

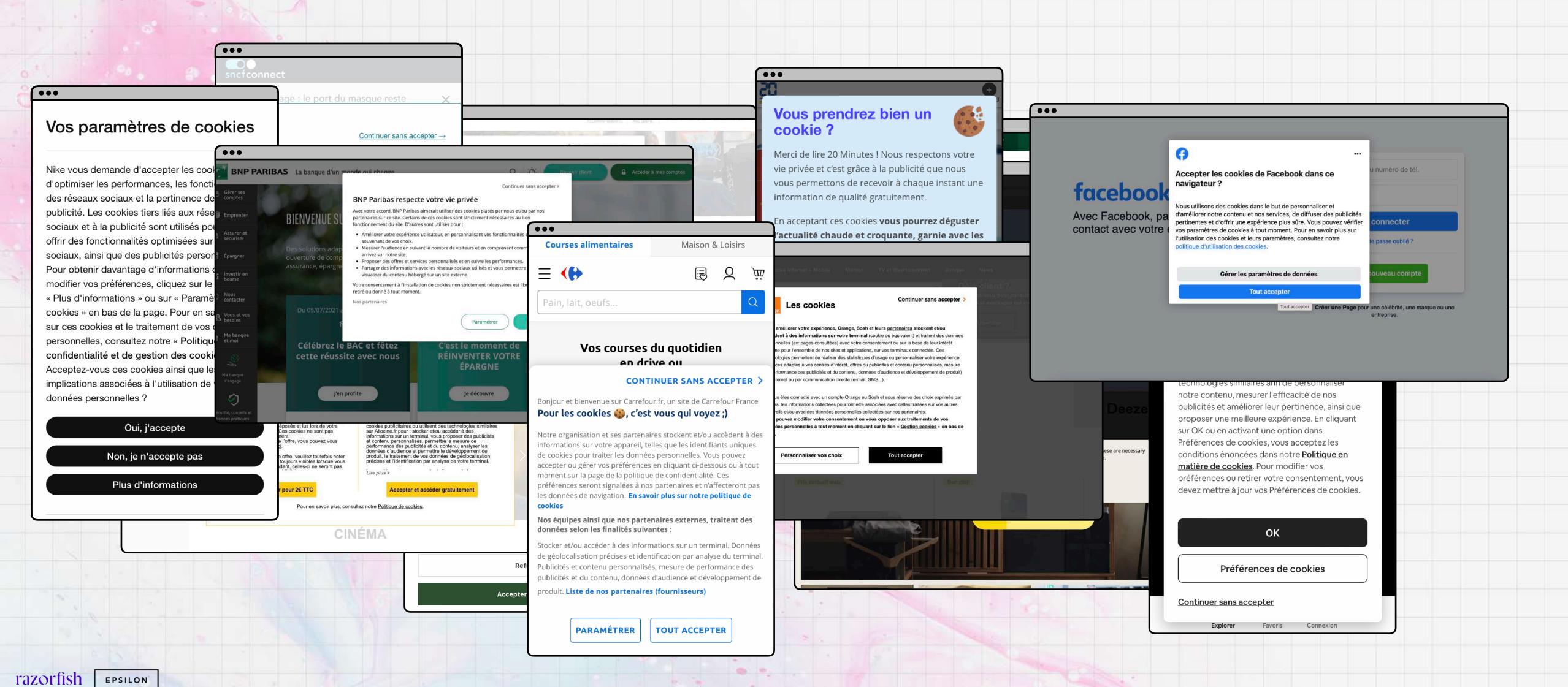
Does accepting mean consenting?

downloading...

razorfish

EPSILON

#### A typical digital experience, today



#### A burning issue at the heart of the news

#### For legislators

From isolated initiatives to a proliferation of regulations around the world

around the world

### For inspection authorities

From a control sometimes judged too shy, to a coordinated, dissuasive, even punitive force when necessary

#### For the GAFAs

From cookies as *shadow enablers* to eprivacy as a marketing asset



#### And at the heart of people's daily lives

.C



The only way for them to take part in this expert discussion about THEIR own privacy is to click on "accept", "decline", "set" on the consent banners.



## We decided to put users back at the forefront of our discussions

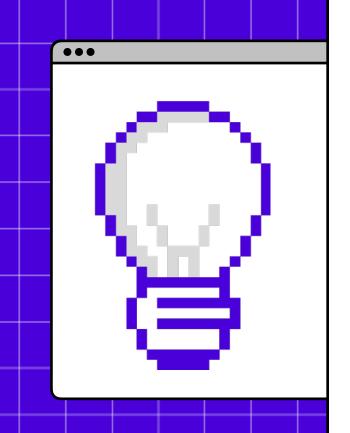
1. French users towards cookie banners

- + How do they perceive cookie banners?
- + How do they interact with them ?
- What do they understand about it ?
- What choices do they make ?
- What do they really consent to when they accept?

2. How brands should adapt

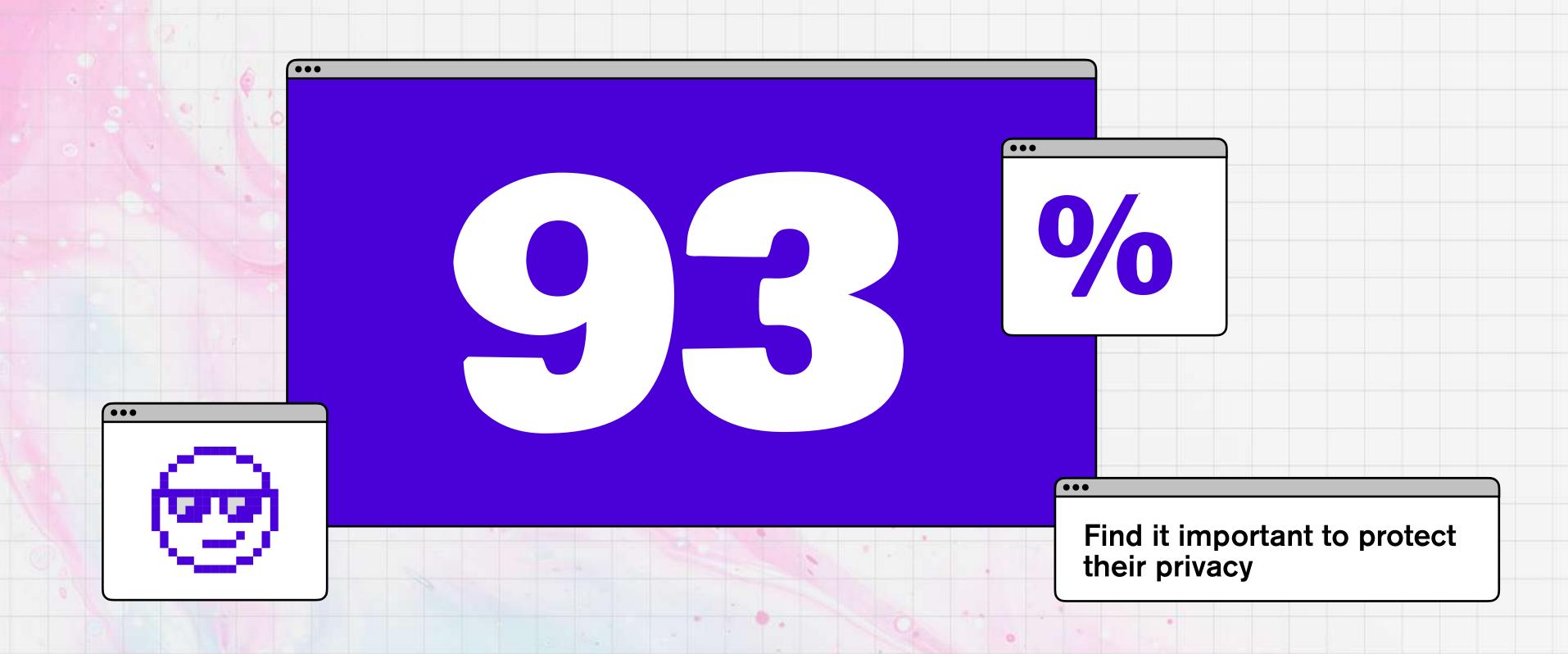
+ How can brands continue to thrive in the era of informed consent?

