

Greening Government: Leading by Example OECD Global Infrastructure Forum October 12, 2022 The Greening Government Initiative (GGI) supports governments globally achieve their own national objectives

The first **global community of practice** for leaders working to green government operations

Emphasis on Governments Leading by Example

GGI enables formal and informal, **international cooperative opportunities to support and accelerate government actions** to help achieve NDCs.

Currently co-led by United States and Canada (Rotating leadership in future)



### **Greening Government Initiative**

A platform for country representatives to:



Share information and best practices

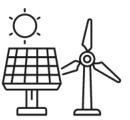


Showcase innovation and success



Develop collaborative relationships

### Collaborating to address issues such as:



Increasing use of renewable energy



Transitioning gov't fleets to zero-emission vehicles



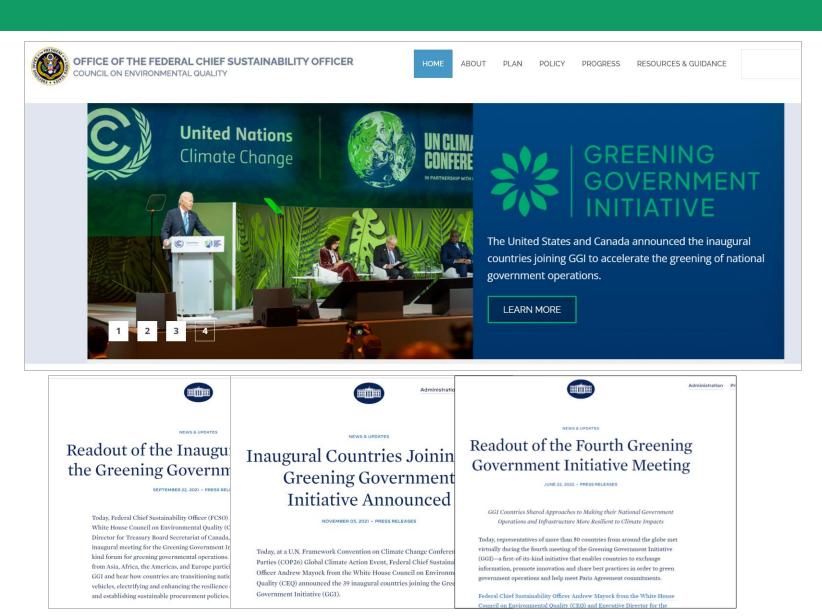
Establishing sustainable procurement strategies

## GGI supports governments globally achieve their own greening government targets, in furtherance of NDCs

#### Support & accelerate national greening government efforts by:

- Providing supportive community of international peers for government sustainability officials
- Creating momentum through shared public understanding of criticality of greening government efforts, international stage to feature accomplishments
- Leveraging solutions, best practices and lessons learnt from other nations' successes/experiences
- Leveraging scale to drive industry cooperation and affordable solutions

#### GGI was announced at the Leaders' Summit and has held several highprofile events since



"Recognising the **importance of public action**, we commit to being at the forefront of a global effort working towards **fully aligning government action** with our climate, energy, biodiversity and other environmental objectives, including by greening our public procurement in line with SDG 12.7 and collaborating via the **Greening Government Initiative**."

> - 2022 G7 Climate, Energy and Environment Ministers' Communiqué

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Leading by Example: Greening Governments, UN and other Public Sector Organizations

# One year in, GGI has 44 official country participants, and the list is growing



1. Participants defined as those that have endorsed the GGI Concept Note

### **Quarterly GGI Events and Presenting Countries**

Meeting Date	Themes	Countries	
January 19, 2022	Green Public Procurement	Austria	
		Curacao	
		United Kingdom	
April 20, 2022 (Earth Day Week)	Carbon-free electricity for government operations	Finland	
		Japan	
		Malawi	
June 22, 2022	Climate adaptation and resilience of government assets and operations	Jordan	
		United Kingdom	
		United States	
September 20, 2022 (UNGA/ Climate Week)	Government fleet and mobility	Israel	X
		Norway	
		Canada	4
Week of January 23, 2023 (TBC)	Sustainable Government Facilities	Morocco	<del>ر</del>
		Singapore	
		Switzerland	

Recordings of past GGI events available on request

## Countries become official GGI participants by endorsing the GGI Concept Note

GGI participation does not require membership, financial commitments, or sector commitments

#### Participating governments should:

- Endorse the GGI Concept Note
- Identify a primary point of contact for GGI: an official with a senior role for policy or implementation of sustainable national government operations
- Participate in quarterly meetings
- Share their experiences, through presentations or other forms of communication, and be part of the community of practice

GGI Concept Note: <a href="https://www.sustainability.gov/pdfs/ggi-concept-note.pdf">https://www.sustainability.gov/pdfs/ggi-concept-note.pdf</a>

