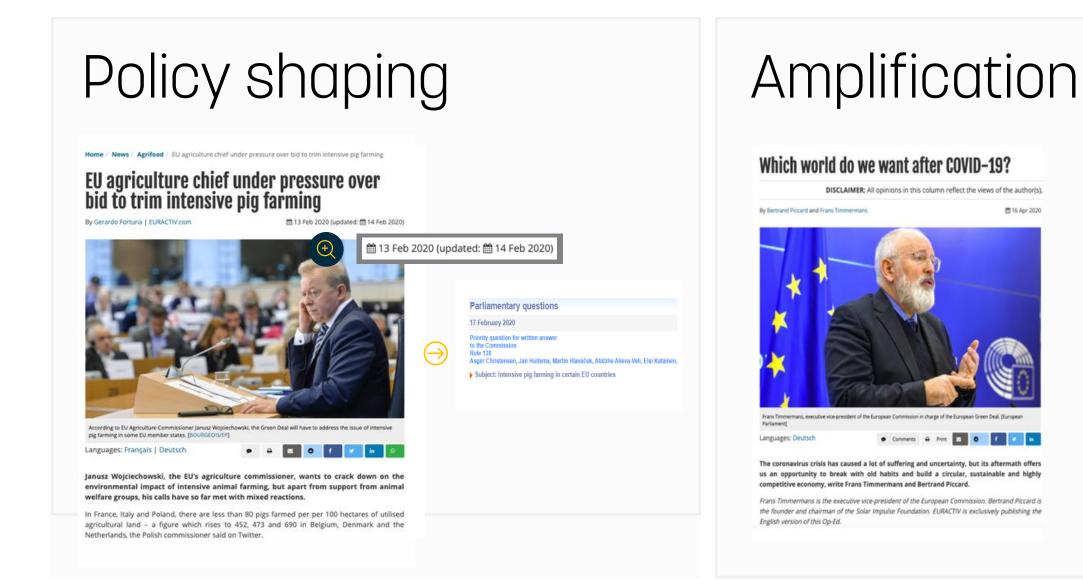
320K+ Social media

\*EURACTIV website 2021 monthly average

# Our impact

EURACTIV named as top agenda setter in Brussels by journalists covering the EU in <u>2022 Council of the European Union survey</u>

From publication to ...









For now, Brussels is holding firm against calls to relax standards. EU officials say the commission is also still on course to review and possibly toughen the current 2030 emission targets next year. "Delaying stronger car emission standards won't help the car industry when cities are banning combustible engines and customers are moving towards electric cars," Mr Timmermans writes in Euractiv.

### Our impact

### From publication to engagement





### WATCH THE RECORDING HERE

The EUS proposed carbon border adjustment mechanism (CBAN) was adopted by the European Commission in July 2021 to complement the EU Emissions fracing System (EU ETS). The goal is to reduce greenhouse gas emissions cash-effectively in line with the fit for 55 objectives. Products from the following sectors will be impacted, cement, aluminium, fertiliser, electricity, non and steel.

CBAM arms to impose a CO2 charge on products entering the EU so that turopean industry can pla CBMM arms to impose a CD2 charge on products entiring the ED so that hampeni industry can play on an equal forcing with finding meandactions. According to the karapenic Commonsion, the main objective of CBMM is to classificated the risk of carbon feelongs, which will increase due to higher European carbon proces. In the lang term, CBMM should gradually negless the five allowances distributed through the ELTECT. The issue of explosite recently hered on at the two-pean Council, where Member States agreed on the general approach on CBMM, learning the exports issue for a later science. latar stage.

men industries have eign However, several turpoper industries have expressed their cursaris that the CBAM only levels the playing field for emports and that in solution their least proposed for experts thesing the EU. They also stress that them is a high risk that EU products would be replaced by more carbon-intensive products, which would be counterproductive. This leads them to call EU decision-makers to include an exerpt incidentian in the CBM Regulation.

Yet, as it stands today, they argue that CSAM would hinder the reach of European industry in global metkets. The industry expects the EU to boost sustainable trade globally by facilitating the export of low carbon products. An example of this is the fertiliser sector, where trade flows follow the natural growing season of crops across the world. By providing nutrients for farmers to harvest high quality crops, the fertilizer sector contributes to food security in turope and globally, while guaranteeing U's strategic automorry.

Jain this EURACTW Virtual Conference to discuss the challenges faced by the CBRM to ensure EU Green Deal ambitions can truly avoid carbon leakage. Questions to be addressed by panelists inclusia-

How sam sustainable trade enable carbon residually in the EU and globally?
What are the implications for the CBAM proposal considering the current geopolitical context and the contents or global food security?
How to ensure that CBAM will cut emissions in the ED without relocating them globally?

LOCATION

### PANELLISTS

Pesquele De Micco, toonomic and Legal Analysis of Indirect. European Camin Interaction, Visio, Notice, European Contriputor Maria Spryaki MEP, Co-Char of the European Performent Inforgroup on Cimite Charge, Biodiversity and Sustainable Development. European Performance and Sustainable Development. European Performance and Sustainable Marianable Robust Manager Industry, Agora Europeanede Restainable Robust Manager Industry, Agora Europeanede Benjamin Denis, Senor Policy Adviser, IndustriAll Loc Haustermans, Head of EU Public Affairs and Industry

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### MODERATOR

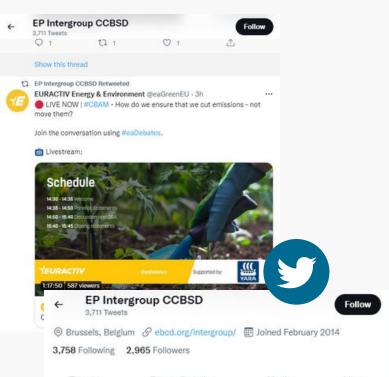
Dave Reating Journalist, SURACTIV

### SCHEDULE

14.30 - 14.35 Weburn 14:35 - 14:50 Panielist statements 14:50 - 15:40 Discussion and Q&A 15:40 - 15:45 Closing statements

### CONTACT

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Tweets Tweets & replies Media Likes

### 1] EP Intergroup CCBSD Retweeted

EURACTIV Energy & Environment @eaGreenEU - 3h In ITRE committee, we are proposing the extension of the administrative transition period by 1 year, from 2026 to 2027, says @MariaSpyraki, Co-Chair @EPIntergroup\_SD

#eaDebates



Maria Spyraki MEP and EP Intergroup CCBSI





Small farmers: The unsung heroes of the Ukraine war The war in Ukraine has thrown up concerns over food security, both in the war-torn country and elsewhere in the world. But the key to ...



# Our media solutions / Product categories

### Editorial Content

- Special Report
- Event Report
- Policy Topic
- European Special Report
- The Capitals Special Edition

### Policy Events

- Virtual Conference
- Hybrid Conference
- Stakeholder Workshop
- Stakeholder Forum
- Event Media Partnerships

- Event Video
- Explainer Video
- Thought

Interview

- Data Visualisations





### Multimedia

- Leadership
- Under Pressure

### Advertising

- Promoted Opinion
- Banner Ads
- Newsletter Sponsorship
- Tweets of the Week

### Clients we have worked with