A quantitative study of 1000 French people
A social listening analyses of 4000 tweets



## French users towards cookie banners

## Protecting their privacy is a priority



Q01) The following sentences describe different opinions and/or values. There is no right or wrong answer, only your opinion counts (n=1000) (Total Agreement): The most important thing for me is to protect my privacy

They show a lack of trust, even defiance,

in the institutions that protect them

80%

are concerned about the protection of the data they share (1)

60% fear that private companies

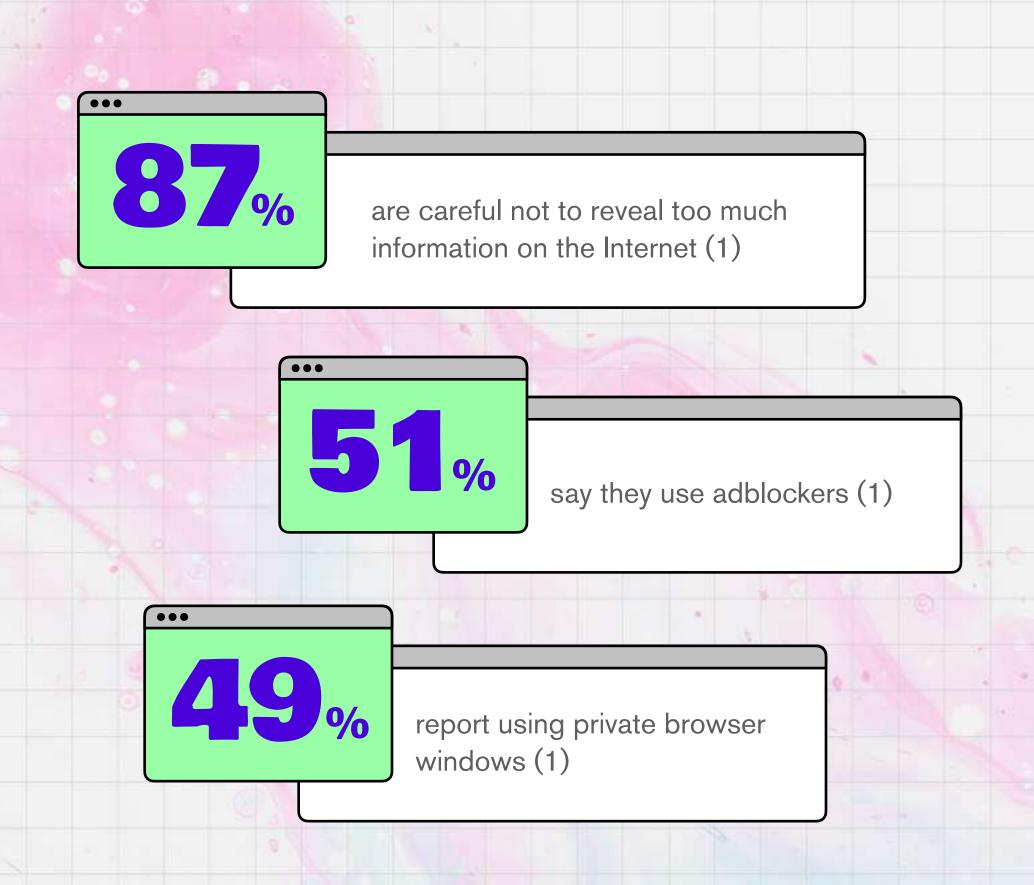
will control the country (2)

think that the legislation regarding data sharing does not really protect them (2)

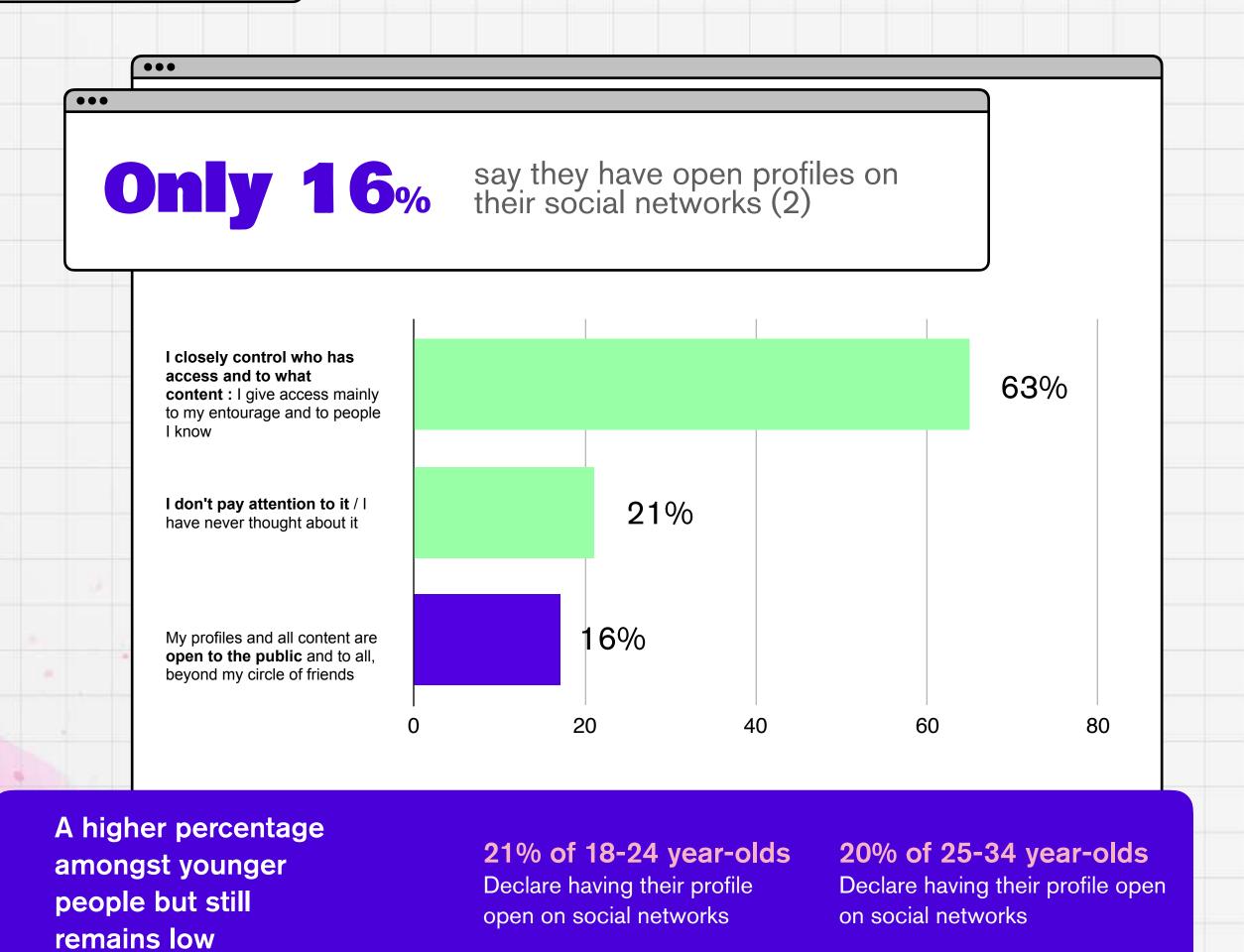
do not think they have control over their data (2)

(1) Q04) Here are some statements about internet browsing habits. Please indicate your level of agreement. (n=1000) (Total Agreement): I am concerned about the protection of my personal info that I share on the internet. (2) Q01) The following sentences describe different opinions and/or values. There is no right or wrong answer, only your opinion counts (n=1000): I am concerned that private companies will control our country (Total Agreement); I think the current legislation regarding data sharing protects me (Total Disagree); (Total Disagree) I think I have control over my data.

