

MuseARTa®

Art on socks in a way never seen before.

René Magritte

The Art of Living.



Private Collection



magnette

An unidentifiable figure, made up of two contrasting parts, a body dressed in the most anonymous manner, on which instead of a head floats an enormous orange sphere with a stylised face expressing standard vacuity, like the dress: this is the art of living, of one who knows how to disappear into the environment, a single individual, but also part of a larger whole in which he or she is dissolved.

Surrealism



RM-AL-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

René Magritte

Sky Bird



4

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection



© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

The Sky Bird, created specifically as a symbol for the Belgian national airline Sabena in 1965, is one of the artist's last works before his death: a significant tribute to a life dedicated to art, but also the melancholy image of an animal in the last leg of its journey. EU 36 - 40 EU 4 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6 US 6 - 9 US 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

RM-SB-11 Blue

René Magritte

The Pilgrim



-

magnette

Private Collection

This artwork is called the Pilgrim and was created in 1966 this artwork makes me feel uncomfortable since there is a floating head and as if there is an invisible man standing next to it but i think that René Magritte was aiming for an uncomfortable vibe in his painting for his viewers.

2.00



5



EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AF

René Magritte

Decalcomania

Surrealism

6

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection



Decalcomania is a 1966 painting by René Magritte. Decalcomania is often shortened today to decal. A bourgeois "little man" is standing looking away from the viewer, with his typical bowler hat and black trench coat. A curtain has a cut out of this man next to him, which shows the background a beach and ocean.

14	RM-DE-01 Black

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

René Magritte

The Blank Signature



magnette

One of the paintings completed near the end of Magritte's life was The Blank Signature in 1965. The painting also goes by the name Le Blanc Seing and La Carte Blanche. Magritte's paintings are often illogical and play with the viewer's mind. What stands out about The Blank Signature is that it literally is illogical and inconsistent because it is an optical illusion.



83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

RM-BS-01 Green

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

National Gallery of Art, Washington, T.C.

The National Gallery of Art, one of the richest art museums in the world, houses the most important art gallery in the United States: it is made up of two buildings, whose vast exhibition area has allowed the artworks to be exhibited in order to optimize their vision, according to the most modern museological criteria.

Surrealism

René Magritte

Man in a Bowler Hat

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection



© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

Magritte used the image of a man wearing a bowler hat in several of his paintings. This painting is perhaps not as well known as other paintings by Magritte, nevertheless, it is easily identified as a painting by Magritte and recalls the well known painting The Son of Man.



EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 UK 11 - 141/2 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2

8

René Magritte

This is not an Apple

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection



© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

1964, Ceci n'est pas une pomme: it is not the first time that Magritte denies in the title what is represented in the painting; as with the famous pipe, also in this work the author wants to emphasize the illusory nature of art: the painted apple is not an apple, it remains a painting. Magritte likes to bewilder us, confusing mind and eye. And so, we no longer know what a dream is and what is reality...

Surrealism

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t pas une po

9



 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

René Magritte

René François Ghislain Magritte was a

Utsonomiya Museum of Art

Utsunomiya Museum of Art (宇都宮美 館,

Utsunomiya Bijutsukan) opened in a wooded

area some 5 kilometres (3.1 mi) north of the

centre of Utsunomiya, Tochigi Prefecture,

works by Kuroda Seiki and Asai Chū, Paul

Klee and Wassily Kandinsky, and special

Japan, in 1997. The collection includes

exhibitions are also mounted.

Belgian surrealist painter.

The Great Family



© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

The Large Family (La Grande Famille) was created by Rene Magritte in 1963. At first glance, one immediately questions the appropriateness of the title for there is no image of a family, human or otherwise. However, that should not come as a surprise as Magritte was well-known to derive great pleasure in confusing his viewers.



Surrealism

10

RM-GF-01 Green

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

René Magritte

The Castle of the Pyrenees



11

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

The Israel Museum, Jerusalem

The Israel Museum was established in 1965 as Israel's foremost cultural institution and one of the world's leading encyclopedic museums. It is situated on a hill in the Givat Ram neighborhood of Jerusalem, adjacent to the Bible Lands Museum, the Knesset, the Israeli Supreme Court, and the Hebrew University of Jerusalem.



aris 2022

René Magritte's masterpiece The Castle of the Pyrenees was commissioned by the artist's longtime friend Harry Torczyner. From a number of drawings proposed by Magritte, Torczyner selected one of a large rock surmounted by a castle. Torczyner added the suggestion of a sky on a clear day and a rough darkish sea because over the dark sea there rises the rock of hope, topped by a fortress, a castle.



Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46
 EU 46 - 49

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11
 UK 11 - 14½

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½
 US 12 - 15½

René Magritte

Night in Pisa



René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection



© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnitte

The Tower of Pisa is a recurring subject in Magritte's work, repeatedly taken up in different versions: his art makes use of the iconic image, transforming it into a fantastic composition, in which the feather that supports the unstable monument subverts the laws of physics, a pure provocation that unsettles the balance between reality and fiction.



RM-NP-11 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

René Magritte

Hegel's Holiday

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection



In his own words, Magritte was bothered with a question: How to show a glass of water in a painting in such a way that it would not be indifferent? And after he painted the dozens of glass images he came up with a dialectical composition that unites two opposite relations to the water – containing and repelling it. Magritte named this surreal painting as an homage to Hegel's dialectic. EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Surrealism 13

RM-HH-01 Orange

René Magritte

The Empire of Light



Private Collection

© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

A dark street at night, against the backdrop of a blue sky illuminated by morning light: with the paradoxical combination of day and night, René Magritte wants to create a shocking effect on the observer, capable, in his own words, "of surprising and enchanting. I call this force poetry ". If the disturbance that a work of art arouses is poetry, this painting is pure poetry. The title also aims at this effect: it is enigmatic, it does not define the image represented, leading the observer to become estranged from reality.

11 ⁸ "	
RM-EL-06	

Blue

EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2
	UK 6½ - 11

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

14

Surrealism

René Magritte

The Seducer



magnette

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection

The Seducer: where is he? He does not appear in the painting, he could be on the ship, or maybe he could be the person who observes the painting, or even the painter who paints it ... Magritte seduced by himself? The ship keeps on sailing, in an unreal sea, an ancient sailing ship that belongs to the past, timeless and without substance, made of the same water on which it sails. Pure surrealism, pure poetry.



Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 UK 11 - 141/2 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2

15

René Magritte

The Son of Man



Private Collection

© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnette

Magritte painted The Son of Man as a self-portrait. It consists of a man in an overcoat and a bowler hat standing in front of a low wall, beyond which are the sea and a cloudy sky. The man's face is largely obscured by a hovering green apple. Another subtle feature is that the man's left arm appears to bend backwards at the elbow.

Surrealism

16



EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

René Magritte

Black Magic



magnette

Musée Magritte Museum, Brussels



Surrealism 17

RM-BM-06 Blue

1 224

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

René Magritte

The False Mirror



© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022 © VG Bild Kunst, Bonn Foto: © Fine Art Images – ARTOTHEK



Private Collection

René François Ghislain Magritte was a

Belgian surrealist painter.

A large eye, invaded by a cloudy sky, stares back at us: Magritte's The False Mirror is a work from 1928, once owned by the surrealist photographer Man Ray and now property of the MOMA in New York. A painting that looks at us as we look at it, that captures the observer, as in a mirror, in a disturbing game that is also a challenge to a surreal interpretation of reality.



Surrealism

18

RM-FM-06 Brown

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

René Magritte

Collective Invention

magnette



René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection





RM-CI-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

René Magritte

The Treachery of Images (This is Not a Pipe)

Surrealism

20

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Los Angeles County Museum of Art

The Los Angeles County Museum of Art (LACMA) offers its visitors numerous collections of art from prehistoric times to the present day, divided into sections: African, Mesopotamian, Egyptian, Greek, Asian and Islamic, Pre-Columbian, decorative arts, photography, modern and contemporary art. The Treachery of Images is also known as This is Not a Pipe and The Wind and the Song. The painting is sometimes given as an example of meta message conveyed by paralanguage, like Denis Diderot's This is not a story. One interpretation is that the pipe in the painting is not a pipe, but rather a drawing of a pipe.

Ceci n'est pas une pipe.

© C.H./ADAGP, Paris 2022

magnitte



une pipe.

RM-TI-01 Beige

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

René Magritte

The Lovers



magnette

René François Ghislain Magritte was a Belgian surrealist painter.

Private Collection

The Lovers II (1928), is an oil on canvas depicting two individuals locked in an embrace. The figures are kissing one another through veils. They are situated in a room with the back wall, side wall and ceiling showing. The back wall is blue-grey with a lighter shade on the bottom half and a darker shade on the top half.



RM-TL-0
Diask
Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 61/2 - 11 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 11 - 141/2 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

René Magritte

The Interpretation of Dreams

la Lune



Staatsgalerie Moderner Kunst, Munich



Key to Dreams, 1930, is part of a series of works in which the artist combines words and objects, as in a children book, but opposing the image of the object with a name that does not correspond to it: it happens that reality has hidden meanings, especially when it comes to dreams; Magritte launches a provocation, an invitation to metaphorical and surreal thinking, not to just stop at appearances.



Surrealism

22

RM-ID-06 Green

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Edward Hopper

Nighthawks



© Fine Art Images – ARTOTHEK

Edward Hopper, one of the great masters of American painting, was an American painter and illustrator famous for his artworks where scenes often are deserted, depicted with strong realism, whose predominantly female figures convey a sense of loneliness and incommunicability. Defined as "the painter of silence", he is also considered a precursor of Pop Art.

Art Institute of Chicago

The Art Institute of Chicago is the second largest art museum in the United States after the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York and houses works from the 19th century, classical and contemporary art. In 2009, an extension designed by Renzo Piano was added, the Modern Wing, connected by a bridge to Millennium Park.

In this painting, one of the best-known artwork of twentiethcentury, three customers, all lost in their own thoughts, sit apart. The viewer, drawn to the light, feels cut out from the scene by a seamless wall of glass. The four lonely and uncommunicative night owls seem as remote and divided from the viewer as they are from each other. Hopper acknowledged that in Nighthawks "unconsciously, probably, I was painting the loneliness of a large city."



New Objectivity

23

EH-NH-01 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Edward Hopper





© Fine Art Images – ARTOTHEK

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Museum of Modern Art, New York

The Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) plays a major role in developing and collecting modern art, and is often identified as one of the largest and most influential museums of modern art in the world. MoMA's collection offers an overview of modern and contemporary art. On the border between nature and civilisation, between day and night, this gas station is located in an undefined, eerie area. In Hopper's 1940 painting not even the human presence succeeds in giving life to the scene, in which a sense of drama dominates: the exaltation of the alienating solitude of an American country road.



Expressionism

24

EH-GA-08 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Max Ernst

Attirement of the Bride



Peggy Guggenheim Collection, Venice

The Peggy Guggenheim Collection in Venice, seated in the Palazzo Venier dei Leoni, houses the personal collection of the founder, the masterpieces of the Schulhof Collection and the Sculpture Garden. It exhibits works belonging to American modernism, Italian futurism, cubism, surrealism, abstract expressionism. A typical example of Ernst's illusionistic Surrealism, The Attirement of the Bride represents a disturbing, nightmare situation, in an atmosphere of pomp that contrasts with the monstrous characters represented. Ernst here opts for an unusual painting technique, associating the decal with the oil color on canvas, thus obtaining the effect of a singular grainy texture.

© Max Ernst, by SIAE 2022.



Surrealism

ME-AB-08 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

25

Salvador Dalí



Private Collection





© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

Dalf loved to pick up mythological subjects in his paintings. In the Greek mythology the Goddess of Love, Aphrodite, was born with a white bush of roses out of the foam of the sea. The rose only obtained its red color by Aphrodite's adultery with the beautiful Adonis.





SD-MR-01 Blue

Salvador Dalí

The Basket of Bread



Dalí Theatre-Museum, Figueres, Catalonia

The Dalí Theatre and Museum is a museum dedicated to the artist Salvador Dalí in his home town of Figueres, in Catalonia, Spain. Salvador Dalí is buried in a crypt below the stage. The heart of the museum is the town's theatre that Dalí knew as a child. It was where one of the first public exhibitions of young Dalí's art was shown.



© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

Dalí pictured bread in many of his paintings and stated: "Bread has always been one of the oldest subjects of fetishism and obsession in my work, the first and the one to which I have remained most faithful." In 1926 Dalí for the first time painted The Basket of Bread; in 1945 he painted this second version he described as "the most esoteric and the most surrealist of anything I have painted to date."



Surrealism

27

SD-BB-01 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Salvador Dalí

Galatea of the Spheres



Dalí Theatre-Museum, Figueres, Catalonia

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© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP. Barcelona 2020

Galatea of the Spheres is a painting by Salvador Dalí from 1952, showing Gala Dalí, Salvador Dalí's wife and muse, composed of a series of spheres arranged in a continuous arrangement. The name Galatea refers to a sea nymph of classical mythology, known for her virtue, and may also refer to the statue loved by her creator Pygmalion.

Surrealism

28



SD-GS-01 Grey

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Salvador Dalí

The Elephants



Project for "As you like it", 1948, Private Collection



© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

The Elephants is a from 1948. The elephant is a recurring theme in Dali's works. The elephants in this work differ from the other paintings in that the animals are at the centre of the work, with a sparse, stepped background and the absence of other content, in which most of Dali's paintings contain many details and sights.



29



SD-EL-01 Orange

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

Salvador Dalí

Dream Caused by the Flight of a Bee Around Surrealism a Pomegranate a Second before Awakening.



Salvador Dalí (1904–1989) was a Spanish surrealist artist. Dalí was a skilled draftsman, best known for the striking and bizarre images in his work. His painterly skills are often attributed to the influence of Renaissance masters. Dalí was highly imaginative, and also enjoyed indulging in unusual and grandiose behavior. His eccentric manner sometimes drew more attention than his artwork.

Thyssen-Bornemisya National Museum

The Thyssen-Bornemisza National Museum, named after its founder, is an art museum in Madrid located near the Prado Museum on one of city's main boulevards. With over 1,600 paintings, it was once the second largest private collection in the world after the British Royal Collection.



© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

Dream Caused by the Flight of a Bee Around a Pomegranate a Second Before Awakening was painted in 1944, while Dalí and his wife, Gala, were living in America. It is an oil painting on wood, a "hand-painted dream photograph", as Dalí generally called his paintings.

|--|

SD-DF-01

30

	No.	Blue
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
JK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
JS 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2
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Salvador Dalí





Private Collection



© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

In Le Sommeil (Sleep), Dali recreated the kind of large, soft head and virtually non-existent body that had featured so often in his paintings around 1929. In this case, however, the face is certainly not a self-portrait. Sleep and dreams are par excellence in the realm of the unconscious, and consequently of special interest to psychoanalysts and Surrealists.



31

SD-SL-01 Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15 ¹ / ₂

Salvador Dalí

The Persistence of Memory



Museum of Modern Art, New York

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© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

The Persistence of Memory' is the most famous painting of Salvador Dalí. The work shows three melted pocket watches arranged in the Catalan landscape in front of the rugged rocks of the Cap de Creus. A fly sits on one of the clocks, symbolizing how time flies. Another is eaten by ants, symbolizing transience and decay. In the centre of the picture a clock is running on an abstract face of the artist, shown in profile, which has closed its eves.



Blue EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 UK 11 - 14½ US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½ US 12 - 15½

Salvador Dalí

Figure at the Window



Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofia, Madrid

The Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofía is an art museum, art gallery and library, located in Madrid. The Spanish National Centre was inaugurated on 10th September 1992 by the eponymous Spanish Queen Sofia together with King Juan Carlos I.



© Salvador Dalí, Fundació Gala-Salvador Dalí, VEGAP, Barcelona 2020

Figure at the Window is a realistic oil-on-paper work by Salvador Dalí from 1925, produced in his youth. It shows the sister of the painter Ana Maria, seen from behind in front of a window in Cadaqués. It is now in the Museo Reina Sofía in Madrid.



83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Surrealism 33



Brown

Piet Mondrian

Victory Boogie Woogie



Piet Mondrian (actually Pieter Cornelis Mondriaan) was a Dutch painter of classical modernism. The artist, who created the style of neoplasticism, is considered the most important representative of Dutch Constructivism as well as Concrete Art, as Theo van Doesburg called it. With his later work he was one of the founders of abstract painting.

Kunstmuseum Den Haan

Forced by World War II to move to New York, Mondrian was influenced by the hectic life of the city: his compositions, hung with a new orientation and deprived of black lines, become dynamic, evoking the rhythm of the metropolis. Victory Boogie Woogie is his latest, unfinished work, a symbol of a revolutionary modification of his art.



PM-VB-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

34

De Stijl

Piet Mondrian

New York City I



Piet Mondrian (actually Pieter Cornelis Mondriaan) was a Dutch painter of classical modernism. The artist, who created the style of neoplasticism, is considered the most important representative of Dutch Constructivism as well as Concrete Art, as Theo van Doesburg called it. With his later work he was one of the founders of abstract painting.

Centre Pompidou, Paris

The Georges Pompidou Center in Paris, designed by Piano, Franchini and Rogers, was commissioned by President Georges Pompidou as a multidisciplinary cultural institution and was inaugurated in 1977. Dedicated to modern art, it also includes a library, a design museum and a music research centre.



© Peter Willi/ARTOTHEK

New York City I, or rather the series of works later assembled under the title New York City, marks the beginning of a new phase in Mondrian's work. The black lines have disappeared together with the rectangles of the primary colour.



	and the second	White
0	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
1/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141

EU 36 - 40

UK 31/2 - 6

US 6 - 9

US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2 78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Piet Mondrian

Composition with Red, Blue and Yellow

Abstract Art 36



Piet Mondrian (actually Pieter Cornelis Mondriaan) was a Dutch painter of classical modernism. The artist, who created the style of neoplasticism, is considered the most important representative of Dutch Constructivism as well as Concrete Art, as Theo van Doesburg called it. With his later work he was one of the founders of abstract painting.

Private Collection



Composition II with Red Blue and Yellow is a painting from 1930. Thick, black brushstrokes define the edges of the various geometric figures. In comparison, the black brushstroke on the canvas is minimal, but it is masterfully applied to become one of the defining features of the work.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

Black
Piet Mondrian



Piet Mondrian (actually Pieter Cornelis Mondriaan) was a Dutch painter of classical modernism. The artist, who created the style of neoplasticism, is considered the most important representative of Dutch Constructivism as well as Concrete Art, as Theo van Doesburg called it. With his later work he was one of the founders of abstract painting.

Kunstmuseum Den Haan

The three primary colors yellow, red and blue, the purest and most intense colours in the universe, are for Mondrian the means of expression of "universal beauty", just as white, black and gray allow him to introduce a wide range of variations and contrasts, which enrich this work of 1919, a structurally regular and repetitive pattern, a grid.