### Executive Order 14057 and the Federal Sustainability Plan

### Carbon-free Buildings



# The new sustainability plan places Federal operations on track for net zero emissions by 2050



### The plan focuses on making the 2020s a decade of action that starts now



Net-zero emissions buildings serve as a strategic foundation for emissions reduction



Achieve a net-zero emissions building portfolio by 2045

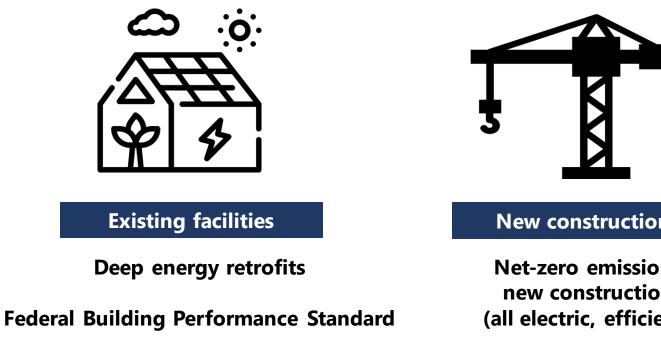


Prioritize energy efficiency and elimination of onsite fossil fuel use 50% GHG emissions reduction by 2032 from 2008 levels



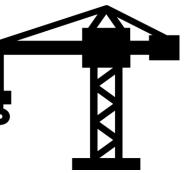
Edith Green-Wendell Wyatt Federal Building; Portland, Oregon

### The plan provides a comprehensive framework, targeting multiple intervention points



**Performance contracting** 

Increasing energy and water efficiency



#### **New construction**

**Net-zero** emissions new construction (all electric, efficient)



#### Leased spaces

Leasing space in net-zero emission buildings

Green leases, reporting

\*Cross-Cutting Enabler: Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings

Case examples: Governments Leading by Example Germany's Federal Climate Change Act defines carbon neutrality for federal government operations by 2030 (incl. offsets). All ministries already source renewable energy and prioritize energy efficiency of buildings; at least 50% of government vehicles shall be hybrid or electric by 2025; and a new regulation for procuring climate friendly goods and services came into force in January 2022. The government also established a Coordination Unit to advise on implementation to ministries and agencies, and Innovation Teams disseminate best practices.

Sweden seeks a negative carbon footprint by 2045. Government authorities systematically use environmental management systems, and green procurement is a centerpiece of this strategy. The Swedish Environmental Protection Agency coordinates greening government efforts. Every government authority is expected to reduce the environmental impact of public procurements, follow up and report on progress to the national government.

In Morocco, the greening government program is part of the **national sustainable development strategy** championed by the King, and contributes to the country's NDCs. All ministries have a **strategy for green government operations** that includes **renewable energy**, **energy efficient buildings**, **sustainable mobility including electric and hybrid vehicles** for the government fleet, and **green technology** for the government. The **Moroccan Agency for Energy Efficiency** coordinates green government efforts.





Japan plans to procure at least 60% of the electricity used in government operations from renewable energy by 2030, an increase from the current 25%. The national government aims to install solar on 50% or more of government building by the same date, an increase from the current rate of 2%.



Case Examples: Carbon-Free Electricity





Finland procures renewable energy through a unique nonprofit limited company, Hansel Oy. It procures roughly 1 TWh through initiatives that include purchasing environmental attributes. Currently Hansel is considering a wind power purchase agreement (PPA).

Malawi has developed an Integrated Resource Plan (2017-2037) to facilitate energy sector investments in carbon-free electricity and take advantage of Malawi's rich renewable generation potential. The government is working to increase adoption of renewable energy sources, including through enhanced green procurement efforts.







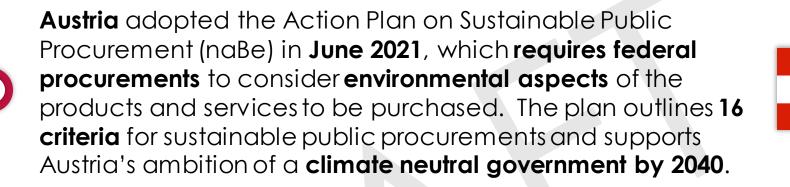
### **THANK YOU!**





Case Examples: Green Public Procurement





**Curaçao** formed the **Curaçao Sustainability Coalition (CSC)** that convenes public and private sector stakeholders to advance green public procurement. The government adheres to **Environmental**, **Social and Governance (ESG) principles** in its procurements.

The United Kingdom requires all suppliers bidding for major public contracts worth more than £5 million to commit to Net Zero by 2050 and disclose their GHG emissions or face deselection from the public procurement process.