## They adopt alternative behaviors to protect themselves

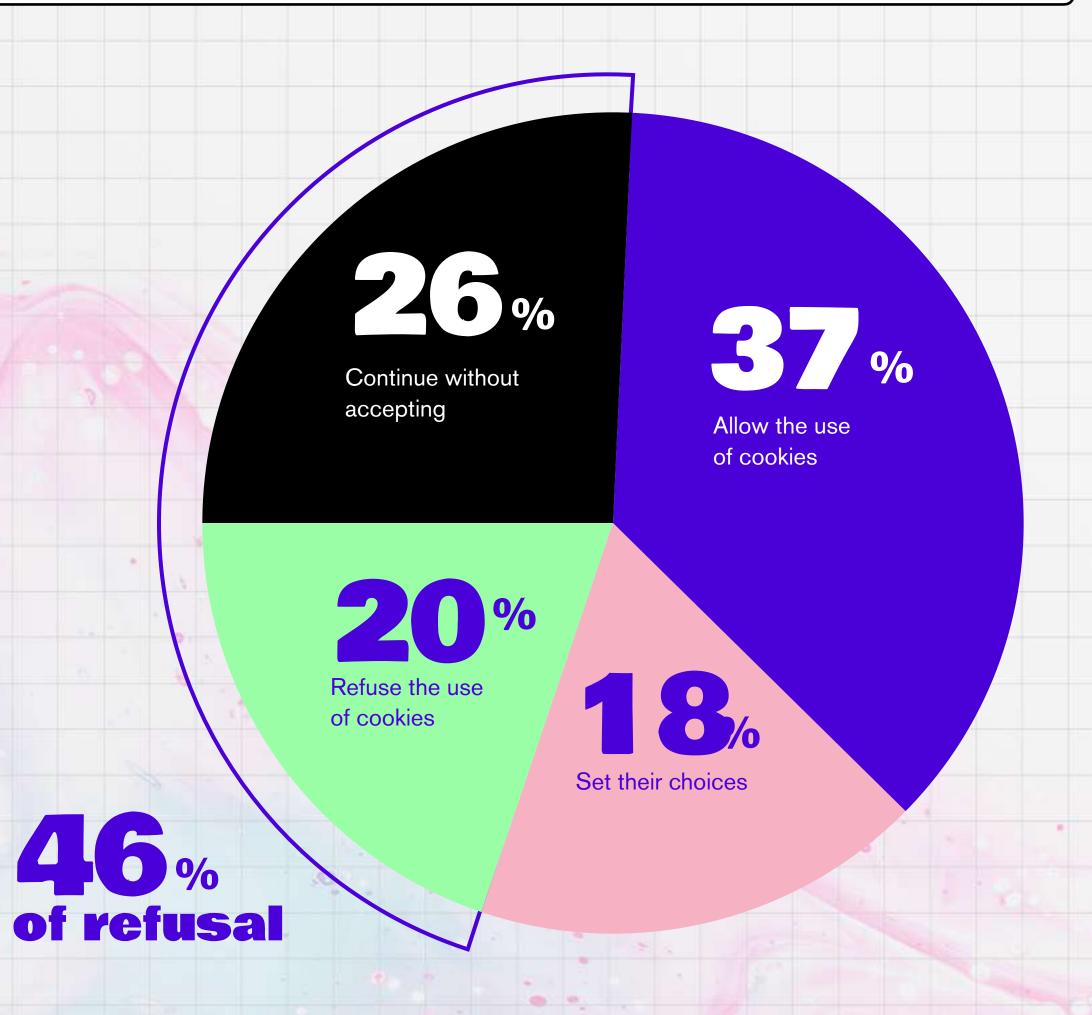


Q04) Internet browsing habits. Please indicate your level of agreement (n=1000): I am careful not to give out too much personal information on the Internet (Total Agreement); I use an "ad blocker" to block advertisements on the Internet (Total Agreement); I use private browsing windows when I am on the Internet (Total Agreement)

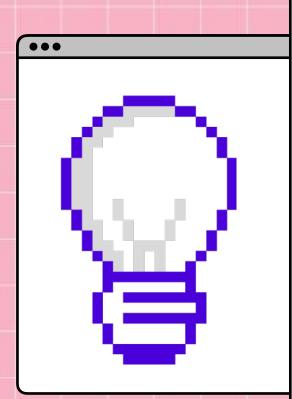


Q07) Most often, how do you manage access and visibility of your profile on your social networks? (n = 1000)

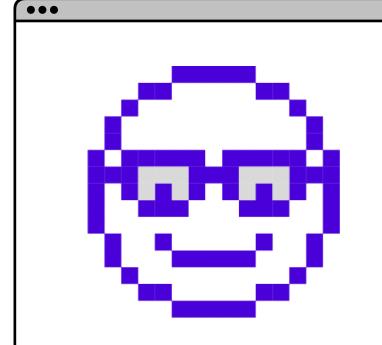
## This is visible in the choices they make regarding their cookie usage



Q18) Generally, what choice do you make when a cookie sharing permission banner appears on your screen? (n = 1000) Analysis of the user journey, from the banner's visibility



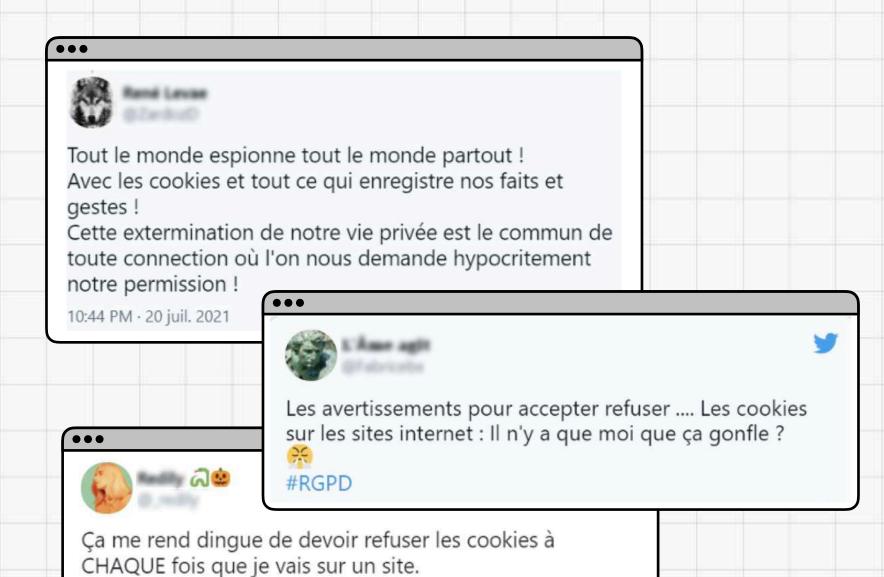




## With cookie banners, French users share a "love-hate relationship »

#### An irritating banner

A large part of the analyzed tweets about cookies mention the digital pollution they represent