Composition with Grid IX



De Stijl

37

PM-CG-06 Grey

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Unknown Artist

Woman's Havri with White and Red Cranes



© Rijksmuseum Amsterdam

50

Rijksmuseum of Amsterdam

The Rijksmuseum is the national museum of the Netherlands dedicated to Dutch arts and history and is located in Amsterdam. The museum is located at the Museum Square in the borough of Amsterdam South, close to the Van Gogh Museum, the Stedelijk Museum Amsterdam, and the Concertgebouw. A beautiful silk haori for ladies, decorated with painted flying cranes, white and red on the outside and white on the lining inside. By an anonymous maker, it dates back to 1920-1940.



Symbolism

UA-KC-08 Red

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

38

Vasily Kandinsky



Wassily Wassilyevich Kandinsky was a Russian painter and art theorist. Kandinsky is generally credited as the pioneer of abstract art. Born in Moscow, Kandinsky spent his childhood in Odessa, where he graduated at Grekov Odessa Art school. He enrolled at the University of Moscow, studying law and economics. Successful in his profession he was offered a professorship at the University of Dorpat.

Peggy Guggenheim Collection, Venice

The Peggy Guggenheim Collection in Venice, seated in the Palazzo Venier dei Leoni, houses the personal collection of the founder, the masterpieces of the Schulhof Collection and the Sculpture Garden. It exhibits works belonging to American modernism, Italian futurism, cubism, surrealism, abstract expressionism.





© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

A set of geometric shapes and semicircles composed in a suspended structure that transmits the effect of a push upwards. Or is it an allusion to the features of a human face? "I don't choose form consciously; it chooses itself within me ", Kandinsky said about this issue, confirming the approach to art shared with Paul Klee: starting from intuitively chosen forms, gradually suggesting references to the real world.

Abstract Art

39



Blue EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 UK 11 - 14½ US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½ US 12 - 15½

Vasily Kandinsky

Several Circles



Wassily Wassilyevich Kandinsky was a Russian painter and art theorist. Kandinsky is generally credited as the pioneer of abstract art. Born in Moscow, Kandinsky spent his childhood in Odessa, where he graduated at Grekov Odessa Art school. He enrolled at the University of Moscow, studying law and economics. Successful in his profession he was offered a professorship at the University of Dorpat.

Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum

"The Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum, often referred to as The Guggenheim, is an art museum located in New York City. It is the permanent home of a continuously expanding collection of Impressionist, Post-Impressionist, early Modern, and contemporary art and also features special exhibitions throughout the year.



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In 1920s, Kandinsky furthered his investigations into the correspondence between colors and forms and their psychological and spiritual effects. "The circle," claimed Kandinsky, "is the synthesis of the greatest oppositions. It combines the concentric and the eccentric in a single form and in equilibrium. Of the three primary forms, it points most clearly to the fourth dimension."



Abstract Art

40

VK-SC-08 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Vasily Kandinsky

Circles in a Circle



41



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Philadelphia Museum of Art

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Circles in a Circle demonstrates Kandinsky's distinctive style from the early 1920s, when he began teaching at the Bauhaus in Weimar, Germany, and subsequently moved away from a spontaneous painting style to a geometric composition. For Kandinsky, the circle, the most elementary of forms, had symbolic, cosmic significance.



VK-CC-08 White

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

Vasily Kandinsky

Squares with Concentric Circles



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of Dorpat. Städtische Galerie im Lenbachhaus u. Kunstbau, Munich

Lenbachhaus is the name of the building, the painter Franz von Lenbach had built as his home. Purchased by the municipality, since 1924 it has housed the Munich Civic Gallery, famous for its collections of modern and contemporary art with authors such as Klee, Marc, Beuys, Warhol, Macke, the Der Blaue Reiter group.



© ARTOTHEK

Probably Kandinsky's most famous work was created in 1913 and illustrates how different color combinations are perceived, which he used as a carrier material in his creative process.



Abstract Art

VK-SQ-08 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

42

Vasily Kandinsky

Lyrical



© LWL-MKuK - ARTOTHEK

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LUL-Museum für Kunst und Kultur, Münster

The LWL Museum of Art and Culture is an art museum in Münster/Westphalia, Germany. The museum displays works of art from the early Middle Ages to the present. More than 300,000 exhibits are in the possession of the museum.

Kandinsky has rendered this horse and rider at full gallop with the most minimal of means: just a few well placed lines and patches of colour. The painting dates from 1911, Kandinsky's turning point between realism and abstraction.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton 18% Polyamide 2% Elastane



43



VK-LY-08 Beige

Hilma af Klint

The Swan, No. 1



Hilma af Klint (*1862) was a Swedish pioneer of abstract painting - long before Kandinsky, Malevich and Mondrian. Her paintings were bold, colorful, and free of recognizable references to the physical world. She rarely exhibited her work because she believed the world was not yet ready for it. So she decided not to show her paintings to the public until 1986, 20 years after her death.

Stiftelsen Hilma af Klints Verk, Stockholm

The Hilma af Klint Foundation is a non-profit organization established in 1972 to ensure the preservation and management of Hilma af Klint's artistic heritage.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The artwork The Swan, No.1 was created in 1915 and shows the idea of duality, which is illustrated by figurative pictures, like the two swans. The horizon line breaks the canvas into two parts.

Abstract Art

44



HK-01-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Hilma af Klint

The Swan, No. 17

© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The picture The Swan, No.17, Group 9 belongs to an artistic series of the Swedish painter Hilma af Klint.

EU 36 - 40 EU 4 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6 US 6 - 9 US 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

HK-17-06 Orange



of abstract painting - long before Kandinsky, Malevich and Mondrian. Her paintings were bold, colorful, and free of recognizable references to the physical world. She rarely exhibited her work because she believed the world was not yet ready for it. So she decided not to show her paintings to the public until 1986, 20 years after her death.

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45

Grant Wood



Grant Wood (1891-1942) was an American painter best known for his paintings depicting the rural American Midwest, particularly American Gothic (1930), which has become one of the best known examples of 20thcentury American Art, and one of the few images to reach the status of widely recognised cultural icon, comparable to da Vinci's Mona Lisa or Munch's The Scream.

Art Institute of Chicago

The Art Institute of Chicago is the second largest art museum in the United States after the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York and houses works from the 19th century, classical and contemporary art. In 2009, an extension designed by Renzo Piano was added, the Modern Wing, connected by a bridge to Millennium Park.





© bpk / The Art Institute of Chicago / Art Resource, NY

American Gothic, painted 1930, depicts what is now known as the American Gothic House in Eldon, Iowa along with a farmer standing beside his daughter - often mistakenly assumed to be his wife. The painting is named for the house's architectural style.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Regionalism

46



Blue

Kayimir Malevich

Self Portrait

Russian Avant-Garde

47



© Westermann - ARTOTHEK

Kazimir Severinovich Malevich was a painter and main representative of the Russian avant-garde, a pioneer of Constructivism and founder of Suprematism. He was influenced by late impressionism, fauvism and cubism. His abstract suprematist painting The Black Square on a White Ground from 1915 is considered a milestone in modernist painting and is considered an "icon of modernism".

The State Russian Museum, Saint Petersburg

The Russian State Museum, set up by Tsar Nicholas II to commemorate his father in 1895, is centered on Russian art and spread over several locations. With the Russian Revolution it was enriched with prestigious private works that were nationalized, including the first version of Kazimir Malevič's Black Square.



© Westermann - ARTOTHEK

In 1907 Malevich saw an exhibition by the Symbolist group of the Blue Rose and responded with a series of paintings imbued with religious mysticism, such as Assumption of the Virgin Mary 1907-18 and Shroud of Christ 1908. The following year the magazine 'The Golden Fleece' organised an exhibition that brought works by Van Gogh, Gauguin and Matisse to Moscow. The expressive colour and brushwork of these artists was evident in paintings such as Malevich's self-portrait 1908-10.

|--|--|

KM-SP-02 Beige

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Kayimir Malevich

Sportsmen

Russian Avant-Garde

48

1568



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© ARTOTHEK

In the composition of Kazimir Malevich, entitled Sportsmen, all the figures made on the canvas are completely subordinate not only to the color composition, but also organized in terms of the rhythm of the entire composition. The picture is focused on the concentration of their personal energy and dynamics, which are completely outside such categories as space and time. EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½ KM-SM-06

Beige

Kayimir Malevich

Black Square and Red Square

© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Black Square and Red Square was created in 1915 during the First World War and was not originally intended to have any meaning. Malevich's work has often been described by historians and critics as the 'zero point' of painting, referring to the historical significance of the painting and paraphrasing Malevich. The painting was sold for the record sum of 60 million dollars.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

KM-BS-08 Beige

Russian Avant-Garde

49

© Westermann - ARTOTHEK

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Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.

Kayimir Malevich

Cat with Green Ball

Russian Avant-Garde

50



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Private Collection



One of the most famous works of the Russian artist, which falls into the time of the Russian avant-garde. The painting is in a private collection.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

KM-CB-06 White

Carl Pippich

St. Stephen's Cathedral



Vienna, Austria



St. Stephen's Cathedral is the mother church of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Vienna and the seat of the Archbishop of Vienna, Christoph Cardinal Schönborn, OP.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK

 US 6 - 9
 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Bauhausstil 51



Oskar Schlemmer

Bauhaus Stairs



Oskar Schlemmer was born in Stuttgart on September 4, 1888. He was a painter, sculptor and stage designer. Human figures in space, especially in stereometric representation and interlocking groups of figures he depicted with preference.



Slender figures on a staircase, moving away from the observer, as if to sanction an epochal fracture: this is the symbolisation of the announced closure of the Bauhaus school under the Nazis. A significant representation of the central theme of Schlemmer's work, that is the relationship between the human body and the environment: the dynamic human figures contrast with the static, geometric forms of the stairs. EU 36 - 40 E UK 3½ - 6½ U US 6 - 9 U

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Bauhausstil 52

OS-BS-08 Blue 122

Oskar Schlemmer

Bauhaus Triadic Ballet

Bauhausstil

53



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In 1922, Oskar Schlemmer, a painter, sculptor and designer linked to the Bauhaus, created the Triadic Ballet to the music of Hindemith, a choreographic work of rationalist dance with which he transformed the dancers into real geometric figures. The costumes, devoid of any ornament, were inspired by three geometric shapes, circle, square and triangle; the ballet was divided into three acts, the protagonists were three dancers: the number three as a recurring element, right from the title.

OS-BT-0
Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Tamara de Lempicka

Adam and Eve



© 2020 Tamara de Lempicka Estate LLC

Tamara de Lempicka (1898 – 1980) was a Polish Art Deco painter. She is one of the most significant representatives of Art Deco aesthetics. Lempicka was known for her distinctive and bold artistic style and epitomized the cool yet sensual side of the Art Deco movement.

Private Collection



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Thurson de Sampicka

Adam and Eve (Italian: Adamo ed Eve) is an oil painting by the Polish Art Deco painter Tamara de Lempicka. It was completed in 1932 and is a religious theme in Art Deco style. The painting measures 116 by 73 centimetres and is in a private collection.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Art Deco

54

TL-AE-06 Black

Tamara de Lempicka

Arums



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Private Collection



© 2020 Tamara de Lempicka Estate LLC Officially licensed by tamaradelempickaestate.com VILY

Thursa de Sempreter

Through the pure curves of these flowers the artist represents a symbol that corresponds to her own pursuit of line and volume, maintaining her unique style, a cool and sophisticated painting. The arums also embody the idea of femininity.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 5% Elastane



TL-AR-03 Black

1 11

Tamara de Lempicka Tamara in the Green Bugatti



© 2020 Tamàra de Lempicka Estate LLC Officially licensed by tamaradelempickaestate.com

Thursa de Sampicka.

Private Collection

Deco aesthetics. Lempicka was known for her distinctive and bold artistic style and

epitomized the cool yet sensual side of the

Art Deco movement.

Tamara in the green Bugatti, also known as My Portrait or Autoportrait, is a self-portrait and one of the most famous paintings by the Polish painter Tamara de Lempicka from 1929. The painting, which is now in a private collection, was painted in oil on wood and measures 35×27 cm.



TL-TB-06

Art Deco

56

Black EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 UK 11 - 14½ US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½ US 12 - 15½

Tamara de Lempicka

Young Lady with Gloves



© 2020 Tamara de Lempicka Estate LLC

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Centre Pompidou, Paris

The Georges Pompidou Center in Paris, designed by Piano, Franchini and Rogers, was commissioned by President Georges Pompidou as a multidisciplinary cultural institution and was inaugurated in 1977. Dedicated to modern art, it also includes a library, a design museum and a music research centre.



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Thursa de Sampicka

Young Lady with Gloves was painted in 1930 and is one of her most famous paintings that epitomises Lempicka's style showing the fabric and hair combined into sharp lines and flowing curves with the entire form strongly dimensional yet remaining abstract and modern.



57



TL-LG-06 Black

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

Tamara de Lempicka

Portrait of the Marquis d'Affilito

Art Deco

58



© 2020 Tamara de Lempicka Estate LLC

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Private Collection



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Allusia de Sampicka

LIL

The painting, Portrait of the Marquis d'Afflitto was created in 1925.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 5% Elastane

TL-MA-03

Black



Robert Delaunay

Endless Rhythm



Tate Gallery, Loondon

Tate Britain (known from 1932 to 2000 as the Tate Gallery) is is part of the Tate network of galleries in England and its oldest gallery, having opened in 1897. It houses a substantial collection of the art of the United Kingdom since Tudor times. Endless Rhythm 1934 is a large, vertically oriented painting by French artist Robert Delaunay. Three colored discs painted on a light blue ground move rhythmically in a strong diagonal from bottom left to top right on the canvas.

© Hans Hinz - ARTOTHEK

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80%Cotton, 15% polyamide, 2% elastane

RD-ER-08 Grey

59

Cubism

Robert Delauray

The Eiffel Tower



Centre Pompidou, Paris

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© bpk | CNAC-MNAM

The Eiffel Tower series of Robert Delaunay (1885 1941) is a cycle of paintings and drawings of the Eiffel Tower. Its main sequence was created between 1909 and 1912, with additional works added up to 1928. The series is considered the most prominent art depicting the iconic Paris tower as well as the most prominent work of Delaunay.



Cubism

RD-E2-02 Blue

1 224

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

60

Robert Delaunay

The Eiffel Tower



Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris

The Musée d'Art Moderne de Paris or MAM Paris, is a major municipal museum dedicated to modern and contemporary art, including monumental murals by Raoul Dufy and Henri Matisse. It is one of the 14 City of Paris' Museums that have been incorporated in the public institution Paris Musées.



© Paris Musées / Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris

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RD-E4-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

61

Cubism

Robert Delaunay

The Eiffel Tower



Museum of Modern Art, New York

The Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) plays a major role in developing and collecting modern art, and is often identified as one of the largest and most influential museums of modern art in the world. MoMA's collection offers an overview of modern and contemporary art.



 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



RD-E1-02 White 62

Cubism

Robert Delaunay

The Eiffel Tower



Dallas Museum of Art

The Dallas Museum of Art is located in the so-called Art District along the Woodall Rogers Freeway. The collection comprises more than 24,000 objects, ranging from the 3rd millennium BC to the present day. The museum also offers educational programmes.



© ARTOTHEK

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Cubism

63

RD-E3-06 Beige

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Robert Delaunay

The Eiffel Tower



Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden

The Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden was designed by architect Gordon Bunshaft and is part of the Smithsonian Institution. It was conceived as the United States' museum of Contemporary and modern art and currently focuses mainly on the post–World War II period. The Eiffel Tower series is a cycle of paintings and drawings. Its main sequence was created between 1909 and 1912. The series is considered the most prominent art depicting the iconic Paris tower as well as the most prominent work of Delaunay.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

RD-E7-02 Blue



64

Cubism

Robert Delaunay

The Eiffel Tower



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83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



65

Cubism



RD-E6-02 Mutli

Paul Klee



The German painter Paul Klee (*1879) is one of the most important visual artists of classical modernism of the 20th century! In addition to painting, he taught at the Bauhaus in Weimar from 1921, as of 1931 as professor at the Academy of Art in Düsseldorf, and wrote art theoretical writings.

Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum

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Klee's education was eclectic, he dealt with painting, but also with poetry and music; no coincidence that the titles of many of his works are inspired by music, as in this painting, New Harmony, which is an investigation into the hidden mechanisms of reality: from the representation of single simple forms, through the phenomenon of composition, a complex form arises that sums all them up, coming to the work of art.



66



Brown

40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
- 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
916	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 -

UK 31/2 US 6 - 9

Paul Klee

Fish Magic



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© bpk / Philadelphia Museum of Art / Art Resource, NY

Fish Magic is a 1925 Surrealist painting by Swiss-German artist Paul Klee. The painting belonged to the collection of Water and Louise Arensberg before being donated in 1950 to the Philadelphia Museum of Art where it is currently held.



Modernism

67

PK-FM-08 Green

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

Paul Klee

Red Balloon

Modernism

68



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Klee's use of oil and chalk on muslin highlights the colors in the painting. This shows Klee's superb mastery of color theory. His expert use of colors, lines and shapes helped to make the red balloon come alive. The cubist technique, the abstract style and the structure create whimsical images that amuse viewers.

|--|

	Beige
EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 4
UK 61/2 - 11	UK 11 - 1

141/2 UK 11 US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2

PK-RB-08

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40

UK 31/2 - 61/2

US 6 - 9

Paul Klee

a Young Lady's Adventure



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Tate Gallery, Loondon

Tate Britain (known from 1932 to 2000 as the Tate Gallery) is is part of the Tate network of galleries in England and its oldest gallery, having opened in 1897. It houses a substantial collection of the art of the United Kingdom since Tudor times. The watercolor A Young Lady's Adventure, painted in 1921, shows a young woman who seems to be captured by oppressive spirits'. Paul Klee was known for incorporating arrows in his works, which are to be understood as a symbol of Fallus. The painting is located at Tate Modern in London.



Modernism

69

PK-LA-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Paul Klee



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© Fine Art Images - Artothek

The watercolor Twittering Machine, painted in 1922, shows, as in many other works by Paul Klee, the mixture of biology and machinery, which leaves much room for interpretation. In 1933 the painting was declared ,degenerate art' by Adolf Hitler. Today it hangs in the Museum of Modern Art in New York.



Modernism

PK-TM-08 Grey

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

70

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Davos Church





Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.



In 1918 Kirchner settled in Davos to recover after a long clinic stay for depression and morphine addiction. In the majestic Swiss mountain landscapes he found relief from anguish and new inspirations, as in this painting, in which alpine light amplifies the vividness of colors and leads to a soothing, emotional depiction of nature. EU 36 - 40 E UK 3½ - 6½ U US 6 - 9 U

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½ EK-DC-08 Blue

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

71

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Black Cat



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.

Location Unknown



In 1919, after a long period of hospitalization for depression and morphine addiction, Kirchner began to paint his black cat Bobby, of which he made more than 100 portraits, also immortalizing it in the self-portrait of 1920, as if it were an alter ego or a guardian angel. In this painting, dated 1926, he represents him in a hieratic pose, like an ancient Egyptian deity.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Expressionism



Blue

72
Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner





Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.