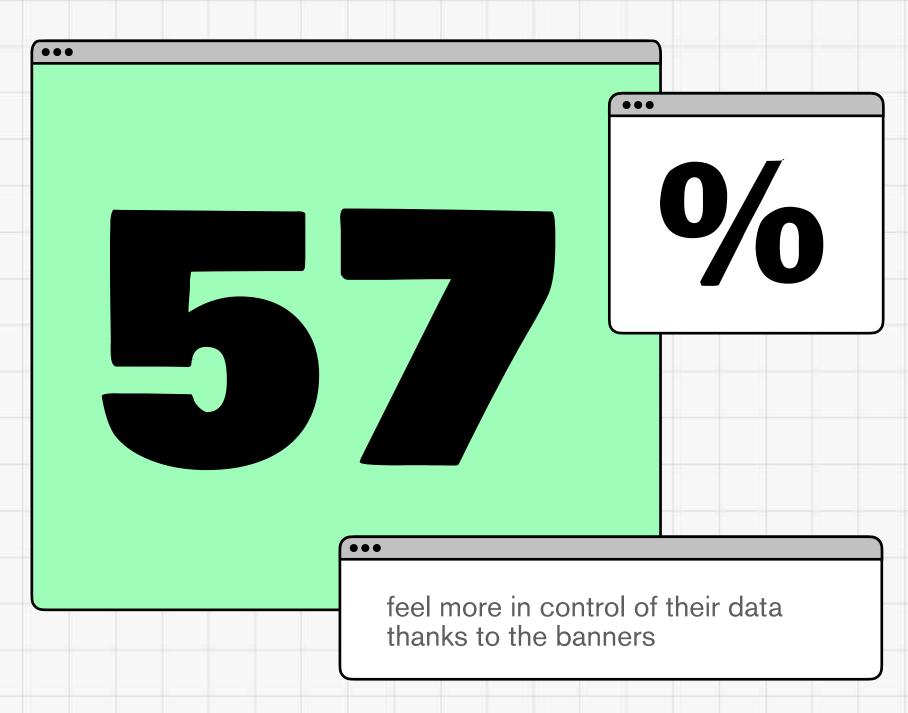


Social listening tools: Brandwatch, 2021

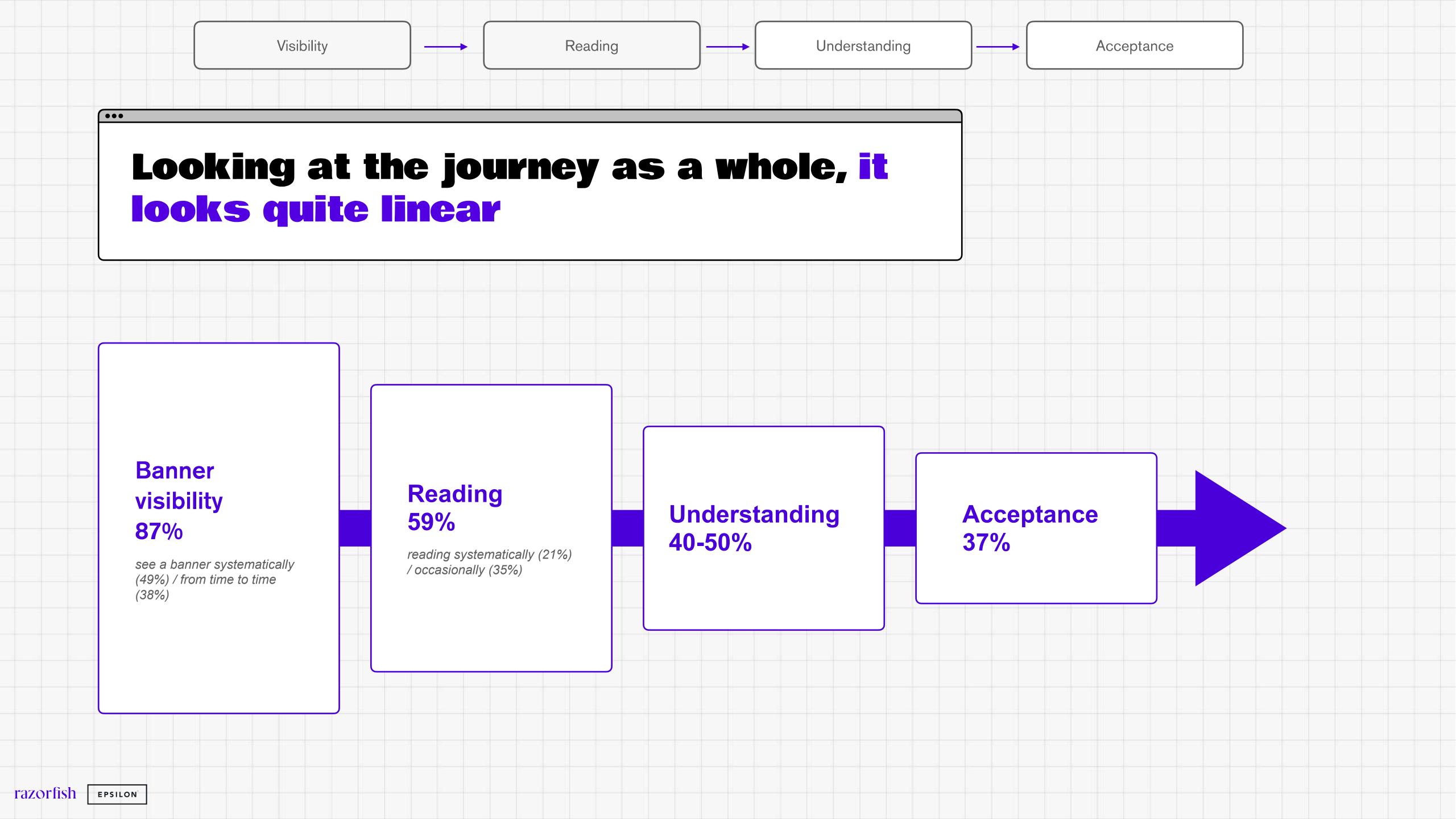
fois, jamais je revois la fenêtre 💀

Par contre, si j'ai le malheur de missclick en acceptant une

#### Yet a feeling of control

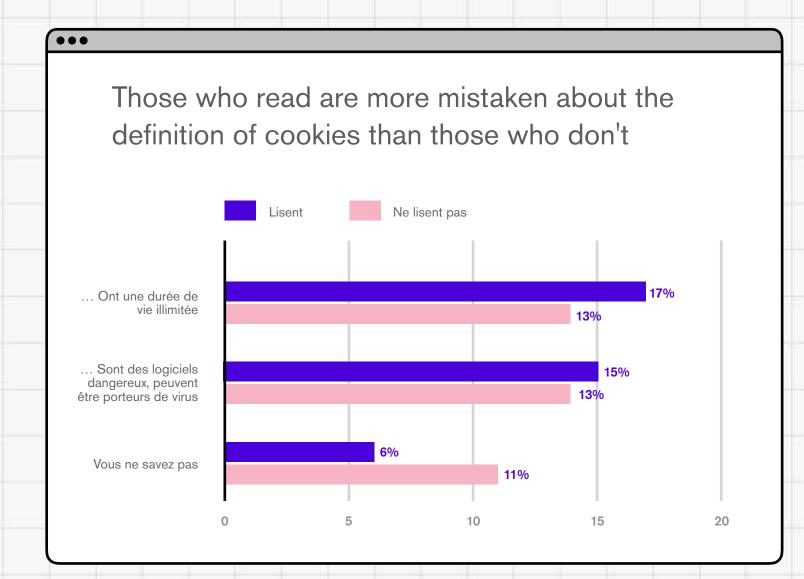


Q29) When I accept or decline cookies, I feel in full control of my privacy and data sharing (n = 1000) (Total Agreement)



#### But it is filled with friction points

#### Reading does not mean a better understanding



Q13) Which of the following statements do you think best defines what Internet cookies are? There are no right or wrong answers, only your opinion. Multiple answers possible. (n=557) Among people who always or occasionally read the banners. (n=393) Among people who rarely to never read the banners.

#### Reading does not necessarily encourage acceptance

Acceptance by those who read it: 36%

Acceptance by those who do not read it: 39%

Q18) Generally, what choice do you make when a cookie permission banner appears on your screen? (n=557) Among those who always or occasionally read the banners. (n=393) Among people who rarely to never read the banners.

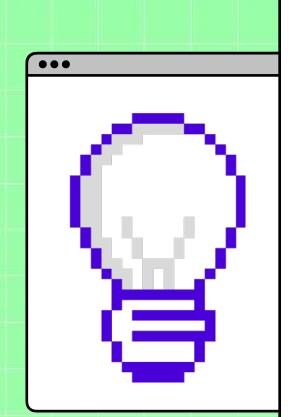
#### Understanding does not mean mean accepting more

Those who give an exact definition\* of cookies accept as much as they refuse :