Three haunting figures, dark, livid, austere and solemn, stand out against a mountain landscape rich in color, life and blooms: an emotional representation of reality, in which it is highlighted the contrast between the gloom of old age and the lively explosion of nature, sublime restorative for human anxieties. EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9 EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EK-TE-08 Blue

Expressionism

73

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

The Mountains of Klosters



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.

Belvedere, Vienna

The Belvedere Castle is a princely residence, a masterpiece of Austrian Baroque architecture, consisting of two palaces, the Upper Belvedere and the Lower Belvedere separated by splendid French gardens. The buildings house the Österreichische Galerie Belvedere, one of Vienna's best-loved museums.



© Belvedere, Wien - ARTOTHEK

Devastated by his drug addiction and the horrors of war, Kirchner found relief and new inspiration in the Swiss mountains. The vigorous use of bold colours in The Klosters Mountains, painted in 1923, is also an expression of his perception of the landscape, for him so significant.



Expressionism

EK-MK-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

74

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Davos in Snow



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.

Kunstmuseum Basel

The Kunstmuseum Basel houses the largest and most significant public art collection in Switzerland. Its lineage extends back to the Amerbach Cabinet, a collection of works by Hans Holbein purchased by the city of Basel in 1661, which made it the first municipally owned and open to the public museum in the world.



© Hans Hinz - ARTOTHEK

Ernst Ludwig Kirchner lived from 1918 until his death in 1938 in Davos. Davos and its surroundings were a major source of inspiration to many of his most famous works, including the brilliantly colorful Davos in Snow.

Expressionism

75

EK-DS-06

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Frauenkirch im Winter



76



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Alte Nationalgallerie, Berlin

The Alte Nationalgalerie in Berlin, designed by Friedrich August Stüler according to plans by Frederick William IV, who dreamed of a "sanctuary for art and science", exhibits paintings from German Romanticism (Schinkel, Blechen, Caspar David Friedrich), French Impressionists (Renoir, Monet Manet) and sculptures.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Ernst Ludwig Kirchner lived from 1918 until his death in 1938 in Davos. Davos and its surroundings were a major source of inspiration to many of his most famous works, including Frauenkirch in Winter.



EK-FW-06 Brown

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Street, Berlin



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.

Museum of Modern Art, New York

The Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) plays a major role in developing and collecting modern art, and is often identified as one of the largest and most influential museums of modern art in the world. MoMA's collection offers an overview of modern and contemporary art.



© ARTOTHEK

Kirchner created this painting in a period of loneliness and insecurity shortly after the Brücke group disbanded in 1913. For Kirchner, the prostitute was a symbol of the modern city, where glamour and danger, and intimacy and alienation necessarily coexisted, and everything was for sale.



77



EK-ST-06 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Badende am Strand



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.

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Ernst Ludwig Kirchner was a German painter and graphic artist and is one of the most important representatives of Expressionism. Kirchner was a founding member of the artist group Brücke. In 1937, the Nazis branded his works as "degenerate". Over 600 of these works were subsequently sold or destroyed. His work Bathers on the Beach was created in 1913.



83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Expressionism

EK-BS-06 Black 78

Ernst Ludwig. Kirchner

Seated Lady



79



Ernst Ludwig Kirchner (1880–1938) was a German expressionist painter and printmaker and one of the founders of the artists group Die Brücke or "The Bridge", a key group leading to the foundation of Expressionism in 20th-century art. His work was branded as "degenerate" by the Nazis in 1933, and in 1937 more than 600 of his works were sold or destroyed.

Pinakothek der Moderne, Munich



© Blauel Gnamm - ARTOTHEK

The portrait of a sophisticated lady sitting relaxed in an armchair would be completely harmonious in complementing hues of yellows and reds if it was not for the cold blue of her face. The color dissonance elevates the simple portrait to a reflection of the female, of love, beauty and transience. EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 3¹/₂ - 6¹/₂ UK 6¹/₂ - 11 UK 11 - 14¹/₂ US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13¹/₂ US 12 - 15¹/₂

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EK-SL-06

Egon Schiele

The Seated Woman With Bent Knees





National Gallery, Prague

The history of National Gallery Prague is traced back to 5 February 1796, when a group of important patriotic Czech nobles joined a few citizen intellectuals in the decision to elevate the deteriorating public taste.

A young woman of intense beauty, porcelain skin, red hair, stares at the observer with a defiant, erotically charged gaze: the picture, painted in 1917, is pervaded by a magnetic energy that borders on aggressiveness, underlined by the model's contracted, nervous posture. Surrounding her is the void in which the figure is suspended, a further source of anguish.





ES-SW-08 Beige

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

80

August Macke

Hat Shop on the Promenade

Expressionism

81



August Robert Ludwig Macke was one of the most famous German Expressionist painters. He took part in the two exhibitions of the Blauer Reiter. In about ten years Macke created a body of work, which at first under the influence of the various art movements of the time changed rapidly in style.

Museum Ludwig, Cologne

The Museum Ludwig, founded by the collector Peter Ludwig, was inaugurated in 1986. It exhibits important works of contemporary art, in particular Pop-Art, Abstractionism and Surrealism and boasts one of the largest collections of Picasso in Europe, as well as works, among others, by Warhol, Lichtenstein & Beuys.



© Rheinisches Bildarchiv, rba c001303

The artwork Hat Shop on the Promenade by the German painter August Macke was painted in 1913 and is currently ST.F. hanging in the Museum Ludwig in Cologne. Typical for Macke are the intensity and a unique brightness of colors.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AM-HS-06 Black

August Macke

Woman with Parasol in front of Milliner's Shop Expressionism



Museum Folkwang, Essen

The Museum Folkwang is an art museum in Essen. It was opened in 1902 in Hagen by the art patron Karl Ernst Osthaus under the name Folkwang Museum and for a long time played a pioneering role in the field of modern art.



© Museum Folkwang Essen - ARTOTHEK

Macke's expressionist work of 1914 was modelled on Robert Delaunay's work. This is probably the most famous painting by August Macke.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



82

AM-WP-06 Black

August Macke

Girls under Trees





Pinakothek der Moderne, Munich



© Blauel Gnamm - ARTOTHEK

Girls under Trees by August Macke was created in 1914 and represents an intact, harmonious world, which is supported by bright colors. The intensity and unique brightness of the colors are typical for Macke.



AM-GT-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83

August Macke

Lady in a Green Jacket



Museum Ludwig, Cologne

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The expressionist work from 1913 shows a lonely woman surrounded by two couples. In the background of the picture, all elements are seen double, which gives the picture a special depth. As in his other works, all the people depicted look like faceless mannequins. The different colors intensify the blurriness of the scene, as if soft pastel colors had been used instead of oil paint.

© ARTOTHEK



Expressionism

AM-LJ-06 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

84

August Macke

Portrait with Apples



Städtische Galerie im Lenbachhaus n. Kunstbau, Munich

Lenbachhaus is the name of the building, the painter Franz von Lenbach had built as his home. Purchased by the municipality, since 1924 it has housed the Munich Civic Gallery, famous for its collections of modern and contemporary art with authors such as Klee, Marc, Beuys, Warhol, Macke, the Der Blaue Reiter group.



© ARTOTHEK

Portrait with Apples was painted by Macke at the beginning of his one-year stay at Tegernsee, where he settled in 1909 with his young wife. It shows influences of the late Cézanne and marks his first successes in his artistic development.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Expressionism

85

AM-PA-02 Black

Franz Marc





Franz Marc (1880–1916) was a German painter and printmaker, one of the key figures of German Expressionism. He was a founding member of Der Blaue Reiter (The Blue Rider), a journal whose name became synonymous with the artists collaborating in it. His work is characterized by bright primary color, an almost cubist portrayal of animals, stark simplicity and a profound sense of emotion.

Kunstmuseum Basel

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© Hans Hinz - ARTOTHEK

Two Cats Blue and Yellow was painted in 1912, at the end of Franz Marc's mature period. He once again created a portrait of realistic animals in their natural environment, but rendered in striking primary colours, blue representing maleness and spirituality, while yellow utilized to convey femininity and joy.



Expressionism

86

FM-TC-06 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Franz Marc

Blue Horse I



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© ARTOTHEK

When Marc painted Blue Horse I, the artist was coming into his own. He was painting with a budding confidence of his own technical ability, which found reflection here. Blue Horse I, with its serene colors, harmonious construction, and powerful equine presence, exudes authoritative execution.



Expressionism

FM-BH-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

87

Franz Marc





88



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Von der Heydt-Museum, Wuppertal

The Von der Heydt Museum has one of the richest collections in Germany. The main focus is on paintings of Dutch art of the 16th and 17th centuries, 19th century painting and graphic art with excellent Impressionist paintings, and 20th century painting, with Expressionism represented here with outstanding works.



© ARTOTHEK

Fuchs, alternatively 'Blauschwarzer Fuchs' or 'Blauer Fuchs', is a painting by the German expressionist painter Franz Marc from 1911. It has been part of the collection of the Von der Heydt Museum in Wuppertal since 1952.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



FM-BF-06 Blue

Franz Marc



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Städel Museum, Frankfurt

Founded by banker Johann Friedrich Städel in 1815, the Städel Museum is the oldest and most important museum foundation in Germany. He exhibits European art with artists such as Cranach, Dürer, Botticelli, Rembrandt, Vermeer, Monet, Picasso, Bacon, Richter. It stands out for its significant research and teaching activities.

How does a dog see the world? Marc's 'Russi' nestles peacefully on a bed of snow. The artist had to work on her coat for a long time before "a pure colour relationship between the vellow, the cold white of the snow, and the blue in it had been accomplished". For Marc, who founded the Blauer Reiter artists' association with Kandinsky and Macke, animals in harmony with nature embodied the idea of a pure and pristine life - an all-encompassing congruity of creation.

Dog Lying in the Snow



© Städel Museum - ARTOTHEK



Expressionism

FM-DS-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13¹/₂

89

Franz Marc

Yellow Con



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Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum

"The Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum, often referred to as The Guggenheim, is an art museum located in New York City. It is the permanent home of a continuously expanding collection of Impressionist, Post-Impressionist, early Modern, and contemporary art and also features special exhibitions throughout the year.



© Blauel - ARTOTHEK

The Yellow Cow is a painting by the German painter Franz Marc from 1911. It is one of the most famous works of the artist and shows one of his numerous depictions of animals in the style of expressionism. It was executed in oil on canvas with dimensions of 140.7 × 189.2 centimeters.



90



FM-YC-06 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Alexej Jawlensky

Alexander Sakharoff



Alexej von Jawlensky (*1865) was a German-Russian painter and belongs to the Expressionist movement. He also belonged to the circle of the artists' community ,Der Blaue Reiter' initiated by Wassily Kandinsky and Franz Marc.

Städtische Galerie im Lenbachhaus rı. Kunstbau, Munich

Lenbachhaus is the name of the building, the painter Franz von Lenbach had built as his home. Purchased by the municipality, since 1924 it has housed the Munich Civic Gallery, famous for its collections of modern and contemporary art with authors such as Klee, Marc, Beuys, Warhol, Macke, the Der Blaue Reiter group.



© Westermann - ARTOTHEK

The oil painting (around 1913) shows the Russian dancer and choreographer Alexander Sakharoff, who created his own form of modern dance, which is called abstract pantomime. This work is one of Jawlensky's figurative works and is characterized by one of its features - a dark blue or black-blue line framing the painting - inspired by Japanese woodcut art.



91

AJ-AS-02 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Paula Modersohn-Becker Self Portrait with Camellia Branch

Expressionism



© Museum Folkwang Essen - ARTOTHEK

Paula Modersohn-Becker (*1876) was a German painter and one of the most important representatives of early Expressionism. During her time as an artist she created 750 paintings, about 1,000 drawings and 13 etchings within 14 years.

Museum Folkwang, Essen

The Museum Folkwang is an art museum in Essen. It was opened in 1902 in Hagen by the art patron Karl Ernst Osthaus under the name Folkwang Museum and for a long time played a pioneering role in the field of modern art.



© Museum Folkwang Essen - ARTOTHEK

This self-portrait was painted in 1907 shortly before her death and can be attributed to Expressionism. It shows the artist with a camellia branch - the symbol of the eternal cycle. Today it is exhibited in the Folkwang Museum.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

PM-SC-02 Blue



Paula Modersohn-Becker Self-Portrait Turned to the

Expressionism



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Landesmuseum Hannover

The Landesmuseum Hannover originated as the "Hannoversches Museum für Kunst und Wissenschaft" from civic roots: the "Naturhistorische Gesellschaft Hannover", the "Historischer Verein für Niedersachsen" and the "Verein für die Öffentliche Kunstsammlung" had decided to merge their collections in 1852.

left with Her Hand at Her Chin



© Landesmuseum Hannover - ARTOTHEK

The motif of the female head with hand on chin appears repeatedly in Paula Modersohn-Becker's late work, which since 1903 has been determined motivically by the human figure and still life painting.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

PM-ST-02 Blue

93

Käthe Kollwitz

Self-Portrait »en face«



Käthe Kollwitz, née Schmidt (1867– 1945), was a German artist who worked with painting, printmaking and sculpture. Her most famous art cycles, including The Weavers and The Peasant War, depict the effects of poverty, hunger and war on the working class. Kollwitz was the first woman to not only be elected to the Prussian Academy of Arts but to also receive honorary professor status.

Kupferstichkabinett der Staatlichen Museen zu Berlin

The Kupferstichkabinett Berlin is part of the ,National Museums' in Berlin and the ,Kulturforum am Potsdamer Platz'. It is the largest museum of graphic arts in Germany and at the same time one of the four most important collections of this kind worldwide.



Self-portrait en face is a lithograph that is among the most impressive works by the artist. She used a sophisticated technique by creating a print in three or four colours. Alongside the lithographic stone for the face and neck, she used up to three colouring stones.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 40
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 1
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Grey

Edward Munch





University of Oslo



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The sun is the central image of a cycle of eleven wall paintings made in 1911 for the University of Oslo, taking up a striped technique that Munch had already developed in other paintings. An explosion of light, very different from the gloom of "The Scream": the color gives life to a myriad of different shades that are reflected in the water of a Norwegian fjord in a style so innovative that it is reminiscent of abstract art.



UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2 EM-SN-11

Blue

78%Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Expressionism

95

224

Edward Munch

Vampire



Munchmuseet, Oslo



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK





Expressionism

96

EM-VA-11 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Edward Munch

Sick Mood at Sunset, Despair



Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.



Dated 1892, this painting is the forerunner of the famous work 'The Scream', as Munch himself wrote in his diary, recalling St. A. the moment of anguish that seized him in front of the clouds flaming like blood in the livid light of a sunset in Oslo. The same diagonal perspective emphasises in both works the extreme desperation and panic of the moment.



97



EM-SM-08 Black

EU 40 - 46

UK 61/2 - 11

US 9 - 131/2

80%Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40

US 6 - 9

UK 31/2 - 61/2

Edward Munch

Anxiety



Munchmuseet, Oslo

In this 1894 work, Munch takes the same setting as in the famous Scream, a certain fjord in Oslo, and insists on the gloomy, restless depiction of the landscape with the flaming clouds, emphasising the artist's tormented state of mind and the sense of alienation perceptible in the group of people around him.

© Fine Art Images – ARTOTHEK



98



EM-AN-08 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Edward Munch

Madonna



Nationalmuseum, Oslo

The National Museum Oslo, founded in 2003 by the merger of some existing museums, is the Norwegian state museum and houses a large collection of paintings from the Norwegian Romantic Nationalism movement and works by Edvard Munch, including The Scream. There are also 19th century Norwegian paintings and sculptures.



© bpk / Scala

Madonna is the usual title given to several versions of a composition, showing a bare-breasted half-length female figure, between 1892 and 1895, using oils on canvas. The version owned by the Munch Museumof Oslo was stolen in 2004 but recovered two years later.

Expressionism

99



EM-MA-06 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Edward Munch

Madonna



100



Edvard Munch (1863–1944) was a Norwegian painter. His best known work, The Scream, has become one of the most iconic images of world art. Munch studied at the Royal School of Art and Design and began to live a bohemian life under the influence of nihilist Hans Jæger, urging him to paint his own emotional and psychological state. From this emerged his distinctive style.

Hamburger Kunsthalle

The Hamburger Kunsthalle has a collection of ancient, modern and contemporary works of art, including the famous paintings The Wanderer on the Sea of Fog and The Sea of Ice by Caspar David Friedrich. There is also an Alte Meister section "(" old masters ") and one for contemporary art.



© bpk / Hamburger Kunsthalle / Elke Walford

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 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



EM-MAD-06 Blue

Edward Munch

The Scream



Nationalmuseum, Oslo

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© The National Museum of Art, Architecture and Design

The Scream is the popular name given to a composition created by Norwegian Expressionist artist Edvard Munch in 1893. The original German title given by Munch to his work was Der Schrei der Natur (The Scream of Nature), and the Norwegian title is Skrik (Shriek). The agonised face in the painting has become one of the most iconic images of art, seen as symbolising the anxiety of the human condition.



101



EM-TSC-06 Orange

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13 ¹ / ₂	US 12 - 151/2

Edward Munch

The Scream



Nationalmuseum, Oslo

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Ceschrei

© The National Museum of Art, Architecture and Design

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Expressionism

EM-TS-08 White

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

102

Edward Munch

Inger on the Beach



Bergen Art Museum

Divided into four art museums and three composer houses, you will find Norway's second largest art collection.



© bpk / Scala

Inger, Munch's younger sister, looks out across from the shore in this painting from 1889. Asgårdstrand was the location for this artwork, somewhere that inspired many of the artist's work. It can now be found at the Kunstmuseum in Bergen, Norway, whilst the best collection of his work can be found at the Oslobased Munch Museum.



Modernism

103

EM-IB-02 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Gustav Klimt

The Fulfilment



MAK - Museum of Applied Arts, Vienna

The MAK exhibits furnishings and artifacts in various materials dated from the Middle Ages to the present day, divided into two sections: one for exhibition, with significant works such as the Thonet chairs or the furniture of the Wiener Werkstätte, the other, intended for didactics, with works of local craftsmanship.



© ARTOTHEK

Fulfilment reworks the theme from the last section of the Beethoven Frieze, The Choir of the Angels of Paradise, and predates The Kiss. The three couples are very similar, with the man's back turned towards the viewer, shielding his lover's body while exposing her rapt face.



Art Nouveau

104

GK-TF-08 Beige

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Gustav Klimt

The Tree of Life

Art Nouveau

105



MAK - Museum of Applied Arts, Vienna

The MAK exhibits furnishings and artifacts in various materials dated from the Middle Ages to the present day, divided into two sections: one for exhibition, with significant works such as the Thonet chairs or the furniture of the Wiener Werkstätte, the other, intended for didactics, with works of local craftsmanship.



© bpk / DeA Picture Library

The Tree of Life, Stoclet Frieze, completed in 1909, is a study based on the Art Nouveau (Modern) style in a symbolic painting genre for a series of three mosaics created by Klimt for a 1905-1911 commissioned work at the Palais Stoclet in Brussels, Belgium.



GK-TL-08 Beige

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Gustav Klimt

The Kiss







Belvedere, Vienna

The Belvedere Castle is a princely residence, a masterpiece of Austrian Baroque architecture, consisting of two palaces, the Upper Belvedere and the Lower Belvedere separated by splendid French gardens. The buildings house the Österreichische Galerie Belvedere, one of Vienna's best-loved museums.



© Belvedere, Vienna

The Kiss (German: Der Kuss) is an oil-in-canvas painting with added gold leaf, silver and platinum. It was painted at some point in 1907 and 1908, during the height of what scholars call Klimt's "Golden Period".
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 17% Polyamide, 1% Polyester, 2% Elastane



GK-TK-08 Yellow

Gustav Klimt

The Kiss







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© Belvedere, Vienna

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 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



GK-TKB-08 Blue

Gustav Klimt

Hygieia



Museum

Painting is destroyed.



© IMAGNO - ARTOTHEK

The Klimt Faculty Paintings were a series made for the ceiling of the University of Vienna's Great Hall. Upon presenting his paintings, Philosophy, Medicine - of which Hygieia forms part -, and Jurisprudence, Klimt came under attack for pornography. None of the paintings would go on display.





GK-HY-08 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 17% Polyamide, 2% Elastane, 1% Polyester

Art Nouveau

108
Gustav Klimt

Hope II

Art Nouveau





Museum of Modern Art, New York

The Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) plays a major role in developing and collecting modern art, and is often identified as one of the largest and most influential museums of modern art in the world. MoMA's collection offers an overview of modern and contemporary art.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Hope II (German: Die Hoffnung II) is a painting made in 1907. It was the second of Klimt's works to focus on a pregnant woman, both depicting Herma, one of his favourite models. Hope II was acquired by the MoMA in 1978.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



GK-HI-06 Black

Gustav Klimt

Emilie Flöge



Wien Museum, Vienna

The Vienna Museum (German: Wien Museum) is a group of museums in Vienna consisting of the museums of the history of the city. The emphasis of the permanent exhibits is on the 19th century, for example works by Gustav Klimt.



© bpk / DeA Picture Library / E. Lessing

Klimt painted the portrait of his life companion, Emilie Louise Flöge (1874–1952), who was an Austrian fashion designer, S. A. and businesswoman in 1902. Emilie Flöge was a member of the Viennese bohemian and Fin de siècle circles.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane







Blue

Gustav Klimt

Judith and Holofernes

Belvedere, Vienna

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© Belvedere, Vienna

Judith and Holofernes was created in 1901. It depicts the biblical character of Judith holding the severed head of Holofernes. Notwithstanding the alteration of features, one can recognise Klimt's friend (and, possibly, lover), Viennese socialite, Adele Bloch-Bauer.



n <u>111</u>



GK-JH-08 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Gustav Klimt

Fish Blood



Belvedere, Vienna

The Belvedere Castle is a princely residence, a masterpiece of Austrian Baroque architecture, consisting of two palaces, the Upper Belvedere and the Lower Belvedere separated by splendid French gardens. The buildings house the Österreichische Galerie Belvedere, one of Vienna's best-loved museums.



© Belvedere, Vienna

Ethereal figures, floating in the water sensually abandoned to the current, their long hair softly loose in the waves: an artistic representation that is also a statement of Klimt's vision of life, a recurring circle driven by a destiny beyond human control.



112

GK-FB-08 Black

GUSTAV HLIMT

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Gustav Klimt

The Virgin



National Gallery, Prague, Cyech Republic

The National Gallery Prague, formerly the National Gallery in Prague, is a state-owned art gallery in Prague, which manages the largest collection of art in the Czech Republic and presents masterpieces of Czech and international fine art in permanent and temporary exhibitions.



© Jochen Remmer – ARTOTHEK





113



GK-TV-08 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK

 US 6 - 9
 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

Max Liebermann

Rider on the Beach



Max Liebermann (1847–1935) was a German painter and printmaker of Ashkenazi Jewish ancestry, and one of the leading proponents of Impressionism in Germany and continental Europe. He has gained increasing prominence for his 'revolutionary' style and brushstroke. Liebermann's quality of painting is today compared by many experts to the likes of Renoir - even surpassing it in some respects.

Museumlandschaft Hessen, Kassel

The Museumslandschaft Hessen Kassel represents a group of institutions in Kassel, Germany, comprising museums, associated research libraries, and supporting facilities. The central complex of Schloss Wilhelmshöhe with installed art in the park and grounds was added to the UNESCO list of World Heritage Sites in 2013.



Liebermann painted dozens of variations of the motif Rider on the Beach, and he crossed paths frequently with art dealer Hildebrand Gurlitt, who bought and sold Liebermann's paintings during the twelve years of the Third Reich with varying degrees of legality.



Impressionism

ML-RB-06 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

114

Claude Monet

Water Lilies



a French painter, a founder of French Impressionist painting and the most consistent and prolific practitioner of the movement's philosophy of expressing one's perceptions before nature. The term "Impressionism" is derived from the title of his painting Impression, Sunrise, exhibited in 1874 in the first independent exhibition mounted by Monet and his associates as an alternative to the Salon de Paris.

Art Institute of Chicago

The Art Institute of Chicago is the second largest art museum in the United States after the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York and houses works from the 19th century, classical and contemporary art. In 2009, an extension designed by Renzo Piano was added, the Modern Wing, connected by a bridge to Millennium Park.





US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2 83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

115



Impressionism

Claude Monet

Water Lilies



Oscar-Claude Monet (1840-1926) was a French painter, a founder of French Impressionist painting and the most consistent and prolific practitioner of the movement's philosophy of expressing one's perceptions before nature. The term "Impressionism" is derived from the title of his painting Impression, Sunrise, exhibited in 1874 in the first independent exhibition mounted by Monet and his associates as an alternative to the Salon de Paris.

Musée Marmotlan

Monet

Musée Marmottan Monet features over three hundred Impressionist and post-Impressionist paintings by Claude Monet, including his 1872 Impression, Sunrise. It is the largest collection of his works. Marmottan Museum's fame is the result of a donation by Michel Monet, Claude's second son and only heir.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Water Lilies is a series of approximately 250 oil paintings. The paintings depict his flower garden at Monet's home in Giverny, Normandy, and were the main focus of his artistic production during the last thirty years of his life.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Impressionism

116

CM-WL-08 Blue

Claude Monet

Bridge over a Pond of Water Lilies



Oscar-Claude Monet (1840-1926) was a French painter, a founder of French Impressionist painting and the most consistent and prolific practitioner of the movement's philosophy of expressing one's perceptions before nature. The term "Impressionism" is derived from the title of his painting Impression, Sunrise, exhibited in 1874 in the first independent exhibition mounted by Monet and his associates as an alternative to the Salon de Paris.

Museum of Mødern Art, New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.



© Hansmann - ARTOTHEK

In 1893, Monet, a passionate horticulturist, purchased land with a pond near his property in Giverny, intending to build something "for the pleasure of the eye and also for motifs to paint." In 1899, he began a series of eighteen views of the wooden footbridge over the pond.



Impressionism

117

CM-BW-08 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Claude Monet

Poppy Field Near Argenteuil



Oscar-Claude Monet (1840-1926) was a French painter, a founder of French Impressionist painting and the most consistent and prolific practitioner of the movement's philosophy of expressing one's perceptions before nature. The term "Impressionism" is derived from the title of his painting Impression, Sunrise, exhibited in 1874 in the first independent exhibition mounted by Monet and his associates as an alternative to the Salon de Paris.

Musée d'Orsay, Paris

The Orsay Museum was originally a railway station, the Gare d'Orsay, renovated as a museum by the Italian designer Gae Aulenti and inaugurated in 1986. It is famous for its collection of Impressionist masterpieces and for significant examples of architecture, photography, decorative and industrial art.



© bpk / RMN - Grand Palais / Hervé Lewandowski

Monet showed Poppy Field to the public at the first Impressionist exhibition held in the photographer Nadar's disused studio in 1874. Now one of the world's most famous paintings, it conjures up the vibrant atmosphere of a stroll through the fields on a summer's day.



Impressionism

CM-PA-06 Beige

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

118

Franz Seraph von Lenbach

Richard Wagner



Franz Seraph Lenbach, after 1882, Ritter von Lenbach, was a German painter known primarily for his portraits of prominent personalities from the nobility, the arts, and industry. Because of his standing in society, he was often referred to as the "Malerfürst".

Richard-Wagner Museum in Bayreuth

The Richard Wagner Museum Bayreuth is an important German cultural historical site, where the life, works and lasting influence of Richard Wagner are researched and presented in a unique way and made tangible in a multi-sensory experience.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Impressionism

119



FL-RW-08 Brown

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

Suyanne Valadon

Portrait of Eric Satie



Suzanne Valadon, (1883-1955), was a painter, model and friend of many influential artists of the time and is often remembered as the mother of the painter Maurice Utrillo. She became familiar with painting as a selftaught, referring to Gauguin, the Fauves, the Cubists. A woman of rebellious spirit, she is known for the audacity of her subjects, virago women often naked, for the vibrant colors, for the portraits, among which that of Erik Satie stands out.

Musée National d'Art Moderne, Paris

The famous portrait, presented in Paris at the "Quatrième exposition des peintres impressionnistes et symbolists" in 1893, is a small-format painting, made by the painter during the brief period in which the stormy relationship between her and the musician lasted. The work represents the young composer in an almost picturesque way, with goggles and an old hat, an emblem of the Montmartre Bohème, painted with powerful strokes and vibrant colors that seem to anticipate Expressionist

© Joseph S. Martin - ARTOTHEK

painting.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

SV-ES-07 Grey



Georges Seurat

Eiffel Tower



Georges-Pierre Seurat (1859–1891) was a French post-Impressionist artist. He is best known for devising the painting techniques known as chromoluminarism as well as pointillism. Seurat's artistic personality was compounded of qualities that are usually supposed to be opposed and incompatible: on the one hand, his extreme and delicate sensibility, on the other, a passion for logical abstraction and an almost mathematical precision of mind.

Fine Arts Museums of San Francisco

The Fine Arts Museums of San Francisco, comprising the de Young Museum in Golden Gate Park and the Legion of Honor in Lincoln Park, is the largest public arts institution in the city. In 2016, the two museums drew a combined 1,402,000 visitors.



© Joseph S. Martin - ARTOTHEK

This oil on wood panel painting from 1889 was painted this the same year that the Eiffel Tower was erected as entrance to the World's Fair. Seurat spent a lot of time preparing sketches of the Parisian tower before finalizing the painting in his studio.



Impressionism

121

GS-ET-08 Beige

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Georges Seurat

Bathers at Asnières

Post Impressionism

122



Georges-Pierre Seurat (1859–1891) was a French post-Impressionist artist. He is best known for devising the painting techniques known as chromoluminarism as well as pointillism. Seurat's artistic personality was compounded of qualities that are usually supposed to be opposed and incompatible: on the one hand, his extreme and delicate sensibility, on the other, a passion for logical abstraction and an almost mathematical precision of mind.

National Gallery, Londoon

Founded in 1824, the National Gallery is located in central London's Trafalgar Square and houses more than 2,300 paintings, including important works by Rembrandt, Velázquez, Van Gogh and Michelangelo. It is among the most visited museums in the world, renowned for its extensive collection spanning the history of Western painting from the Renaissance to Post-Impressionism.



© ARTOTHEK

Bathers at Asnières is an oil painting from 1884, depicting a suburban, quiet Parisian river scene. Individual figures whose clothes are sculpturally piled up on the riverbank, as well as trees, strict border walls and buildings and the Seine are depicted in a formal layout. A combination of complex brushstroke techniques and a careful application of contemporary colour theory gives the composition a feeling of gentle liveliness and timelessness.



GS-BA-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

John Singer Sargent Portrait of Madame X

© ARTOTHEK



Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor. Painted in 1884, this work caused a stir when it was exhibited at the Salon de Paris because Madame Gautreau's very low-cut dress and very white skin gave a feeling of nudity that was considered scandalous, to the point that Singer Sargent changed its title to Madame X and corrected a strap that originally ran down the arm. Despite this, the painting had to be removed from the Salon.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

JS-PM-08 Brown





Impressionism

Paul Céganne

Still Life with Apples



J. Paul Getty Museum, Les Angeles

The Jean Paul Getty Museum is located in Los Angeles, divided into two locations: one for ancient art at the Villa in Malibu, in the historic location founded in 1974, and one for modern art in Los Angeles, dated 1997. The museum houses paintings, drawings, sculptures, manuscripts, decorative arts and photographs.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The green vase, the rum bottle, the ginger jar, the apples: all elements that Cézanne kept repeating in his paintings for years, not because he was particularly interested in these objects, but rather to experiment with different images of them through the overlapping of brushstrokes and tones. A study so intense that both Matisse and Picasso declared 'Cézanne is the father of us all'.



Impressionism

124

PC-LA-08 GREY

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Paul Céganne

Bathers (Les Grandes Baigneuses)



National Gallery, Londoon

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© Joseph S. Martin - ARTOTHEK

The recurring theme of the Bathers is clearly of classical inspiration and aims to represent the dream of a lost unity between human being and nature, a mythical harmony that depicts the female element as a symbol of creative energy and nature as a source of refuge from worries. The three Large Bathers works, which Cézanne worked on in his final years from 1895 to 1906, are considered his spiritual testament.



Impressionism

125

PC-TB-01 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Paul Céganne

The Card Players



Musée d'Orsay, Paris

The Orsay Museum was originally a railway station, the Gare d'Orsay, renovated as a museum by the Italian designer Gae Aulenti and inaugurated in 1986. It is famous for its collection of Impressionist masterpieces and for significant examples of architecture, photography, decorative and industrial art.



© Peter Willi - ARTOTHEK

The Card Players is a series of oil paintings by the French Post-Impressionist artist Paul Cézanne. The versions vary in size, the number of players, and the setting in which the game takes place. Cézanne also completed numerous drawings and studies in preparation for The Card Players series. One version of The Card Players was sold in 2011 to the Royal Family of Qatar.



Black

EU 40 - 46

UK 61/2 - 11

US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40

US 6 - 9

UK 31/2 - 61/2

Paul Céganne

The Card Players



Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

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© ARTOTHEK

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PC-CP-01 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Paul Céganne

Still Life Plate and Fruit



Private Collection



Still Life Plate and Fruit was created in c.1887 during his mature period. In Cézanne's mature work there is the development of a solidified, almost architectural style of painting, an authentic observation of the seen world by the most accurate method of representing it in paint.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UI

 US 6 - 9
 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Post Impressionism

128

PC-SL-08 Grey 559

Giovanni Boldini



Giovanni Boldini (1842-1931) was an Italian genre and portrait painter who lived and worked in Paris for most of his career. According to a 1933 article in Time Magazine, he was known as the ,Master of Swish' because of his following style of painting. He became the most fashionable portrait painter in Paris in the late 19th century, with a dashing style of painting.

Galleria Nayionale d'Arte Moderna e

Contemporanea

The Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna e Contemporanea is an art gallery in Rome, Italy. It was founded in 1883 on the initiative of the then Minister Guido Baccelli and is dedicated to modern and contemporary art.





© bpk / Scala - courtesy of the Ministero Beni e Att. Culturali

Boldini painted this pastel on carton portrait of Giuseppe Verdi in 1886. The oil on canvas, hung on the wall of the living room of the Doria Palace, the winter residence of the Verdi couple in Genoa, is now kept in the Casa di Riposo per Musicisti in Milan.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Impressionism

129



GB-GV-01

Grey

Dante Gabriel Rossetti

The Day Dream



130



Gabriel Charles Dante Rossetti, generally known as Dante Gabriel Rossetti, was an English poet, illustrator, painter, translator, and member of the Rossetti family. He founded the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood in 1848 with William Holman Hunt and John Everett Millais.

Ashmolean Museum Oxford

The Ashmolean Museum of Art and Archaeology on Beaumont Street, Oxford, England, is Britain's first public museum. Its first building was erected in 1678-1683 to house the cabinet of curiosities that Elias Ashmole gave to the University of Oxford in 1677.



© Fine Art Images – ARTOTHEK



Originally titled Monna Primavera, The Day Dream exhibited at the Ashmolean Museum is a chalk sketch of the 1880 oil painting of the same title: Rossetti depicts his secretly beloved Jane Morris, melancholic gaze lost in the distance, holding a honeysuckle flower, in Victorian times a token of love.



DG-DD-08 Grey

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Edgar Degas

The Little Fourteen-Year-Old Dancer

Impressionism

131



Edgar Degas (1834-1917) was a French artist famous for his pastel drawings and oil paintings of ballerinas. Degas also produced bronze sculptures, prints, and drawings. Degas is especially identified with the subject of dance; more than half of his works depict dancers. Although Degas is regarded as one of the founders of Impressionism, he rejected the term, preferring to be called a realist.

Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor. The Little Dancer Aged Fourteen, the title given by the artist, is the only sculpture that Degas would ever exhibit in public. It has become one of the most beloved works of art, well known through the many bronze casts produced from this unique original statuette, following the artist's death.

© ARTOTHEK



ED-LD-06 Grey

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Edgar Degas

The Star



Edgar Degas (1834-1917) was a French artist famous for his pastel drawings and oil paintings of ballerinas. Degas also produced bronze sculptures, prints, and drawings. Degas is especially identified with the subject of dance; more than half of his works depict dancers. Although Degas is regarded as one of the founders of Impressionism, he rejected the term, preferring to be called a realist.

Musée d'Orsay, Paris

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© bpk / RMN - Grand Palais / Jean Schormans

In the pastel The Star (French: L'Étoile) we see a lone ballerina on the stage, the stage lighting shining brilliantly onto her and her performance. She is en pointe, balancing gracefully on one leg and maintaining a majestic pose.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane







Black

Edgar Degas

The Dance Studio



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© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

From 1870 Degas increasingly painted ballet subjects, partly because they sold well and provided him with needed income after his brother's debts had left the family bankrupt. This painting dates from around 1880.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80%Cotton 18% Polyamide 2% Elastane



133



ED-DS-08 Beige

Auguste Renoir

After the Luncheon



Pierre-Auguste Renoir (1841–1919), was a French artist who was a leading painter in the development of the Impressionist style. As a celebrator of beauty and especially feminine sensuality, it has been said that "Renoir is the final representative of a tradition which runs directly from Rubens to Watteau." Renoir's paintings are notable for their vibrant light and saturated color.

Städel Museum, Frankfurt

Founded by banker Johann Friedrich Städel in 1815, the Städel Museum is the oldest and most important museum foundation in Germany. He exhibits European art with artists such as Cranach, Dürer, Botticelli, Rembrandt, Vermeer, Monet, Picasso, Bacon, Richter. It stands out for its significant research and teaching activities.



© Städel, Frankfurt - U. Edelmann - ARTOTHEK

In the arbour of a restaurant, a meal is drawing to a close. The actress Ellen Andrée has taken the last sip of her after-dinner drink and is lost in thought. Renoir has perfectly captured the ephemeral impression on canvas in a seemingly spontaneous "snapshot".