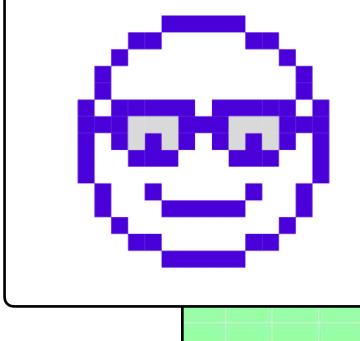
Acceptance of those who understand: 32%

Refusal of those who understand: 31%

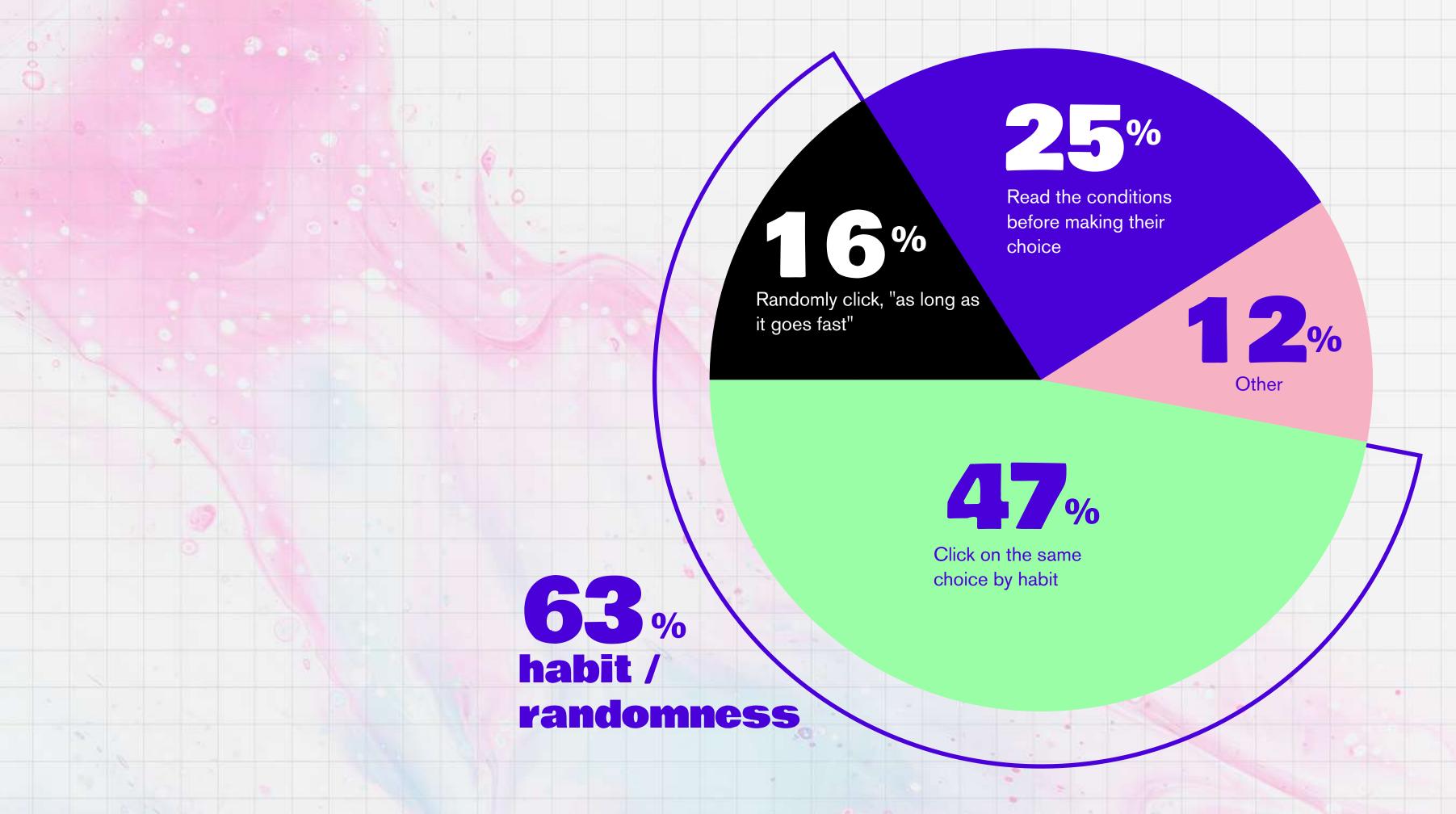
Q18) Generally, what choice do you make when a cookie permission banner appears on your screen? (n=300) Among those who chose the answer "...are text files that are saved by the browser on the hard drive when you go online" to the question "Which statements below do you think best define what Internet cookies are? Multiple answers possible."



## Let's take a look at the motivations guiding their choices

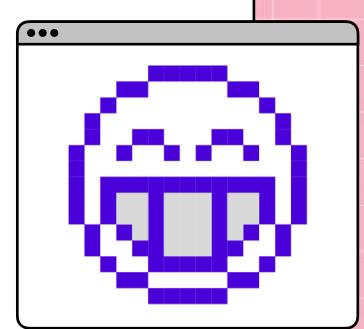


## For more than half of the French people, decision making is an automatic process



## Those who refuse have clear motivations

Private life Marketing Opacity



43%

•••

Do not want their privacy invaded

42%

Do not want to receive ads

42%

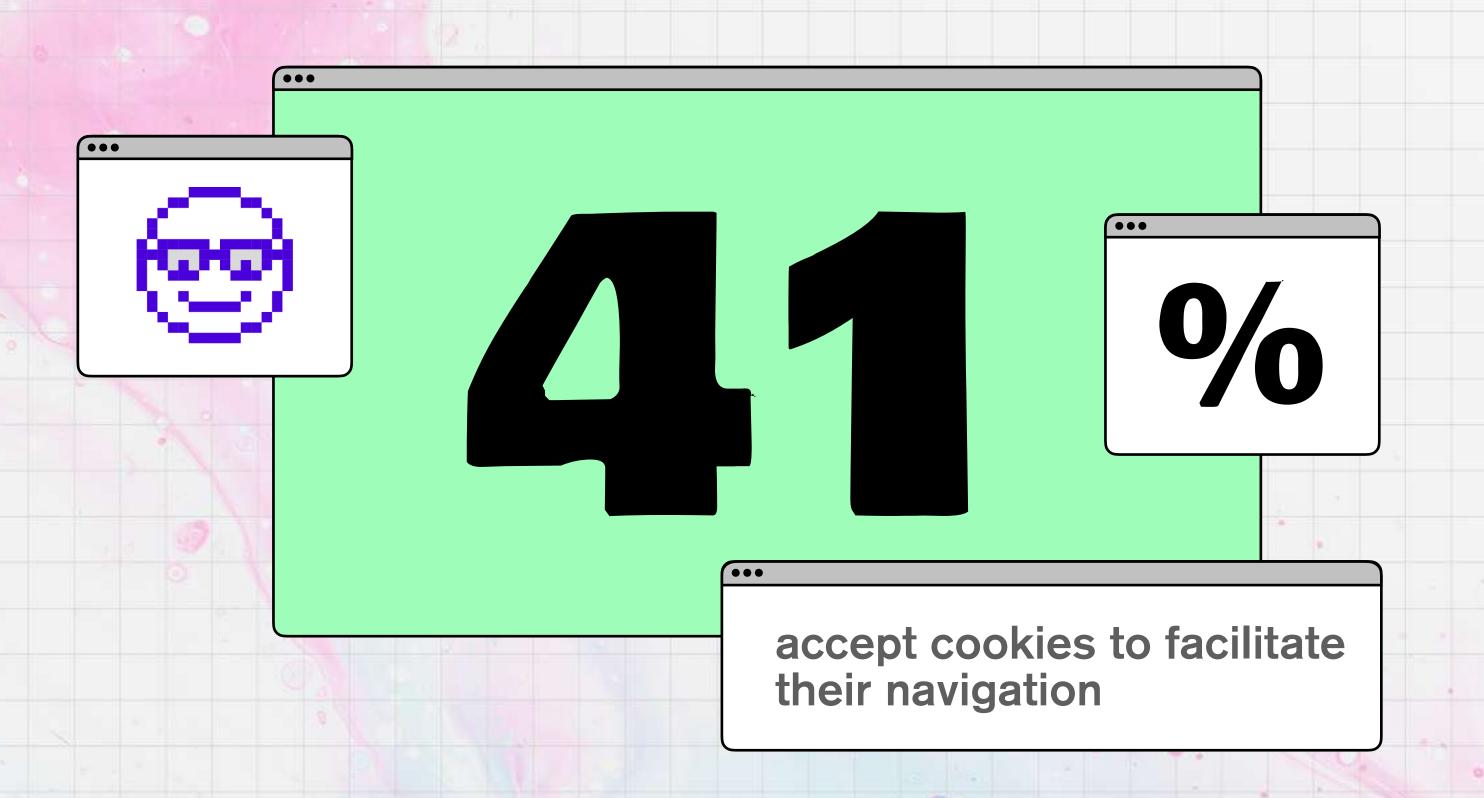
Are not interested in sharing their data for marketing or statistical purposes 38%

Do not know what is done with their information

270/0
Want to keep some visits private

(1) Q04) Here are some statements about internet browsing habits. Please indicate your level of agreement. (n=1000) (Total Agreement): I am concerned about the protection of my personal info that I share on the internet. (2) Q01) The following sentences describe different opinions and/or values. There is no right or wrong answer, only your opinion counts (n=1000): I am concerned that private companies will control our country (Total Agreement); I think the current legislation regarding data sharing protects me (Total Disagree); (Total Disagree) I think I have control over my data.