AR-AL-02 Green

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

134

Impressionism

Auguste Renoir

In Summer



Pierre-Auguste Renoir (1841–1919), was a French artist who was a leading painter in the development of the Impressionist style. As a celebrator of beauty and especially feminine sensuality, it has been said that "Renoir is the final representative of a tradition which runs directly from Rubens to Watteau." Renoir's paintings are notable for their vibrant light and saturated color.

Alte Nationalgallerie, Berlin

The Alte Nationalgalerie in Berlin, designed by Friedrich August Stüler according to plans by Frederick William IV, who dreamed of a "sanctuary for art and science", exhibits paintings from German Romanticism (Schinkel, Blechen, Caspar David Friedrich), French Impressionists (Renoir, Monet Manet) and sculptures.



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In Summer (French: En été) is an 1868 oil-on-canvas painting, a portrait of Lise Tréhot, Renoir's companion from about 1866 to 1871. He painted her at least 23 times including Lise with a Parasol, Renoir's first significant critical success at the Paris Salon in 1868.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



135



AR-IS-06 Green

Auguste Renoir

Romaine Lacaux



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The Cleveland Museum of Art

The Cleveland Museum of Art in Cleveland, Ohio, is an art museum in the United States. It was founded in 1913, and the museum building was completed in 1916. The museum's collection includes over 40,000 exhibits.



© ARTOTHEK



Impressionism

136

AR-RL-02 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Eugène Delacroix

Jaguar Atlacking. a Horseman



Along with Ingres, Eugène Delacroix is considered one of the most important masters of ancient painting and French Romanticism. A versatile artist, inspired by Rubens and the Venetian Renaissance, and by his friend Géricault in the use of color and emphasis on movement, he was also influenced by Lord Byron, with whom he shared a reverence for the majestic spectacles of nature.

National Gallery, Prague

The history of National Gallery Prague is traced back to 5 February 1796, when a group of important patriotic Czech nobles joined a few citizen intellectuals in the decision to elevate the deteriorating public taste.



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Ferdinand Victor Eugène Delacroix was a French painter. He is considered a pioneer of Impressionism because of the vividness of his imagination and because of his generous use of color, and he exhibited paintings every year at the Paris Salon whose passionate subjects caused a sensation and not infrequently shocked. His work Jaguar Attacking a Horseman was created in 1855.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 12% Polyamide, 3% Polyester, 2% Elastane

137



Impressionism

ED-JH-02 Grey

Jan Matejko





The Polish painter Jan Mateyko was famous for his works depicting historical characters and battle scenes, such as the famous Battle of Grunwald, and for the patriotic intent that animated him and which made his painting an effective way of spreading the national patriotic spirit. He also decorated the church of St. Mary in Krakow.

The National Museum in Warsaw

The National Museum of Warsaw was founded in 1862 and exhibits Polish painting from the 13th century, foreign painting, ancient Egyptian, Greek and Roman art, numismatics, decorative arts. The moderniststyle building was built between 1927 and 1938 on a project by Tadeusz Tołwiński.



© Collection of the National Museum in Warsaw

Polish painter famous for his historical representations, such as the battle of Grunwald, Jan Mateyko tried to animate the patriotic spirit in his people through his works. In this famous painting, Stanczyk, the court jester of King Sigismund I, symbolizes national conscience: seated disconsolately on a chair, he seems to feel the tragic end of the wars against Moscow. The painting made Stańczyk one of the most legendary and beloved figures in Polish culture.



138



JM-ST-06 Black

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13 ¹ / ₂	US 12 - 15 ¹ / ₂

Jacques-Émile Blanche Marcel Proust

Eclectic and creative spirit, Jacques-Emile Blanche was a French painter and writer famous for the mastery with which he painted portraits (Proust, Gide, Debussy), using an original, pseudo-pointillist technique of great effect. Friend of the Impressionists Manet, Degas, Renoir, he also established himself as a writer, with various books of memories and art criticism and two novels.

Musée d'Orsay, Paris

The Orsay Museum was originally a railway station, the Gare d'Orsay, renovated as a museum by the Italian designer Gae Aulenti and inaugurated in 1986. It is famous for its collection of Impressionist masterpieces and for significant examples of architecture, photography, decorative and industrial art. The portrait of Marcel Proust, painted in 1892 by the French painter Jacques-Emile Blanche, is a famous work, exhibited at the Musée d'Orsay in Paris: emblem of an era made of refinement and love for detail, Proust is depicted there twentyyear-old, pale and very elegant, with a buttonhole, on whose symbolism academics debate: camellia, as odorless flower for the asthmatic Proust, or orchid, symbol of Swann's passion for Odette in "À la recherche du temps perdu"?

Post Impressionism



JB-MP-07 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

139





Maximilien Luce (*1858) was a French painter of late impressionism. He was particularly interested in the color theories of Georges Seurat and continued his technique of color separation. During his creative period, he created 4,200 paintings and 3,000 drawings.

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The Quai Saint-Michel and Notre-Dame was made in 1901 especially for Notre Dame and can be seen today in the Musée d'Orsay.d'Orsay.



ML-ND-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK $3\frac{1}{2} - 6\frac{1}{2}$ UK $6\frac{1}{2} - 11$ US 6 - 9US $9 - 13\frac{1}{2}$

Winslow Homer

The Gulf Stream



Winslow Homer was an American landscape painter and illustrator, best known for his marine subjects. He is considered one of the foremost painters of 19th-century America and a preeminent figure in American art in general. Largely self-taught, Homer began his career working as a commercial illustrator.

Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.



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141

WH-GS-08 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec Divan Japonais



Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec (1864–1901), was a French painter, printmaker, draughtsman, caricaturist and illustrator whose immersion into the theatrical life of Paris allowed him to produce a collection of enticing, elegant, and provocative images of the modern, sometimes decadent, affairs of those times.

Kunsthalle Bremen

The Bremen Kunsthalle, built in 1849, houses a collection of paintings and sculptures, a significant department of prints and drawings and a section dedicated to new media. It possesses, among others, important works by Claude Monet, Édouard Manet, Paul Cézanne, Max Liebermann, Max Beckmann and Paula Modersohn-Becker.





© Kunsthalle Bremen - Lars Lohrisch -ARTOTHEK

Divan Japonais is a lithograph created to advertise a caféchantant that was at the time known as Divan Japonais. The poster depicts three persons from the Montmartre of Toulouse-Lautrec's time. Dancer Jane Avril is in the audience. Beside her is writer Édouard Dujardin.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

HT-DJ-08

Yellow

Impressionism

142

ติโกสทั้ด

224

Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec

Jane Avril



Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec (1864–1901), was a French painter, printmaker, draughtsman, caricaturist and illustrator whose immersion into the theatrical life of Paris allowed him to produce a collection of enticing, elegant, and provocative images of the modern, sometimes decadent, affairs of those times.

Los Angeles County Museum of Art

The Los Angeles County Museum of Art (LACMA) offers its visitors numerous collections of art from prehistoric times to the present day, divided into sections: African, Mesopotamian, Egyptian, Greek, Asian and Islamic, Pre-Columbian, decorative arts, photography, modern and contemporary art.



© bpk / Los Angeles County Museum of Art / Art Resource, NY

Avril, a lifelong friend of the artist, commissioned this print to advertise her cabaret show at the Jardin de Paris in 1893. Lautrec's composition is characterized by a radically skewed perspective, severe cropping, flattened forms, and sinuous lines—such as those describing Avril's frilly costume.

Post Impressionism

143



HT-JA-08 Beige

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec Ambassadeurs



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Museum Folkwang, Essen

The Museum Folkwang is an art museum in Essen. It was opened in 1902 in Hagen by the art patron Karl Ernst Osthaus under the name Folkwang Museum and for a long time played a pioneering role in the field of modern art.



© Museum Folkwang Essen/ARTOTHEK

The lithograph shows Toulouse-Lautrec's friend Aristide Bruant (1851-1925) a French cabaret singer, comedian, and nightclub owner.

Post Impressionism

HT-AM-06 Black

1 22 4

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AMBASSADEURS

aristide

144
Paul Gauguin

Nafea Faa Ipoipo



Eugène Henri Paul Gauguin (1848–1903) was a French Post-Impressionist artist. Unappreciated until after his death, Gauguin is now recognized for his experimental use of color and Synthetist style that were distinct from Impressionism. Toward the end of his life, he spent ten years in French Polynesia, and most of his paintings from this time depict people or landscapes from that region.

Private Collection

When Will You Marry? (Tahitian: Nafea faa ipoipo) is a Post-Impressionist oil painting from 1892. Gauguin travelled to Tahiti for the first time in 1891. His paintings of Tahitians were met with relative indifference when Gauguin returned to France, his 1893 exhibition only a limited success.

© Hans Hinz - ARTOTHEK

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton 18% Polyamide 2% Elastane

Post Impressionism

145



PG-NI-08 Yellow

Vincent van Gogh

50th Anniversary Bouquet



© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

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Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

The Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam in Amsterdam, designed by Gerrit Rietveld and Kisho Kurokawa, contains the largest collection of Van Gogh's paintings and drawings anywhere. In 2017 it was the most visited museum in the Netherlands, and the 23rd most visited art museum in the world.



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Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam

In 2023 the Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam celebrates the museum's 50th anniversary of its foundation: for this special occasion, seven of Van Gogh's flowers paintings are combined into one blossoming bouquet in an exclusive artwork.

Post Impressionism

146



VG-JU-01 Yellow

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US6-9 US 9 - 131/2

Vincent van Gogh

50th Anniversary Bouquet

Post Impressionism

147



© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

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EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 1
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13

76% Cotton, 22% Polyamide, 1,5% Elastane, 0,5% Metal

VG-JU-13 Black

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Wheatfield under Thunderclouds



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Van Gogh Museum _{Amsterdam}

In the last weeks of his life, Van Gogh completed a number of impressive paintings of the wheatfields around Auvers. This outspread field under a dark sky is one of them. In these landscapes he tried to express 'sadness, extreme loneliness'.

Post Impressionism

148



VG-WT-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh





Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam

Van Gogh painted this still life in the psychiatric hospital in Saint-Rémy. For him, the painting was mainly a study in colour. He set out to achieve a powerful colour contrast. By placing the purple flowers against a yellow background, he made the decorative forms stand out even more strongly.

Post Impressionism



ANT .	Yellow	
1NI		
U 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
K 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
S6-9	US 9 - 131/2	US 12 - 151/2

VG-IR-06

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

E

U

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum

Van Gogh thought the landscape around Auvers-sur-Oise (FR) was beautiful. There were still old farms with thatched roofs, which made the countryside very picturesque. Here he drew thatched houses with wavelike outlines.

Post Impressionism

150



VG-LH-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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almond Blossom



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Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam

Almond Blossoms is from a group of several paintings made in 1888 and 1890 in Arles and Saint-Rémy, southern France. Flowering trees were special to van Gogh. They represented awakening and hope. He enjoyed them aesthetically and found joy in painting flowering trees.

Post Impressionism

151



VG-AL-06 Blue

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam

Tree Roots is an oil painting by Vincent van Gogh that he painted in Auvers-sur-Oise, France in July 1890. The painting is an example of the double-square canvases he used in his last landscapes.

Post Impressionism

152



VG-TR-06 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh





Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam

This picture of wild roses may look very pleasant and peaceful, but Van Gogh was actually suffering a severe mental crisis at the time. Van Gogh has painted the fragile blossoms naturalistically. But he has treated the green leaves differently. He has turned them into flat areas of plain colour surrounded by heavy blue outlines.

Post Impressionism

153



VG-WR-06 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum _{Amsterdam}

Van Gogh's paintings of Sunflowers are among his most famous. He did them in Arles, in the south of France, in 1888 and 1889. Vincent painted a total of five large canvases with sunflowers in a vase, with three shades of yellow 'and nothing else'. In this way, he demonstrated that it was possible to create an image with numerous variations of a single colour, without any loss of eloquence.

Post Impressionism

154



VG-SU-06 Yellow

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum

The olive groves around Saint-Rémy were a rewarding subject for Van Gogh. He was fascinated by the ever-changing colour of the olive trees and tried to find a good way of painting their irregular growth. His solution was to use swirling brushstrokes, bold outlines around the trunks and stylized blue shadows.



155



VG-OG-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh probably had only a small amount of paint left when he made this in Saint-Rémy. He had also run out of canvas. So he used diluted oil paint on cardboard for this view of the asylum's garden. He had only recently arrived and was not yet allowed to work outside the garden walls. Later he was allowed to draw and paint outside the complex.

Post Impressionism

156



VG-GA-02 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Van

Gogh

Museum

Amsterdam

Vincent van Gogh





Vincent van Gogh (1853–1890) was a Dutch post-Impressionist painter who is among the most famous and influential figures in the history of Western Art. He created about 2,100 artworks, including around 860 oil paintings, most of which date from the last two years of his life. He was not commercially

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years of mental illness and poverty.

Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum

These fishermen's boats appear slightly unreal. Compared to the irregular surface of the sandy beach, they've been painted in an overly two-dimensional way. The boats are made up of areas of uniform colour within strong outlines. Furthermore, the boats don't cast shadows on the beach. These stylistic elements were familiar to Van Gogh from his collection of Japanese prints.



Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh

field with Irises near Arles



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum

Van Gogh was captivated by the colours of the landscape around the town of Arles. He particularly loved the contrast between the yellow and purple flowers in the fields. In the landscape, he felt he could see a reflection of the world he knew from his collection of Japanese prints and he adopted elements of their techniques in his paintings.

Post Impressionism

158



VG-FI-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh

Self-Portrait as a Painter



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam

Van Gogh's dozens of self-portraits were an important part of his painterly output. Most likely, Van Gogh's self-portraits depict the face as it appeared in the mirror he used to reproduce his face, i.e. his right side in the painting is actually the left side of his face. This self-portrait was created between 1887 and 1888.

Post Impressionism

159



VG-PA-06 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

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Vincent van Gogh

Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Painted in 1886, when he was attending the Academy in Antwerp, this small painting, now part of the permanent collection of the Van Gogh Museum in Amsterdam, is considered to be a pupil's joke, as if the skeleton were making fun of the members of the Academy and their old-fashioned attitude: drawing skeletons was in fact a customary exercise at the Academy, but the young Van Gogh was bored and found it pointless.



160

VG-HS-08 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Head of a Skeleton with a Burning Cigarette Post Impressionism

Vincent van Gogh

© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

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post-Impressionist painter who is among the

Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

The Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam in

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Amsterdam, designed by Gerrit Rietveld

and Kisho Kurokawa, contains the largest

drawings anywhere. In 2017 it was the most

visited museum in the Netherlands, and the

23rd most visited art museum in the world.

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Van Gogh Museum _{Amsterdam}

Van Gogh saw the Potato Eaters as a showpiece, for which he deliberately chose a difficult composition to prove he was on his way to becoming a good figure painter. The painting had to depict the harsh reality of country life, so he gave the peasants coarse faces and bony, working hands. It is one of Van Gogh's most famous works.

Post Impressionism

161



VG-PE-06 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



Kröller-Müller Museum, Otterlo

The Kröller-Müller Museum in Otterlo, which owes its name to the art collector Helene Kröller-Müller, among the first to recognize the genius of Van Gogh, has the second collection of Van Gogh works in the world after the Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam, as well as works by authors such as Mondrian, Seurat, Pablo Picasso.





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Painted in 1890 and exhibited in the Kröller-Müller Museum in Otterlo in the Netherlands, Country Road in Provence by Night, also known as Road with Cypress and Star, is tinged with a poignant melancholy: Van Gogh is aware to be close to death, and paints the evening star and the crescent moon, representing the old and the new, divided by the cypress, like an obelisk, symbol of death.

Post Impressionism

162



VG-CR-13 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Vincent van Gogh

Postman



Museum of Fine Arts, Boston



In a letter dated 1888 to his brother Theo, referring to the postman Joseph-Étienne Roulin, who had become his friend, Van Gogh wrote : "Now I'm working with another model, a postman in a blue uniform with gold trimmings, a big, bearded face, very Socratic. (...) A more interesting man than many people." He painted more portraits of the postman Roulin than of any other person, apart from himself.

Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

163

Vincent van Gogh

Almond Blossom



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

The Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam in Amsterdam, designed by Gerrit Rietveld and Kisho Kurokawa, contains the largest collection of Van Gogh's paintings and drawings anywhere. In 2017 it was the most visited museum in the Netherlands, and the 23rd most visited art museum in the world.



® Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

Almond Blossoms is from a group of several paintings made in 1888 and 1890 in Arles and Saint-Rémy, southern France. Flowering trees were special to van Gogh. They represented awakening and hope. He enjoyed them aesthetically and found joy in painting flowering trees.



164



VG-AB-08 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

Vincent van Gogh



Musée d'Orsay, Paris

The Orsay Museum was originally a railway station, the Gare d'Orsay, renovated as a museum by the Italian designer Gae Aulenti and inaugurated in 1986. It is famous for its collection of Impressionist masterpieces and for significant examples of architecture, photography, decorative and industrial art.





® bpk / RMN - Grand Palais / Gérard Blot

Portrait of Dr Gachet is one of the most revered paintings by van Gogh. It depicts Dr. Paul Gachet with whom van Gogh resided following a spell in an asylum at Saint-Rémy-de-Provence. Gachet took care of van Gogh during the final months of his life. Post Impressionism

165



VG-PG-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

Vincent van Gogh (1853–1890) was a Dutch post-Impressionist painter who is among the most famous and influential figures in the history of Western Art. He created about 2,100 artworks, including around 860 oil paintings, most of which date from the last two years of his life. He was not commercially successful, and his suicide at 37 came after years of mental illness and poverty.

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® ARTOTHEK

Wheatfield with Crows was painted in July 1890. It has been cited by several critics as one of his greatest works. It is commonly stated that this was van Gogh's final painting. However, art historians are uncertain as to which painting was van Gogh's last.

Post Impressionism

166



VG-WW-06 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Vincent van Gogh

Starry Night



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successful, and his suicide at 37 came after years of mental illness and poverty.

two years of his life. He was not commercially

Museum of Modern Art, New York

The Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) plays a major role in developing and collecting modern art, and is often identified as one of the largest and most influential museums of modern art in the world. MoMA's collection offers an overview of modern and contemporary art.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The Starry Night, painted in June 1889, describes the view from the window of his asylum room, with the addition of an ideal village. Regarded as among Van Gogh's finest works, it is one of the most recognized paintings in the history of Western culture.

Post Impressionism

167



20		Blue
EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½	EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11	EU 46 - 49 UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13 ¹ / ₂	US 12 - 15 ¹ / ₂

Vincent van Gogh



J. Paul Getty Museum, Los Angeles

The Jean Paul Getty Museum is located in Los Angeles, divided into two locations: one for ancient art at the Villa in Malibu, in the historic location founded in 1974, and one for modern art in Los Angeles, dated 1997. The museum houses paintings, drawings, sculptures, manuscripts, decorative arts and photographs.





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Irises is one of several paintings of irises he started making within a week of entering the asylum in May 1889, in the last year before his death, working from nature in the hospital garden. The painting is one of his most renowned works.



168



VG-IS-06 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



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Self-Portrait



© bpk / RMN - Grand Palais / Patrice Schmidt

Self portrait, which may have been van Gogh's last portrait, was painted in September 1889, shortly before he left Saint-Rémy-de-Provence in southern France. Self-portraits were an important part of his work; he would paint himself because he often lacked the money to pay for models.

Post Impressionism



VG-SP-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh



Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.





© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

A Wheatfield with Cypresses is any of three similar 1889 oil paintings. All were exhibited at the mental asylum at Saint-Rémy, where Van Gogh was voluntarily a patient. The works were inspired by the view from the window at the asylum towards the Alpilles mountains.



170



VG-WC-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Vincent van Gogh



Van Gogh Museum, Amsterdam

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Bedroom in Arles



© Fine Art Images / ARTOTHEK

Bedroom in Arles is the title given to each of three similar paintings. Van Gogh's own title for this composition was simply The Bedroom (French: La Chambre à coucher). There are three authentic versions described in his letters, easily distinguishable.

Post Impressionism

171



VG-BA-01 / VG-BA-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh

The Starry Night Over The Rhone



Musée d'Orsay, Paris

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© Bridgeman/ARTOTHEK

Starry Night Over the Rhône (French: La Nuit étoilée) was painted 1888 at a spot on the bank of the Rhône that was only a one or two-minute walk from the Yellow House on the Place Lamartine which Van Gogh was renting at the time.



172



VG-SR-01
Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

Vincent van Gogh

Terrace of a Café at Night



Kröller-Müller Museum, Otterlo

The Kröller-Müller Museum in Otterlo, which owes its name to the art collector Helene Kröller-Müller, among the first to recognize the genius of Van Gogh, has the second collection of Van Gogh works in the world after the Van Gogh Museum Amsterdam, as well as works by authors such as Mondrian, Seurat, Pablo Picasso.



© bpk / DeA Picture Library

Café Terrace at Night is an 1888 oil painting, when first exhibited in 1891, was entitled Coffeehouse, in the evening (French: Café, le soir). Van Gogh painted it in Arles. The painting is not signed, but described and mentioned by the artist in three letters.



173



VG-TN-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Vincent van Gogh





Kunsthaus Zürich

The Kunsthaus Zürich hosts works of art ranging from the Middle Ages to the present day, with particular attention to Swiss art, with artists such as Alberto Giacometti, Johann Heinrich Füssli, Ferdinand Hodler, Pipilotti Rist, Peter Fischli. Works by the most significant international artists are also exhibited.



© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

This small painting is especially important within the work of the artist – and in the collection of the Kunsthaus – as these cottages painted in vivid blue and orange in Saintes-Maries are the beginning of a new phase van Gogh's paintings, exaggerating extreme contrasts. Post Impressionism

174



VG-TW-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

2.4

Vincent van Gogh

Oleanders



Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

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© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

For Van Gogh, oleanders were joyous, life-affirming flowers that bloomed "inexhaustibly" and were always "putting out strong 8 A. new shoots." In this painting of August 1888 the flowers fill a majolica jug that the artist used for other still lifes made in Arles.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Post Impressionism

175



VG-OL-06 Green

Vincent van Gogh

Self-Portrait with Grey Felt Hat



© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

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© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Van Gogh painted this self-portrait in the winter of 1887–88, when he had been in Paris for almost two years. It is clear from the work that he had studied the technique of the Pointillists and applied it in his own, original way.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Post Impressionism

176



Blue

Vincent van Gogh

Self-Portrait with Grey Felt Hat



© Fine Art Images/ARTOTHEK

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EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Post Impressionism

177



VG-SH-06 Blue

Vincent van Gogh

Self-Portrait



Kröller-Müller Museum, Otterlo

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© Blauel - ARTOTHEK

The severe, penetrating gaze, the hardened facial features, the rigid expression: everything in this self-portrait speaks to us of Van Gogh's anguish, even the rapid brushstrokes spread in waves across the background to create a whirlwind recall the artist's deep restlessness. Post Impressionism

178



VG-SP-15 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Georges Seurat

A Sunday on La Grande Jatte



Georges-Pierre Seurat (1859–1891) was a French post-Impressionist artist. He is best known for devising the painting techniques known as chromoluminarism as well as pointillism.. Seurat's artistic personality was compounded of qualities that are usually supposed to be opposed and incompatible: on the one hand, his extreme and delicate sensibility, on the other, a passion for logical abstraction and an almost mathematical precision of mind.

Art Institute of Chicago

The Art Institute of Chicago is the second largest art museum in the United States after the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York and houses works from the 19th century, classical and contemporary art. In 2009, an extension designed by Renzo Piano was added, the Modern Wing, connected by a bridge to Millennium Park.



© bpk / The Art Institute of Chicago / Art Resource, NY

A Sunday Afternoon on the Island of La Grande Jatte (French: Un dimanche après-midi à l'Île de la Grande Jatte) painted in 1884 in pointillist technique, is Seurat's most famous work. Seurat's composition includes a number of Parisians on the banks of the River Seine.



179



GS-SA-06 Green

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13¹/₂

Walter Crane

Swan and Bullrush



Walter Crane (15 August 1845 – 14 March 1915) was an English artist and book illustrator. He is considered to be the most influential, and among the most prolific, children's book creators of his generation and, along with Randolph Caldecott and Kate Greenaway, one of the strongest contributors to the child's nursery motif that the genre of English children's illustrated literature would exhibit in its developmental stages in the later 19th century.

Victoria and Albert Museum in London

The Victoria and Albert Museum in London is the world's largest museum of applied arts, decorative arts and design, housing a permanent collection of over 2.27 million objects. It was founded in 1852 and named after Queen Victoria and Prince Albert.



© Victoria and Albert Museum



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WH-SR-08 Green

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½
Walter Crane

Fig. and Peacock



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Post Impressionism

181



WC-FP-08 Ivory

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Walter Crane

Cockatoo and Pomegranate

Post Impressionism



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WC-CP-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

182

Walter Crane

Almond Blossom and Swallow



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183

WC-AB-08 Rose

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

William Morris

Evenlode

Post Impressionism



William Morris was a British textile designer, poet, artist, fantasy writer, and socialist activist associated with the British Arts and Crafts movement. He was a major contributor to the revival of traditional British textile arts and methods of production.

Victoria and Albert Museum in London

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 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

WM-EL-06 Red 188

William Morris

Tulip and Willow

Post Impressionism



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© Victoria and Albert Museum



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EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

WM-TW-08 Blue

1 22 2

William Morris

Strawberry Thief

Post Impressionism

186



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 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

WM-ST-01 Blue 1 22 2

Alphonse Mucha





Victoria and Albert Museum in London

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Post Impressionism

187



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EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AM-PR-08 Green

/ 图约

Alphonse Mucha

Cours de Composition d'Art Décoratif

Post Impressionism



Alfons Maria Mucha, known internationally as Alphonse Mucha, was a Czech painter, illustrator, and graphic artist. Living in Paris during the Art Nouveau period, he was widely known for his distinctly stylized and decorative theatrical posters, particularly those of Sarah Bernhardt.

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© Victoria and Albert Museum



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EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AM-CC-08 Ivory 1 224

Alphonse Mucha

Art Nouveau Poster



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189



AM-NP-08 Ivory 1 444

EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

Aleksander Gierymski

Jewess with Oranges



Aleksander Gierymski, (1850-1901) a Polish painter who lived in Italy for a long time at the end of the 19th century, is considered a precursor of Impressionism and representative of Realism: his painting often depicted scenes of everyday life with vivid details and attention to humble people.

The National Museum

in Warsaw

The National Museum of Warsaw was founded in 1862 and exhibits Polish painting from the 13th century, foreign painting, ancient Egyptian, Greek and Roman art, numismatics, decorative arts. The moderniststyle building was built between 1927 and 1938 on a project by Tadeusz Tołwiński.



Painted in 1880, this work represents with detailed realism the sadness and hopelessness of the elderly, poorly dressed vendor, contrasted with the brightness of the colour of the oranges, a symbol of warmth and vitality. The painting was stolen during the Second World War, found in Germany and returned to Poland in 2011.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

AG-JO-06

Black

Realism

190

Édouard Manet

Jeanne (Spring.)



Édouard Manet, was born on 23 January 1832, the son of a wealthy family in the Saint-Germain-des-Prés district of Paris. After attending the Institut Poiloup, he studied at the recognised Collége Rollin at the age of 12 and began to study drawing. After being rejected at the Naval Academy, he received his academic training at the Academy of Fine Arts under Thomas Couture. Today he is regarded as one of the pioneers of modern painting.

J. Paul Getty Museum, Les Angeles

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© J. Paul Getty Museum/ARTOTHEK

Spring or Jeanne (French Le Printemps or Jeanne) is a painting by the French painter Édouard Manet. The work, painted 1881 in oil on canvas, has a height of 74 cm and a width of 51,5 cm. It shows the later actress Jeanne Demarsy in an elegant white dress with flower decoration in front of a plant background. The painting The Spring belongs to the collection of the J. Paul Getty Museum in Los Angeles.



191

Realism

EM-JE-02 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Édouard Manet

The File Player





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© Peter Willi/ARTOTHEK

The Fifer or Young Flautist is a painting by the French painter Édouard Manet from 1866, usually kept in the Musée d'Orsay in Paris, and is now on loan to the Louvre Abu Dhabi in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EM-FP-06 Grey 149

Édouard Manet

Lunch on the Grass



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© Peter Willi - ARTOTHEK

One piece that illustrates this distinctive approach – Realism and Impressionism - is The Luncheon on the Grass a largescale painting that has become one of Manet's–and modern art's–most famous works. Like most Impressionist works, it features an ordinary situation: two female and two male subjects sharing a picnic–represented as a still life in the lower left corner–in a forest.



Realism

193

EM-LG-02 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Gustave Courbet

The Origin of the World The Woman in the Waves Realism

194



Jean Désiré Gustave Courbet was a French realism painter. He was born in Ornans, the oldest child of a wealthy farming family with large estates. After a very poor education he came to the Collège Royal (high school) in Besançon in 1837. At the age of 14 he was initiated into the basics of painting by Professor Pére Baud from Ornans.



Gustave Courbet

Le Désespéré



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Private Collection



© Bridgeman - ARTOTHEK

Gustave Courbet painted this work between 1843 and 1845, an oil self-portrait far away from traditional poses, almost challenging the academic rigidity of the pictorial art of his time. With this representation of himself, Courbet performed a provocative act, proving once again to be a genuine free spirit, as in his famous work 'The Origin of the World' in which he dared to depict the female sex with shocking realism.



GC-LD-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

195

Realism

Utagawa-Hiroshige

Juhi Hill and Drum Bridge at Meguro

Edo period



Utagawa Hiroshige, born Andō Tokutarō, was a Japanese ukiyo-e artist, considered the last great master of that tradition. Hiroshige is best known for his horizontal-format landscape series The Fifty-three Stations of the Tōkaidō and for his vertical-format landscape series One Hundred Famous Views of Edo.

Ashmolean Museum

Oxford

The Ashmolean Museum of Art and Archaeology on Beaumont Street, Oxford, England, is Britain's first public museum. Its first building was erected in 1678-1683 to house the cabinet of curiosities that Elias Ashmole gave to the University of Oxford in 1677.



© Ashmolean Museum, University of Oxford





UH-MD-08 Black EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 UK 11 - 141/2 US 6 - 9

US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2

Utagawa Hiroshige

The Coast at Hota In Awa Province

Edo period 197



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© Ashmolean Museum, University of Oxford





US 12 - 151/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

US 9 - 131/2

US 6 - 9

Katsushika Hokusai

Great Wave



Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.



© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

The Great Wave off Kanagawa, is a woodblock print published sometime between 1829 and 1833 in the late Edo period in Hokusai's series Thirty-six Views of Mount Fuji. It is Hokusai's most famous work, and one of the most recognizable works of Japanese art worldwide.



Ukiyo-e

198

KH-GWBE-06 Beige

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

Katsushika Hokusai

Great Wave



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© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

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Ukiyo-e

199

KH-GWBL-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

Katsushika Hokusai

Great Wave



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© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

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Ukiyo-e

200

KH-GWW-06 White

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

Katsushika Hokusai Mount Fuji from the Katakura Tea Fields in Suruga Ukiyo-e



Katsushika Hokusai (1760–1849) was a Japanese artist, ukiyo-e painter and printmaker of the Edo period. Hokusai is best known as author of the woodblock print series. Thirty-Six Views of Mount Fuji (c. 1831) which includes the internationally iconic print, The Great Wave of Kanagawa.

Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.



© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

Majestic and beautiful, many artists and writers have tried of capture the brilliance and power of the snow-capped summit the Fuji. And of all its representations, perhaps the most well-known is Katsushika Hokusai's woodblock print series Thirty-Six Views of Mount Fuji.



201

KH-MF-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

Katsushika Hokusai

Mount Fuji Red





Private Collection



© Peter Willi – ARTOTHEK

This was one of the prints published in Thirty-Six Views of Mount Fuji that helped secure Hokusai's fame and popularity within Japan and overseas. It depicts Mount Fuji in a deep, saturated red; thin white lines of snow tracing lines down from the tip of the peak. Small clusters of clouds fill the sky, and tiny trees grow to the base of the mountain, indicating its massive size. Hokusai's infatuation with Mount Fuji was much more than an admiration of its beauty.



KH-FR-06 Blue

EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 9 - 13 ¹ / ₂	US 12 - 151/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

F

EU 36 - 40

US 6 - 9

UK 31/2 - 61/2

Wilhelm August Rieder

Franz Schubert



© bpk / Hermann Buresch

Franz Peter Schubert (1797-1828) was an Austrian composer. Although he died at the age of 31, he left behind a large oeuvre of about 600 songs. Schubert and Rieder were of the same age and were on friendly terms. He subsequently painted a number of Schubert's portraits.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

WR-FS-01 Grey

203

Romanticism

Wilhelm August Rieder (1796-1880) was an Austrian portrait, genre and history painter as well as draftsman and lithographer. He studied at the Academy of Fine Arts with Hubert Maurer in 1812 and became a drawing teacher at the Vienna Engineering Academy in 1825. He is the most famous portraitist of Franz Schubert.

Historisches Museum der Stadt Wien

The Kunsthistorisches Museum, inaugurated in 1891 by Emperor Franz Joseph, owns precious collections of paintings and other ones as the Eastern Egyptian collection, Roman and Greek antiquities, sculpture and decorative arts, numismatics, a library and the famous Wunderkammer of Rudolf II of Habsburg.

Vincenz Statz

Vision der vollendeten Domtürme



Vincenz Statz was a German architect. He is considered one of the most important and influential representatives of neo-Gothic in the Rhineland. He was born in Cologne and received his first lessons from a pupil of Karl Friedrich Schinkel. In 1841 he joined the cathedral construction company of Cologne Cathedral. At the same time as Friedrich von Schmidt, the later builder of the Vienna City Hall, he was also asked by the cathedral master builder to work on the plans.

Wallraf-Richartz-Museum, Cologne

The Wallraf-Richartz-Museum is one of the great classical picture galleries in Germany. The oldest museum in the city of Cologne, houses the world's most extensive collection of medieval painting, especially from the "Kölner Malerschule", as well as a representative selection of art from the 16th to 19th centuries.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Vincent Statz, one of the master builders of the Cologne Cathedral, was so impressed by the beauty of the work he was allowed to create that his imagination has since lived only in the creations of medieval architecture. This enthusiasm is also expressed in his watercolour Vision of the completed towers of Cologne Cathedral from 1861.



Remanticism

204

VS-VI-02 Brown

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Francesco Hayez





Francesco Hayez was an Italian painter, history painter, lithographer and engraver. Hayez studied at the Accademia di Belle Arti di Venezia (Academy of Fine Arts) in Venice with Teodoro Matteini (1754-1831) and in Rome with Pelagio Palagi (1777-1860), and trained as a classicist in Rome under the influence of Antonio Canova. Returning to Milan in 1820, he switched to the Romantic school in 1821 and became its leading artist.

Pinacoteca di Brera, Milan

The Brera Art Gallery (Italian: Pinacoteca di Brera) is the main public gallery for paintings in Milan, Italy. It contains one of the foremost collections of Italian paintings, an outgrowth of the cultural program of the Brera Academy, which shares the site in the Palazzo Brera.

It is one of the emblematic images of the Pinacoteca and perhaps the most widely reproduced Italian painting of the whole of the 19th century, created with the aim of symbolizing the love of the motherland and thirst for life on the part of the young nation that had emerged from the Second War of Independence and which now placed so many hopes in its new rulers. Hayez painted other versions of it, now in various European collections.



Romanticism

205

FH-TK-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Carl Spityweg.

Sunday Stroll

Romanticism



Carl Spitzweg (1808–1885) was a German romanticist painter, especially of genre subjects. He was self-taught as an artist, starting out by copying the works of Flemish masters. He contributed his first work to satiric magazines. Many of his paintings depict sharply characterized eccentrics. Spitzweg is considered to be one of the most important artists of the Biedermeier era.

Salipurg. Museum

Founded in 1834, the Salzburg Museum is the oldest existing and most comprehensive museum dedicated to the history of art and culture in Salzburg. It is an active ambassador for the preservation and communication of UNESCO World Heritage through its work and its locations in the historic Old Town.



© ARTOTHEK

Franz Carl Spitzweg was a German painter and draftsman of the late Romantic and Biedermeier periods. His work Der Sonntagsspaziergang was created in 1841. EU 36 - 40 EU UK 3½ - 6½ UK US 6 - 9 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

CS-SS-02 Grey

111

Carl Spityweg.





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Neue Pinakothek, Munich

The Neue Pinakothek, located in the area of the great museums of Munich, exhibits works from the post-French Revolution period up to Symbolism and Art Nouveau. Founded by Ludwig I of Bavaria in 1853, destroyed during the Second World War, it was redesigned by Alexander von Branca and rebuilt in 1981.



© bpk / Bayerische Staatsgemäldesammlungen

The Poor Poet is undoubtedly Spitzweg's most famous subject. Rather than an august artistic genius, Spitzweg opted to present the figure of a bohemian: antibourgeois, destitute, but inspired, conveying a sense of poverty and existential fears.



CS-PP-02 Brown

EU 40 - 46

UK 61/2 - 11

US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40

US 6 - 9

UK 31/2 - 61/2

John James Audubon

American Flamingo

Romanticism

224



John James Audubon was a scientist and artist who made it his life's work to study and draw birds. He observed and drew various species of birds from a young age. By profession he was a hunter, dealer and taxidermist.

National Gallery of Art, Chicago

The National Gallery of Art, founded as a gift to the nation, serves as a center of visual art, education, and culture. Its collection of more than 150,000 paintings, sculpture, decorative arts, photographs, prints, and drawings spans the history of Western art and showcases some of the triumphs of human creativity.