## The first reason why they accept is the desire to ease their visits



#### "We accept to make the window go away and browse peacefully."

Citation panel

65% of those surveyed who agree to the use of their personal data online admit that they have already agreed to the deposit of a tracker without fully agreeing to it, either for convenience or because they did not know how to refuse.

CNIL survey, 2019

Q21) For what reasons do you agree to share your personal data? Multiple responses possible. (n=365) Among those who agree to share their cookies. Top 1 answer

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Beyond comfort, brand affinity, trust and frequency of visit seem to have a significant impact

41%

•••

wish to facilitate their browsing on the Interne

34%

say they accept because they like and trust the brand and the website 27%

accept because it is a website they visit frequently

16%

Accept because of the trust generated by the request

"as long as the website asks me, I accept in confidence".

15%

Accept because it is important for some websites, it allows them to exist

Q21) For what reasons do you agree to share your personal data? Multiple responses possible. (n=365) Among those who agree to share their cookies. Top 3 responses

A third factor seems to influence their choices: the national origin of brands

trust French brands more than foreign ones

say they are more concerned about GAFAs than other companies

Q22) Here are some statements about Internet cookie behavior and privacy. Please indicate your level of agreement (n=365) With people agreeing to share their cookies.

Answers to: Regarding the respect of my digital privacy, I trust French brands more than foreign brands (especially American ones); Regarding the respect of my digital privacy and my personal data, GAFA (Google, Amazon, Facebook, Apple...) worry me more than other companies)

•••

## French citizens are beginning to perceive the financial value of their data

34%

•••

would accept in exchange for discounts

33%

would accept in exchange for an ad-free experience

25%

would accept in exchange for exclusive services

**26%** 

nothing would do

**NOTE 1**: in France, personal data are not transferable.

NOTE 2: Some editors make access to their content conditional on the acceptance of cookies or in exchange for a fee.

Q26) What benefits might make you want to agree to share your personal data via Internet cookies? Multiple responses possible. (n=1000) Top 4 answers: Additional promotions on products; A visit to the site without advertising; Access to exclusive services (free delivery, extended warranty...); Nothing.

#### Among those who customize, not all cookies generate the same level of consent, with thirdparty cookies falling at the bottom of the list.

Cookies required for the proper functioning of the experience

Cookies related to performance

Native cookies

measurement

Native / third party cookies

**50%** 

Cookies for content personalization

Third-party cookies

43%

Cookies related to targeted advertising

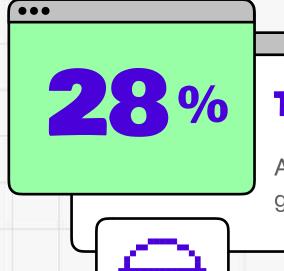
Q23) When you set your choices, what activities do you typically allow or disallow? Mandatory choice for each proposition between "I accept" or "I refuse" (n=181) Among people setting their cookie sharing.

#### 5 segments identified

26 % TI Recount fas

#### The inflexible

Refuses to share data simply out of habit and because it's faster Chooses by automatism / speed



#### **The opportunist**

Allows by habit or because it goes fast

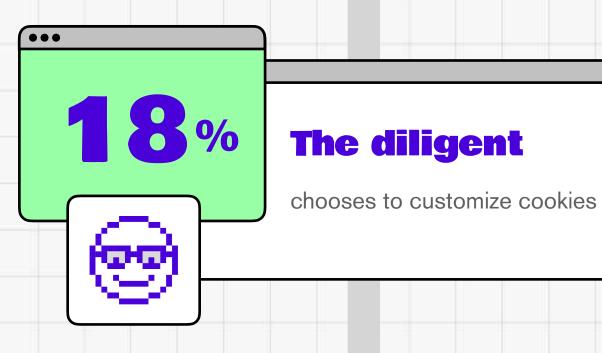
Refuses cookies

•••

20%

#### The skeptical

Refuses after reading the conditions in order to apply a conscientious choice or out of curiosity



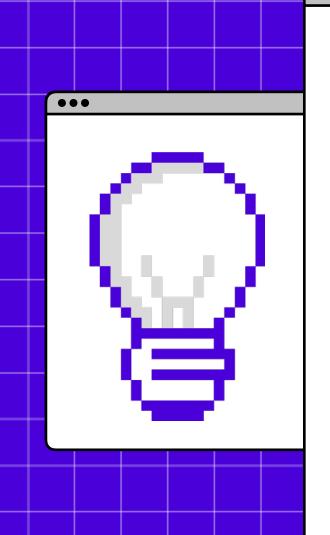
(3)

Accepts cookies

#### The caring

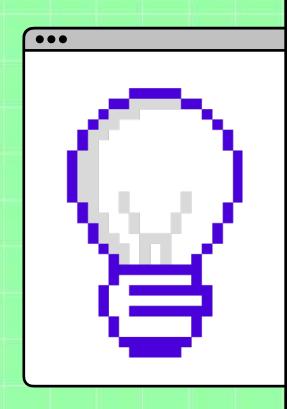
allows after reading the conditions in order to apply a conscientious choice or out of curiosity

Conscientious choice /
Reading the banners /
Curiosity



# What impact for brands

Which cookie banners for my websites?



## Make the banner a lever of trust and commitment

#### Attention

The following examples are only **inspiration** for consent banners optimization.

They are not legal recommendations. As we will see, not all of them are in full compliance with the CNIL recommendations.

Moreover, it is not excluded that future measures will be taken to homogenize banner practices, even if for the moment, our range of practices is still wide.

## 4 pillars for more engaging cookie banners



#### **Pedagogy**

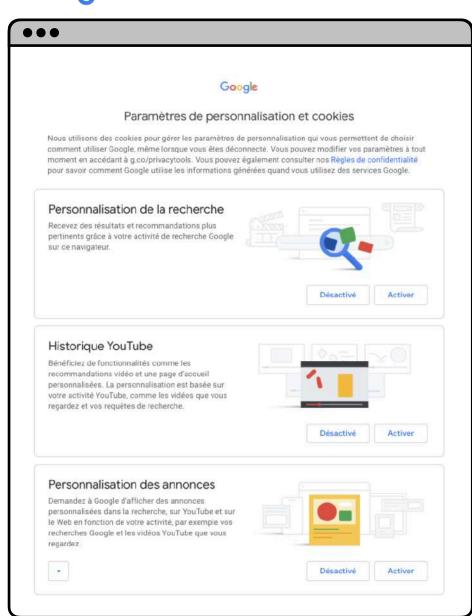
Settings

Creativity

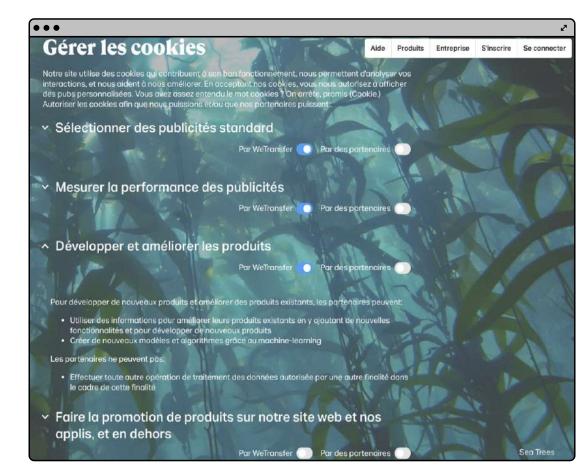


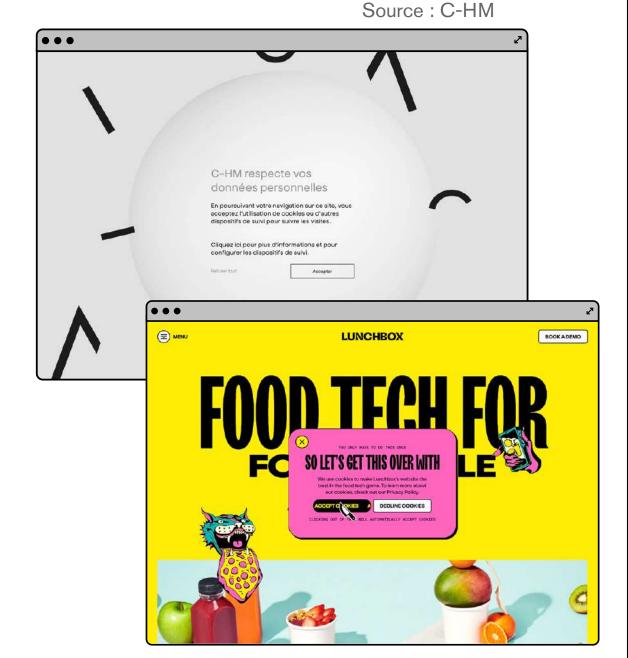






#### WeTransfer

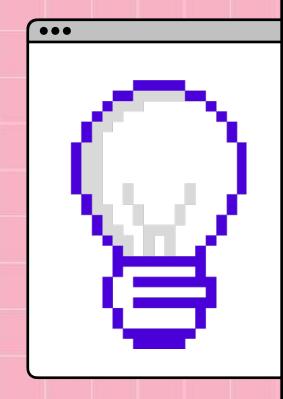




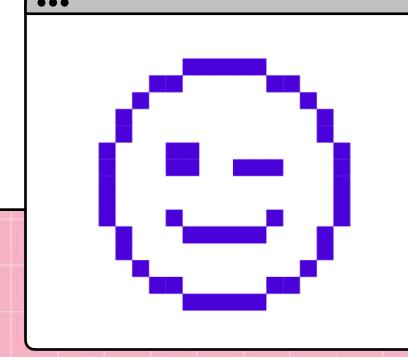
Source : Lunchbox

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How do I keep measuring my websites performance?



# Evaluate analytical tools under a new prism



## 2 questions arise regarding performance measurement : 2 different subjects, not directly related

### A. CNIL's exemption

Regain the exhaustivity of statistical performances with consent-exempt solutions

#### **B. CNIL's order**

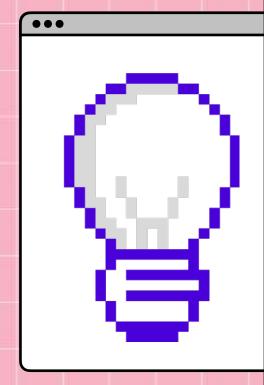
Respond to the potential risks of CNIL sanctions and orders, for managers using Google Analytics

## Think about the most appropriate solution(s) to choose with your performance and legal teams

#### **Discussion highlights**

- Consent exemption (100% of visits analyzed)
- Easy connection to other tools currently used or native ecosystem (Technology Marketing stack, AB testing tool, AdServer, native dashboarding...)
- Handling and intuitiveness of the interface
- Financial investments (price, business model...)
- Community and support...

What future for my digital marketing in a world without third-party cookies?



# Renew your digital value proposition to deserve users' consent

## With the end of third-party cookies, usages and consent will go through a combination of cookies first & persistent unique identifiers

#### **Today**

Cookies 3rd party

The industry will go from a 3rd party cookie identifier that could be exchanged and synchronized between technologies to...

#### **Tomorrow**

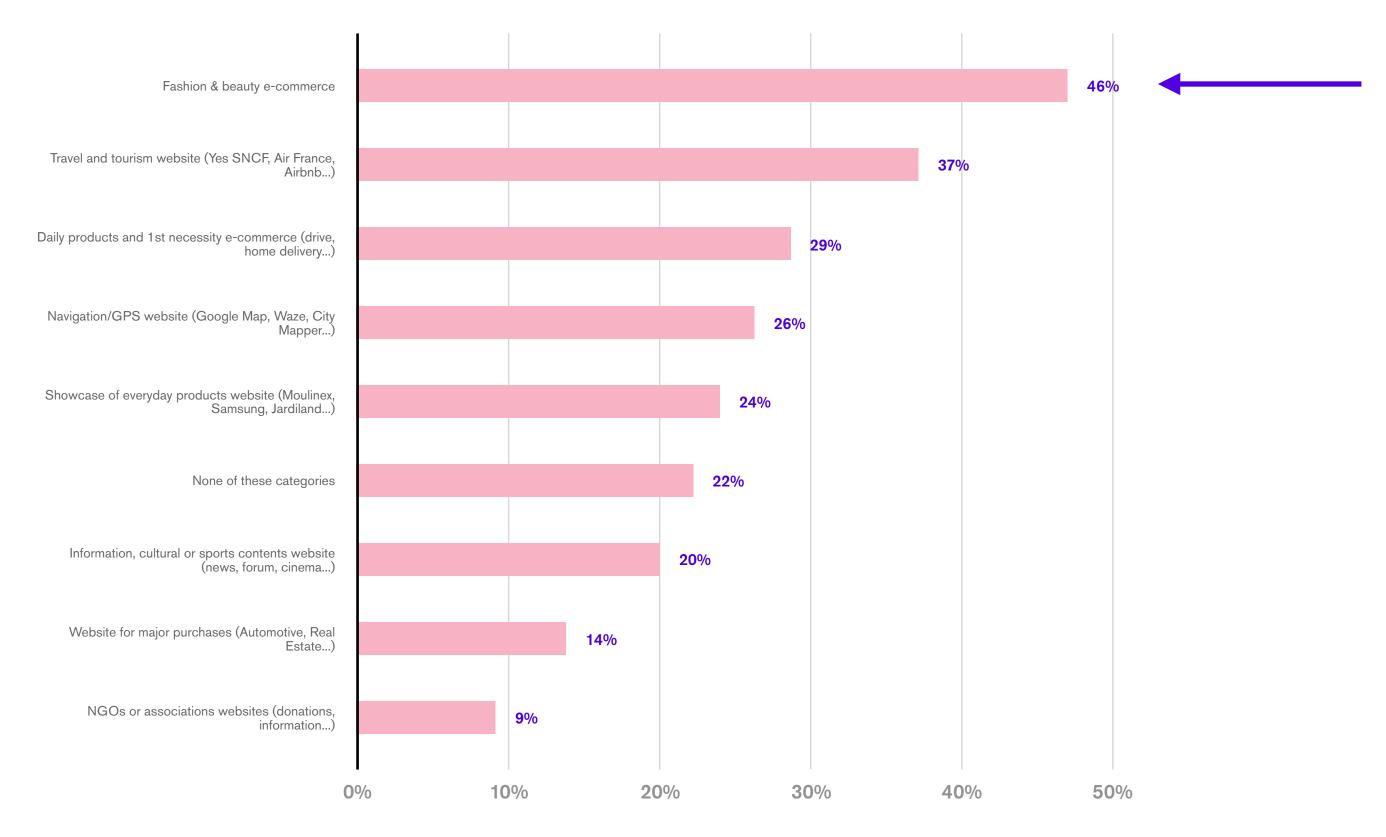
Cookies 1st party

@
Persistant
Identifiers

... a combination of identifiers between 1st party cookies and an individual persistent identifier: the Email.

Consumers are not ready to give-up their email to any brand, to any website...

Today, only e-commerce sites seem to be doing it well.