American Flamingo is one of the 435 hand-colored engravings that make up John James Audubon's monumental Birds of America, issued in four volumes between 1826 and 1838. The flamingo's silhouette emphasizes the elegant curve of its body, even as the abrupt curve of its neck gives the shocking, momentary impression of a headless bird.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2 **JA-AF-06** Beige

John James Audubon

Snowy Owl



John James Audubon was a scientist and artist who made it his life's work to study and draw birds. He observed and drew various species of birds from a young age. By profession he was a hunter, dealer and taxidermist.

Private Collection



Snowy Owl is an engraving by naturalist and painter John James Audubon. It was printed full size and is an early illustration of a snowy owl and part of The Birds of America. It was first published as part of a series in sections around 1831. This specific engraving of the snowy owl, like others in The Birds of America, consists of a hand-coloured engraving, made from copper engraved plates.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 5% Elastane

Romanticism

209

JA-SO-03

Blue

Hippolyte Flandrin

Nude Youth Sitting by the Sea

Jean-Hippolyte Flandrin (1809-1864) struggled as a poor artist. In 1832, however, he won the Prix de Rome. This prestigious art scholarship meant that he was no longer limited by his poverty and allowed him to study five years in Rome. His celebrity both in France and Italy increased due to several paintings, and in 1853 he was elected to the Académie des Beaux-Arts.

Musée du Louvre, Paris

The Louvre Museum was inaugurated in 1793 by the revolutionary government, after having been the seat of the monarchy. In addition to Leonardo's emblematic Mona Lisa, it houses masterpieces such as the Nike of Samothrace, the Venus de Milo, and precious finds such as the Code of Hammurabi.

Like the Oedipus painted by Flandrin's master Ingres, this study of a nude youth was sent to Paris in 1837 as representative C.A. of the work of the fourth-year students at the French Academy in Rome. Ingres' purism is here taken to extremes: the human body is close to achieving the primeval form of the circle.

© Peter Willi - ARTOTHEK



Remanticism

210

HF-NY-02 Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13¹/₂

Heinrich Jakob Fried

Blue Grotto of Capri



© Peter Willi - ARTOTHEK

The Blue Grotto of Capri is probably the most famous picture of the late romantic painter Heinrich Jakob Fried. The rocky cave had been rediscovered in 1826 by the painters August Kopisch and Ernst Fries and soon advanced to become one of the most popular destinations for German travelers to Italy. EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

HF-BG-06 Black

Romanticism

211

Heinrich Jakob Fried studied at the art school in Augsburg and at the Academy in Munich under Langer and Cornelius and initially turned mainly to history painting in the Romantic sense. In 1830 he published a lithographic collection of views of historical monuments in the Palatinate under the title "Erinnerung an die Vorzeit, oder die Rheinpfalz". From 1834 to 1837 he stayed in Italy, and in 1845 he received the position of curator of the Kunstverein in Munich, which he held until his death.

Kunsthalle Bremen

The Bremen Kunsthalle, built in 1849, houses a collection of paintings and sculptures, a significant department of prints and drawings and a section dedicated to new media. It possesses, among others, important works by Claude Monet, Édouard Manet, Paul Cézanne, Max Liebermann, Max Beckmann and Paula Modersohn-Becker.

Eugène Delacroix

Frédéric Chopin

Along with Ingres, Eugène Delacroix is considered one of the most important masters

considered one of the most important masters of ancient painting and French Romanticism. A versatile artist, inspired by Rubens and the Venetian Renaissance, and by his friend Géricault in the use of color and emphasis on movement, he was also influenced by Lord Byron, with whom he shared a reverence for the majestic spectacles of nature.

Louvre, Paris

The Louvre is the world's largest art museum and a historic monument. A central landmark of Paris, it is located on the Right Bank of the Seine. Approximately 38,000 objects from prehistory to the 21st century are exhibited. In 2019, the Louvre received 9.6 million visitors.



© Peter Willi – ARTOTHEK



78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Romanticism

212

ED-FC-06 Brown

Eugène Delacroix

Liberty Leading. the People



Along with Ingres, Eugène Delacroix is considered one of the most important masters of ancient painting and French Romanticism. A versatile artist, inspired by Rubens and the Venetian Renaissance, and by his friend Géricault in the use of color and emphasis on movement, he was also influenced by Lord Byron, with whom he shared a reverence for the majestic spectacles of nature.

Musée du Louvre, Paris

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© bpk / RMN - Grand Palais / Michel Urtado

The artwork "Liberty Leading the People, was first exhibited at the Parisian Salon in 1831. It shows the allegorical figure of freedom leading the people to victory over the bodies of fallen companions.



Romanticism

	S. S. S.	Beige
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15 ¹ / ₂

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

213



Romanticism



Joseph Mallord William Turner (1775–1851), known in his time as William Turner, was an English Romantic painter, printmaker and watercolourist. He is known for his expressive colourisations, imaginative landscapes and turbulent, often violent marine paintings. He left behind more than 550 oil paintings, 2,000 watercolours, and 30,000 works on paper.

Tate Gallery, London

Tate Britain (known from 1932 to 2000 as the Tate Gallery) is is part of the Tate network of galleries in England and its oldest gallery, having opened in 1897. It houses a substantial collection of the art of the United Kingdom since Tudor times. The hereditary seat of the Dukes of Norfolk, the imposing and stolid stone form of Arundel Castle occupies the central register of Turner's drawing. The fortification, built atop a motte, was situated at the mouth of the River Arun for defensive purposes during the reign of William the Conqueror.1 Turner seems to have depicted the south bailey of the Castle which gives onto the Arun valley.



 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½ JT-AC-02 Beige

Caspar David Friedrich Two Men Contemplating the Moon



Caspar David Friedrich (1774–1840) was a 19th-century landscape painter, generally considered the most important German artist of his generation. He is best known for his mid-period allegorical landscapes which typically feature contemplative figures silhouetted against night skies, morning mists, barren trees or Gothic ruins. Friedrich's paintings characteristically set a human presence in diminished perspective amid expansive landscapes.

Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

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© ARTOTHEK

Two Men Contemplating the Moon is a painting by Caspar David Friedrich. The painting in oil on canvas in the format 35 x 44 cm with its motif is considered the epitome of the romantic view of nature and identification image of German Romanticism.



Romanticism

215

CF-TM-06 Brown

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Caspar David Friedrich Wanderer Above the Sea of Fog.

Romanticism



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Hamburger Kunsthalle

The Hamburger Kunsthalle has a collection of ancient, modern and contemporary works of art, including the famous paintings The Wanderer on the Sea of Fog and The Sea of Ice by Caspar David Friedrich. There is also an Alte Meister section "(" old masters ") and one for contemporary art.



© bpk / Hamburger Kunsthalle / Elke Walford

Wanderer above the Sea of Fog (German: Der Wanderer über dem Nebelmeer), painted c. 1818, has been considered to be one of the masterpieces of Romanticism and one of its most representative works.



CF-WS-08 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½
Caspar David Friedrich

The Monk by the Sea

Romanticism



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Alte Nationalgallerie, Berlin

The Alte Nationalgalerie in Berlin, designed by Friedrich August Stüler according to plans by Frederick William IV, who dreamed of a "sanctuary for art and science", exhibits paintings from German Romanticism (Schinkel, Blechen, Caspar David Friedrich), French Impressionists (Renoir, Monet Manet) and sculptures.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The Monk by the Sea is a painting by Caspar David Friedrich created between 1808 and 1810. The painting in oil on canvas in the format 110 × 171.5 cm is also known under the title Wanderer on the Shore of the Sea. With the radical pictorial form of a landscape, it is considered the "epitome of a modern painting" and "altarpiece of modern man".

EU 36 - 40 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

CF-MS-08 Blue

Anne-Louis Girodet de Roucy-Trioson Napoleon I in Coronation Robes

Anne-Louis Girodet de Roucy-Trioson (29 January 1767 – 9 December 1824) was a French painter and pupil of Jacques-Louis David, who participated in the early Romantic movement by including elements of eroticism in his paintings. Girodet is remembered for his precise and clear style and for his paintings of members of the Napoleonic family.

Musée Girodet, Paris

Rich in an important collection of ancient art, the Girodet Museum offers a glimpse into the work and life of Anne-Louis Girodet-Trioson, born in Montargis in 1767. The Girodet Museum is accredited as "Museum of France" since 2002.



© Peter Willi - ARTOTHEK

Napoleon I as Emperor, also known as Napoleon I in his Coronation Robes, is an oil on canvas painting by the French artist François Gérard, produced in 1805 under the First French Empire.



Romanticism

218

AG-NA-06 Green

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Francisco de Goya

Saturno



Museo Nacional del Prado, Madrid

The Prado Museum, designed by Juan de Villanueva for Carlos III, has one of the largest collections of European art from the 12th to the 20th century, with works by leading Italian, Spanish and Flemish artists, including Beato Angelico, Mantegna, Raphael , Bosch, Bruegel, El Greco, Rubens, Titian, Velázquez, Goya.



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Saturn Devouring His Son (Spanish: Saturno devorando a su hijo) depicts the Greek myth of the Titan Cronus (in the title Romanized to Saturn), who, fearing that he would be overthrown by one of his children, ate each one upon their birth.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Romanticism

219



Black

Francisco de Goya

The Third of May 1808



Museo Nacional del Prado, Madrid

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The Third of May 1808 (Spanish: El tres de mayo de 1808) was completed in 1814 In the work, Goya sought to commemorate Spanish resistance to Napoleon's armies during the occupation of 1808 in the Peninsular War, commissioned by the provisional government of Spain.



FG-TM-06 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Francisco de Goya

The Water Carrier



Museum of Fine Arts, Budapest

The Budapest Art Museum opened its doors in 1906 and is one of the most important art collections worldwide. Among other things, it houses objects from ancient Egypt, antiquity as well as European art history of the 13th sis 21st century.



© IMAGNO - ARTOTHEK

Francisco de Goya's painting The Water Carrier, painted in 1812, during the Romantic period, shows a woman from Zaragoza, referring to the defense of the city during the Spanish War of Independence from France. This is to be understood as an allegory. The painting is exhibited in the Budapest Art Museum.



Remanticism

221

FG-WC-02 Grey

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Francisco de Goya

La Maja Vestida



Museo Nacional del Prado, Madrid

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The Clothed Maja (Spanish: La maja vestida) is a pendant painting created between 1800 and 1805. It is a clothed version of the earlier La maja desnuda (1797–1800) and is exhibited next to it in the same room at the Prado Museum in Madrid.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Romanticism

222



FG-MV-06

Brown

Francisco de Goya

La Maja Desnuda



Museo Nacional del Prado, Madrid

The Prado Museum, designed by Juan de Villanueva for Carlos III, has one of the largest collections of European art from the 12th to the 20th century, with works by leading Italian, Spanish and Flemish artists, including Beato Angelico, Mantegna, Raphael Bosch, Bruegel, El Greco, Rubens, Titian, Velázquez, Goya.



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The Nude Maja (Spanish: La Maja Desnuda) is a c. 1797-1800. oil on canvas painting, probably commissioned by Manuel de Godoy. Goya created a pendant of the same woman identically posed, but clothed, known today as La maja vestida (The Clothed Maja).

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Romanticism

223



FG-MD-06

Brown

Francisco de Goya

The Parasol



Museo Nacional del Prado, Madrid

The Prado Museum, designed by Juan de Villanueva for Carlos III, has one of the largest collections of European art from the 12th to the 20th century, with works by leading Italian, Spanish and Flemish artists, including Beato Angelico, Mantegna, Raphael , Bosch, Bruegel, El Greco, Rubens, Titian, Velázquez, Goya.



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The Parasol (Spanish: El Quitasol) is one of a cartoon series of oil on linen paintings specifically made in order to be transformed into tapestries that would be hung on the walls of the Royal Palace of El Prado in Madrid, Spain.



78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



224



Beige

Joseph Mallord William Turner Self-Portrait

Joseph Mallord William Turner (1775–1851), known in his time as William Turner, was an English Romantic painter, printmaker and watercolourist. He is known for his expressive colourisations, imaginative landscapes and turbulent, often violent marine paintings. He left behind more than 550 oil paintings, 2,000 watercolours, and 30,000 works on paper.

Tate Gallery, London

Tate Britain (known from 1932 to 2000 as the Tate Gallery) is is part of the Tate network of galleries in England and its oldest gallery, having opened in 1897. It houses a substantial collection of the art of the United Kingdom since Tudor times. Turner painted this self-portrait in around 1799 when he was 24 years old. He possibly intended to mark his election as an Associate of the Royal Academy. This self-portrait features on the £20 note issued by the Bank of England in March 2020.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

WT-SP-01 Black





Romanticism

225

George Stubbs

The Prince of Wales's Phaeton



George Stubbs (1724 –1806) was an English painter, best known for his paintings of horses. Self-trained, Stubbs learnt his skills independently from other great artists of the eighteenth century such as Reynolds or Gainsborough. Stubbs' output includes history paintings, but his greatest skill was in painting animals, perhaps influenced by his love and study of anatomy.

The Royal Collection

The Royal Collection holds an important group of paintings by George Stubbs; all of them were acquired by George IV when Prince of Wales and all of them (with the exception of a few) were sent in 1822 from Carlton House to the King's Lodge in Windsor Great Park, presumably as an appropriate setting for sporting paintings. The Prince's carriage here is to be drawn by two magnificently sleek black horses, whose coats and accoutrements match the colours of the carriage and the livery of the groom. The artist explains the harnesses and provides a three-quarter view of the carriage without drawing attention to the technical difficulty of either.



83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Remanticism

226

GS-PW-01 Grey

George Stubbs

Horse Frightened by a Lion



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Walker Art Gallery, Liverpool

The Walker Art Gallery is the national gallery of the North. For 130 years it has housed Liverpool's most outstanding art collection. Many of the gallery's most important works have been on display in the city for nearly 200 years. The history of the gallery and its collection reflects the people of Liverpool's commitment to and appreciation of the arts.

The dramatic theme of a lion attacking a horse is one of the most important in Stubbs's art and one which preoccupied him for over thirty years. It admirably combined his legendary anatomical precision as an animal painter with the heroic action, drama and sentiment required of the elevated genre of History Painting.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



GS-HL-01 Blue

Romanticism

227

George Stubbs

The Third Duke of Dorset's Hunter



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Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.

This painting of a bay hunting horse was given to John Frederick Sackville, who in 1769 became the third Duke of Dorset, heir to the family fortune and the family seat, Knole, Kent. The canvas dates to the artist's mature and most inventive period.



Romanticism

228

GS-TD-01 Brown

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

George Stubbs

Lord Grosvenor's Arabian Stallion with a Groom Romanticism

229



George Stubbs (1724 –1806) was an English painter, best known for his paintings of horses. Self-trained, Stubbs learnt his skills independently from other great artists of the eighteenth century such as Reynolds or Gainsborough. Stubbs' output includes history paintings, but his greatest skill was in painting animals, perhaps influenced by his love and study of anatomy.

Kimbell Art Museum, Fort Worth

The Kimbell Art Museum officially opened on October 4, 1972. The Kimbell Art Foundation, which owns and operates the Museum, had been established in 1936 by Kay and Velma Kimbell, together with Kay's sister and her husband, Dr. and Mrs. Coleman Carter. Early on, the Foundation collected mostly British and French portraits.



©ARTOTHEK

Stubbs's characteristically uncompromising spirit, and his quest for calibrated composition and balanced tones, are clearly evident in this portrait of Lord Grosvenor's young Arabian stallion. He employs a low horizon, with rolling hills and soft foliage, to effectively display the warm tones of the chestnut Arabian. The sprightly mien of the colt, ears pricked and nostrils wide, is set in contrast with the reassuring demeanor of the groom.



GS-LG-01 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

George Stubbs

Mares and fools in a River Landscape



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National Gallery, Londoon

The collection of the National Gallery in London belongs to the government, and entry to the main collection is free of charge. It is among the most visited art museums in the world, after the Musée du Louvre, the British Museum and the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Mares and Foals in a River Landscape belongs to a group of paintings of the subject, produced mainly between 1760 and 1769. Painted for aristocratic patrons, they are accurate portraits of specific mares famous for their racing success or as the dams of successful racehorses.



83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Romanticism

230

GS-MF-01 Beige

George Stubbs

Whistlejacket

Remanticism



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© Bridgeman - ARTOTHEK

Whistlejacket is an oil on canvas painting c. 1762 showing the Marquess of Rockingham's racehorse at life-size, rearing up against a plain background. The canvas lacks any other content except some shadows, and Stubbs has paid precise attention to the details of the horse's appearance.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

GS-WJ-08 Brown

Thomas Gainsborough

Blue Boy





Thomas Gainsborough, famous English portrait and landscape painter, founded the Royal Academy of Arts in 1768 and became the official court portrait painter in 1774. In his painting, he liked to be inspired by the observation of nature with great sensitivity and he was opposed to the cold academism of his time.

The Huntington Art Museum, San Marino

The Huntington Library is a cultural institution founded in 1919 by Henry E. Huntington in San Marino, California, which includes a library with maps and ancient manuscripts, an art collection of 18th century English paintings and a rich botanical garden.



The Blue Boy, painted in 1770 by Thomas Gainsborough and housed in the Huntington Library's in San Marino, California, is a well-known painting in the British world as early as the 19th century, much loved by the ladies of the aristocracy and upper class who wore its costume making it iconic, often copied by numerous artists and later filmed in magazines, on television and in many movies. EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6¹/₂ - 11 US 9 - 13¹/₂ TG-BB-08 Brown

Joshua Reynolds

Portrait of Omai

Grand Manner



On Auction

Painted in 1776 by Sir Joshua Reynolds, the portrait of Omai, which depicts one of the first Polynesian visitors welcomed to England portrayed in Tahitian dress according to the European perception of the time, risked having to leave the United Kingdom if a buyer hadn't been found for the record of 50 million pounds by March 2023. The National Portrait Gallery has acquired it jointly with the Getty Museum in Los Angeles.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

JR-PO-06 Black

Franz Xaver Winterhalter Kaiserin Elisabeth von Österreich



Franz Xaver Winterhalter was a German painter. In the 19th century he was one of the most sought-after and famous portrait painters.

Halburg Wien

The Vienna Hofburg is one of the largest palace complexes in the world. The oldest parts date back to the 13th century, and construction continued into the 20th century. The Hofburg was the residence and government center of the Habsburg emperors until 1918.



© Photobusiness - ARTOTHEK

This artwork shows Empress Elisabeth in a white gala dress by Charles Worth with brilliant stars in her hair. Charles Worth's gowns, such as this white tulle gown, were particularly captivating because of their precious materials and the bodyhugging cut. The crinoline is flattened at the front, and the masses of fabric are gathered at the back to form the Cul de Paris.

Classicism

234

FW-KE-08 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Franz Xaver Winterhalter Kaiser Franz Joseph I.