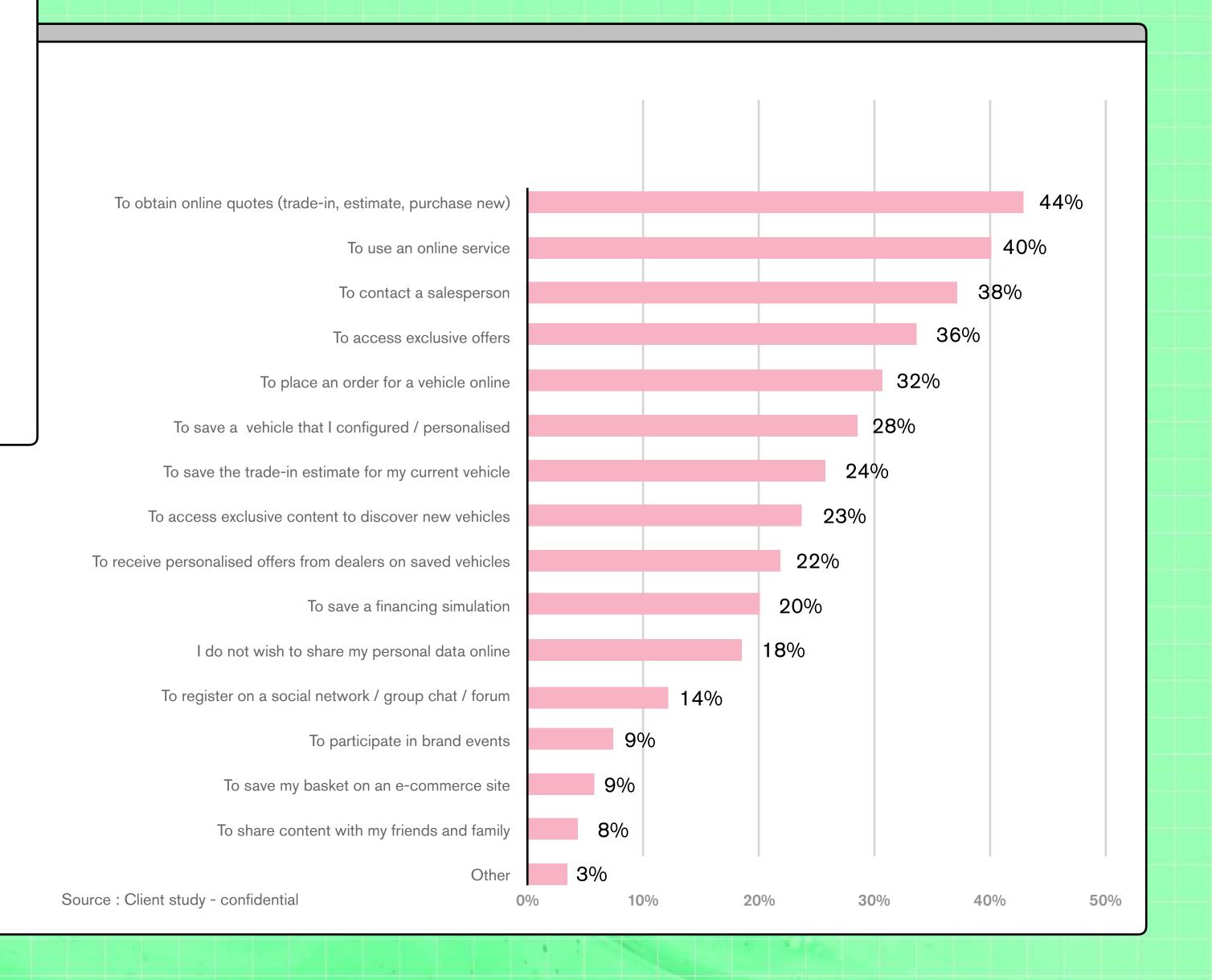


Q30) For which categories have you already created a personal account, on your own initiative i.e. without any obligation from a site, to access content? Several answers are possible.

A according to our audiences, some services are more deserving than others when it comes to consent and data sharing

Which services would you be more willing to share your personal information with (before purchase)?

Automotive market focus



To identify these services, we have an arsenal of first party data at our disposal.

But this data is still highly siloed by department and disconnected from digital creativity.

#### Marketing

- Studies
- → Business results

#### Digital

- SEO
- → Social data
- → User tests
- → WebA

#### i Market intel.

- → Quanti/quali
- ♦ Ethnos

#### CRM

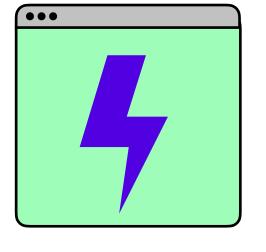
Customer data

#### Retail

Shopping behaviors

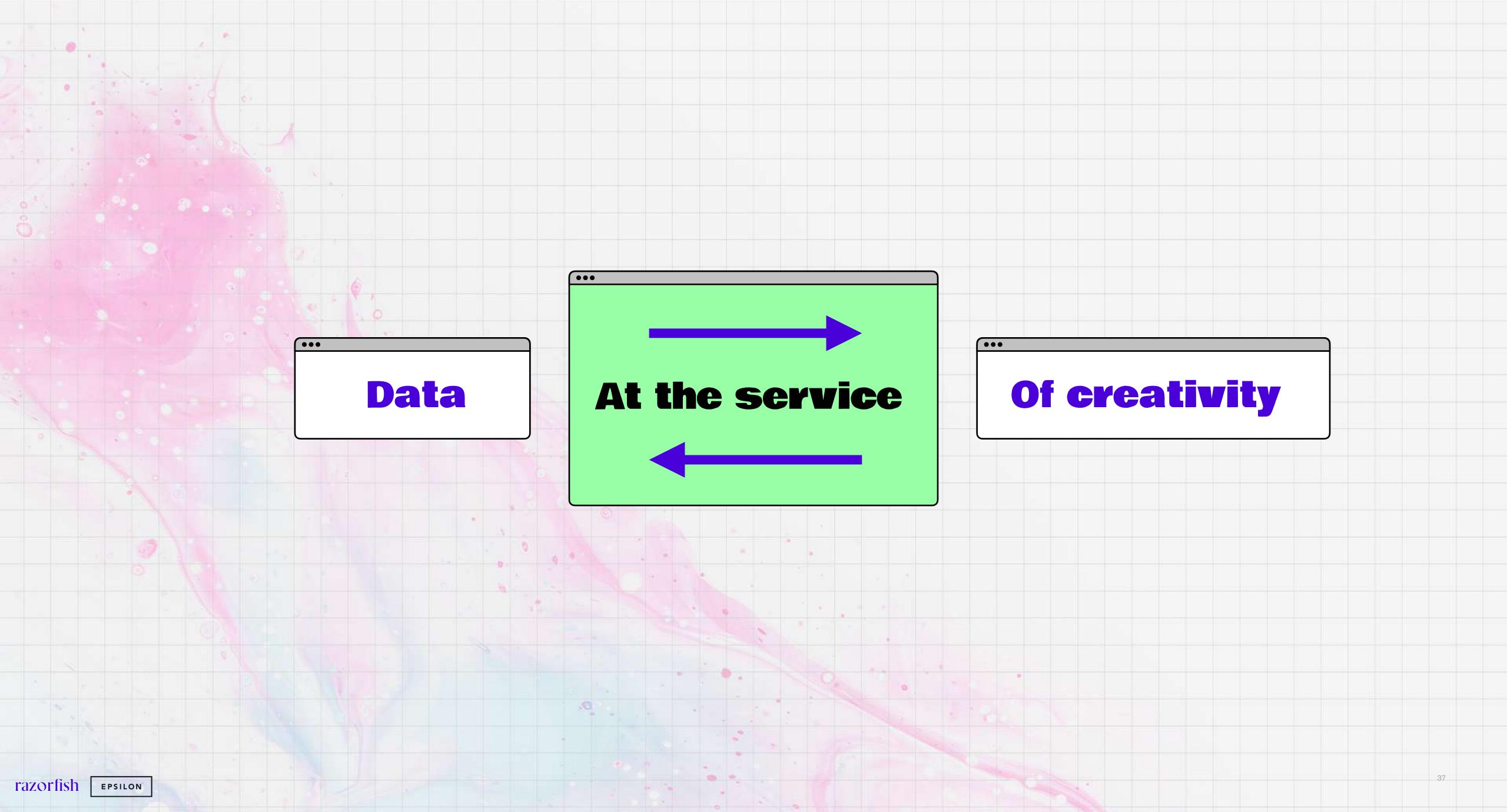
#### **Aftersales**

- Call centers
- → Chats
- Chatbots



Digital creativity

Of creativity At the service Data razorfish



For more informations, please contact: marketing@razorfish.fr