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© Photobusiness - ARTOTHEK

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 EU 36 - 40
 EU

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK

 US 6 - 9
 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Classicism

235



Grey

224

Joseph Karl Stieler Johann Wolfgang. von Goethe

Remanticism



Joseph Karl Stieler (1781–1858) was a German painter. From 1820 until 1855 he worked as royal court painter of the Bavarian kings. He is known for his Neoclassical portraits, which stand out because of their excellent technical execution and the idealization of their subject.

Neue Pinakothek, Munich

The Neue Pinakothek, located in the area of the great museums of Munich, exhibits works from the post-French Revolution period up to Symbolism and Art Nouveau. Founded by Ludwig I of Bavaria in 1853, destroyed during the Second World War, it was redesigned by Alexander von Branca and rebuilt in 1981.



© Blauel Gnamm - ARTOTHEK

Joseph Karl Stieler created the portrait of Goethe on commission from King Ludwig I of Bavaria. In 1828, the artist traveled to Weimar with a letter of recommendation from the king to do the preliminary work. Stieler has depicted the poet and scholar Goethe as a half-figure sitting at his desk. The upper body is turned frontally towards the viewer, while the head is turned to the right and the gaze is directed sideways out of the picture.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

JS-JG-06 Black

Joseph Karl Stieler

Ludwig. van Beethoven

Neoclassicism



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Beethoven House, Bonn

The Beethoven-Haus is a museum, seat of the homonymous cultural institution, located in Bonn, Germany, in the composer's birthplace. It preserves the world's largest collection of original documents and artifacts. In the garden there is a collection of Beethoven busts, dating from the early 20th century.



© Beethoven-Haus Bonn

Between February and April 1820, Joseph Karl Stieler worked on his portrait of Ludwig van Beethoven, which is probably the most well-known representation of the composer today.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



JS-LB-08 White

Joseph Karl Stieler

Ludwig. van Beethoven



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© Beethoven-Haus Bonn

Sr

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EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



238



Black

Barbara Krafft

Wolfgang Amadeus Moyart



Barbara Krafft, née Steiner, (1764–1825) was an Austrian painter. She was taught painting by her father, the Austrian Imperial court painter Johann Nepomuk Steiner, and accompanied him to Vienna, where she exhibited her first painting in 1786 at the Academy of Fine Arts.

Society of Friends of Music in Vienna

The Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde in Wien (English: Society of Friends of Music in Vienna), was founded in 1812 by Joseph Sonnleithner, general secretary of the Court Theatre in Vienna, Austria. Its music directors included Johannes Brahms, Wilhelm Furtwängler, Herbert von Karajan and Gustav Mahler.



© bpk / DeA Picture Library / R. Ostuni

The posthumous portrait of Mozart, painted nearly thirty years after his death, is beyond reasonable doubt the most recognisable as Mozart in the popular imagination. This winning painting of the young Mozart has become more iconic for us than the images made during his lifetime.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Neoclassicism 239



BK-WM-06 Green

Jacques-Louis David

Napoleon Crossing the Alps



Jacques-Louis David (1748–1825) was a French painter in the Neoclassical style, considered to be the preeminent painter of the era. In the 1780s his cerebral brand of history painting marked a change in taste away from Rococo frivolity toward classical austerity and severity and heightened feeling, harmonizing with the moral climate of the final years of the Ancien Régime.

Château de Versailles

The Palace of Versailles, 20 kms of the center of Paris, was the principal royal residence of France from 1682, under Louis XIV, until the start of the French Revolution in 1789, under Louis XVI. It is now an historical monument and World Heritage site.



© bpk / Château de Versailles / Rmngp

Napoleon Crossing the Alps is an oil on canvas equestrian portrait of Napoleon Bonaparte painted between 1801 and 1805, showing a strongly idealized view of the real crossing that Napoleon and his army made across the Alps through the Great St. Bernard Pass in 1800.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

JD-NA-08 Black

Neoclassicism



Thomas Hardy

Joseph Haydn



Thomas Hardy was a portrait painter born in Derbyshire, England. From 1778 to 1798 he exhibited 31 paintings at the Royal Academy - practically all portraits - and in 1790 four portraits in the exhibition of the Society of Artists.

Royal College of Music Museum of Instruments

The Royal College of Music Museum has an important collection of artworks and instruments spanning more than five centuries of history. It is divided into three thematic areas, music as creation, as craftsmanship and as performance. It owns precious artifacts, including the famous portraits of Haydn and Farinelli. This portrait of Joseph Haydn was painted during Haydn's first London visit in 1790–91. It was probably commissioned by the music seller and publisher John Bland for marketing purposes. The portrait was subsequently engraved, also by Hardy, and Bland published it, ensuring it reached a wider audience. Even now it is one of the College's most widely reproduced pictures and has become an iconic image of the composer.

TH-JH-01 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

241

Classicism

Johann Heinrich Wilhelm Goethe in the Roman Campagna





Johann Heinrich Wilhelm Tischbein was born on 15 February 1751 in Haina. His father was Johann Conrad, a carpenter. Tischbein began his artistic studies with his uncle, Johann Heinrich Tischbein the Elder (The "Kassel Tischbein"), in 1765, when Johann Heinrich Wilhelm was only 14 years old.

Städel Museum, Frankfurt

The Städel, officially the Städelsches Kunstinstitut und Städtische Galerie, is an art museum in Frankfurt, with one of the most important collections in Germany. The Städel Museum owns 3,100 paintings, 660 sculptures, more than 4,600 photographs and more than 100,000 drawings and prints.



© Städel Museum - U. Edelmann - ARTOTHEK



JT-GC-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Élisabeth Vigée-Lebrun Queen Marie Antoinette of France



Élisabeth Louise Vigée Le Brun (1755–1842) was a prominent French portrait painter of the late 18th century. Her artistic style is generally considered part of the aftermath of Rococo with elements of an adopted Neoclassical style. Her subject matter and color palette can be classified as Rococo, but her style is aligned with the emergence of Neoclassicism.

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© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

In 1778 Vigée Le Brun was appointed official artist to Marie Antoinette, who would become her patron and confidante. Thanks to the queen's influence, Vigée Le Brun was admitted to the Royal Academy of Painting and Sculpture. Her portrait of Marie Antoinette is world famous.



EV-MA-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

243

Rococo

Elias Gottlob Haubmann Johann Sebastian Bach



Elias Gottlob Haussmann (1695–1774) was a German painter in the late Baroque era. Haussmann served as court painter at Dresden, and from 1720 as the official portraitist at Leipzig. He is mostly known for his portrait of Johann Sebastian Bach which was painted in 1746.

Stadtgeschichtliches Museum, Leipyig.

The museum's collections comprise around 600,000 objects from all genres of material, written and pictorial tradition. The photo library with 80,000 objects, the almost 50,000 library items and the more than 85,000 objects in the sports history collection are of particular importance.



© Christoph Sandig - ARTOTHEK

The portrait of Johann Sebastian Bach shows him at the age of about 60 years, in a formal and idealizing pose. Almost casually holds a small musical sheet "Canon triplex à 6 Voc: per J.S. Bach" at its top, enabling the viewer to read it.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Rococo

JB-GH-09 Black

244

Jan Vermeer

Girl with a Pearl Earring.



(1632–1675) was a Dutch Baroque Period painter who specialized in domestic interior scenes of middle class life. He was a moderately successful provincial genre painter in his lifetime but was not wealthy, leaving his wife and children in debt at his death, because he produced relatively few paintings. He is renowned for his masterly treatment and use of light in his work.

The Mauritshuis, The Hague

The Mauritshuis, originally the residence of Count Johan Maurits van Nassau-Siegen and since 1822 a museum, exhibits paintings by the most famous Dutch painters such as Vermeer (The Girl with a Pearl Earring) and Rembrandt (The Anatomy Lesson), as well as works by the German painter Hans Holbein the Younger.



© The Mauritshuis, The Hague

Girl with a Pearl Earring (Dutch: Meisje met de parel) is an oil painting by Johannes Vermeer, dated c. 1665. The work has been the subject of various literary treatments. In 2006, the Dutch public selected it as the most beautiful painting in the Netherlands.

Dutch Golden Age 245



JV-GE-08 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 EU 46 - 49 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 UK 11 - 141/2 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2 US 12 - 151/2

Jan Vermeer

Girl Reading a Letter at an Open Window





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Gemäldegalerie Alte Meister, Dresden

The Gemäldegalerie Alte Meister in Dresden, located in the baroque Zwinger palace, boasts a collection of over 2000 paintings and numerous engravings: Italian ones from the Renaissance and Baroque periods, Flemish, French, German, Spanish paintings, works by Mantegna, Tintoretto, Velázquez, Cranach, Dürer.

© Blauel - ARTOTHEK

Jan Vermeer's Girl Reading a Letter at an Open Window is one of the world's most famous works from the 'Golden Age' of Dutch painting. It depicts a young blonde girl standing in the light of an open window, reading a letter. A red drapery hangs over the top of the window, which has opened inward and which, in its lower right quadrant, reflects the girl's mirror image. A tasseled ochre drapery in the foreground right, partially closed, covers part of the room in which she stands.



JV-GL-08 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Jan Vermeer

The Milkmaid

Baroque 247



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Rijksmuseum, Amsterdam

The Rijksmuseum is the national museum of the Netherlands dedicated to Dutch arts and history and is located in Amsterdam. The museum is located at the Museum Square in the borough of Amsterdam South, close to the Van Gogh Museum, the Stedelijk Museum Amsterdam, and the Concertgebouw.



© Rijksmuseum Amsterdam



JV-TM-08 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Diego Veláyquez





Diego Rodríguez de Silva y Velázquez (1599– 1660) was a Spanish painter, the leading artist in the court of King Philip IV, and one of the most important painters of the Spanish Golden Age. He was an individualistic artist of the contemporary Baroque period. He began to paint in a precise tenebrist style, later developing a freer manner characterized by bold brushwork.

Museo Nacional del Prado, Madrid

The Prado Museum, designed by Juan de Villanueva for Carlos III, has one of the largest collections of European art from the 12th to the 20th century, with works by leading Italian, Spanish and Flemish artists, including Beato Angelico, Mantegna, Raphael , Bosch, Bruegel, El Greco, Rubens, Titian, Velázquez, Goya.



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Las Meninas (English: The Ladies-in-waiting), painted 1656, is a complex and enigmatic composition raising questions about reality and illusion, creating an uncertain relationship between the viewer and the figures depicted. Las Meninas has been one of the most widely analyzed works in Western painting.



Baroque

248

DV-LM-06 Multi

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

Diego Veláyquez

The Feast of Bacchus



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The Feast of Bacchus (Greek: Ο Θρίαμβος του Βάκχου is popularly known as Los borrachos or The Drinkers. Velázquez painted it after arriving in Madrid from Seville, before his voyage to Italy. The work was painted for Philip IV, who paid 100 ducats for it.



Baroque

249

DV-FB-06 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Carel Fabritius

The Goldfinch



Carel Fabritius is one of Rembrandt van Rijn's most important students - even though only about eighteen works by this painter are known. Carel Farbitius died on October 12. 1654, at the age of 32, in the explosion of an underground powder magazine. He had just been portraying the sexton of the Oude Kerk of Delft. Much of his work must also have been destroyed in this accident, as 200 houses collapsed.

The Mauritshuis, The Hague

The Mauritshuis, originally the residence of Count Johan Maurits van Nassau-Siegen and since 1822 a museum, exhibits paintings by the most famous Dutch painters such as Vermeer (The Girl with a Pearl Earring) and Rembrandt (The Anatomy Lesson), as well as works by the German painter Hans Holbein the Younger.



© Joseph S. Martin - ARTOTHEK

Carel Fabritius created The Goldfinch in 1654. It is striking both for its naturalistic rendering and the simplicity of the motif, which lends a special note to Baroque painting in the Netherlands and can probably be attributed to the function of the panel (\rightarrow Baroque). "The Thistle Finch" depicts a bird at its feeding bowl. The slight underside elevates the goldfinch, which can be read as a factual description as well as an elevation of the animal.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



CF-TG-06 Beige

Ginevra Cantofoli

Donna con turbante



With approval of Palazzo Barberini Galleria Corsini

Traditionally this painting has been attributed to Guido Reni and considered to be a portrait of Beatrice Cenci before the execution to which she was condemned because she was accused of the murder of her incestuous and violent father; in fact, it was painted by Ginevra Cantofoli (1618-1672), a Bolognese artist famous for her works characterized by melancholic and sweetly sensual atmospheres.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK

 US 6 - 9
 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½ GC-DT-01 Brown

83%Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Palayyo Barberini Corsini, Rome

Palazzo Barberini is a historic building in Rome, built between 1625-1633, that hosts part of the Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Antica and the Istituto Italiano di Numismatica. The Galleria was founded in 1895 to exhibit works coming from various private collections by Filippo Lippi, Raphael, Titian, Tintoretto, El Greco, Holbein, Caravaggio, Guido Reni, Guercino and others, from the 13th to the 18th century. Baroque 251

Rembrandt van Rijn

A Woman bathing in a Stream



National Gallery, Londoon

Founded in 1824, the National Gallery is located in central London's Trafalgar Square and houses more than 2,300 paintings, including important works by Rembrandt, Velázquez, Van Gogh and Michelangelo. It is among the most visited museums in the world, renowned for its extensive collection spanning the history of Western painting from the Renaissance to Post-Impressionism.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Woman Bathing or A Woman Bathing in a Stream is a painting by Rembrandt from 1654. In 1831 it was acquired by the National Gallery in London. It was probably based on Hendrickje Stoffels. Hendrickje is said to have been Rembrandt's mistress, who depicts an erotic woman in a vulnerable state, who is just entering her bath.



Baroque

252

RR-WS-02 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½
Man with the Golden Helmet Circle of Rembrandt

Rembrandt Harmenszoon van Rijn (1606– 1669) was a Dutch draughtsman, painter and printmaker. An innovative and prolific master in three media, he is generally considered one of the greatest visual artists in the history of art and the most important in Dutch art history. His contributions to art came in a period of great wealth and cultural achievement that historians call the Dutch Golden Age.

Gemäldegalerie, Berlin

The Gemäldegalerie is an art museum in Berlin where the main selection of paintings belonging to the Berlin State Museums (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin) is displayed. It holds one of the world's leading collections of European paintings from the 13th to the 18th centuries.



© ARTOTHEK

The Man with the Golden Helmet (c. 1650) is an oil on canvas painting formerly attributed to Rembrandt and today considered to be a work by someone in his circle. Categorized as a work by Rembrandt for many years, doubts were expressed as to its provenance in 1984 by a Dutch curators' commission specifically created to investigate Rembrandt works of guestionable authenticity.

Dutch Golden Age

253



 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Rembrandt van Rijn

Scholar at the Lectern



Royal Castle Warsaw

Built in the 14th century by the Dukes of Masovia, the Royal Castle was almost destroyed during World War II by bombing. It was rebuilt, thanks to private donations, starting in the 1970s and completed in 1988. It was the official residence of the Polish monarchy. It houses works by Rembrandt and Bernardo Bellotto. Painted in 1641, The Scholar at the Lectern was titled Father of the Jewish Bride when it was bought by King Stanislaus of Poland and considered connected to The Jewish Bride, as they were both painted in the same year and on the same type of board, poplar wood, of the same size. In fact, this hypothesis was denied by the analysis of the composition of the two paintings, which do not have the same pattern, as is usually the case in works performed in pairs by Rembrandt.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

RR-SL-08 Brown





Rembrandt van Rijn Man in Oriental Costume



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National Gallery of Art, Washington, T.C.

The National Gallery of Art, one of the richest art museums in the world, houses the most important art gallery in the United States: it is made up of two buildings, whose vast exhibition area has allowed the artworks to be exhibited in order to optimize their vision, according to the most modern museological criteria.



© ARTOTHEK

Rembrandt van Rijn's Man in oriental costume was painted in 1635, probably after he had moved from his hometown Leiden to Amsterdam, to appeal to the demanding collectors of the city. Pictures of imaginary Persian or Ottoman princes were popular at that time, also because of new trade contacts between the Dutch Republic and the Middle East, which brought international visitors to Amsterdam.



Baroque

255

RR-MC-08 Brown

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

The Anatomy Lesson of Dr Nicolaes Tulp Rembrandt van Rijn

Baroque

256



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The Mauritshuis, The Hague

The Mauritshuis, originally the residence of Count Johan Maurits van Nassau-Siegen and since 1822 a museum, exhibits paintings by the most famous Dutch painters such as Vermeer (The Girl with a Pearl Earring) and Rembrandt (The Anatomy Lesson), as well as works by the German painter Hans Holbein the Younger.



© ARTOTHEK

The work, completed in 1632, is exhibited in the Mauritshuis in The Hague. The spectators depicted are ceremonially dressed for the social occasion. Like Dr Tulp, they are members of the Amsterdam guild of barbers and surgeons. Tulp's high rank is evident from the fact that he keeps his hat on in the hall.



RR-AL-02 Brown

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Rembrandt van Rijn

Self Portrait in a Cap, Wide-eyed and Open-mouthed

Baroque 257



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Städel Museum, Frankfurt

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© Städel Museum, Frankfurt am Main -U. Edelmann/ARTOTHEK

Of all the self-portraits in which Rembrandt depicts emotions, this one is probably the most engaging. He looks startled here, with pursed lips and wide-open eyes. You see him slightly from below, so that he seems to be recoiling. The etching is clearly executed and clever, with the contours of the shoulders and the cap fading into the edges.



Grey

EU 36 - 40 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

Martin Droeshout

William Shakespeare



© bpk / National Portrait Gallery, London

The Droeshout Portrait or Droeshout Engraving is a portrait of William Shakespeare engraved by Martin Droeshout for the title page of the First Folio collection of Shakespeare's plays published in 1623. It is one of only two works of art that can be definitively identified as depicting the poet; the other is the statue erected as his funeral monument in Shakespeare's hometown of Stratford-upon-Avon. Both were created posthumously.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

MD-WS-06 Grey

Martin Droeshout was an English engraver or copperplate engraver whose fame rests on the fact that he made the title portrait to William Shakespeare's collected works of 1623. Droeshout probably learned his craft from his father Michael Droeshout and his older brother John, both also engravers. In addition to portraits, he also produced engravings of an allegorical, mythical, and satirical nature.

National Portrait Gallery, London

The National Portrait Gallery is an art museum in London that opened in 1856. It houses portraits of historically important and famous British people. Portraits are selected based on the importance of the sitter, not the artist who created the work. The collection includes photographs, caricatures, paintings, drawings and sculptures.

Baroque 258

Peter Paul Rubers

St. Sebastian



Peter Paul Rubens (1577–1640) was a Flemish artist. He is considered the most influential artist of Flemish Baroque tradition. Rubens's compositions reference erudite aspects of classical and Christian history. His unique Baroque style emphasized movement, colour, and sensuality, which followed the immediate, dramatic artistic style promoted in the Counter-Reformation. Rubens specialized in making altarpieces, portraits, landscapes, and history paintings of mythological and allegorical subjects.

Gemäldegalerie, Berlin

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© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

St Sebastian is a painting of c. 1614 by Peter Paul Rubens, showing the Christian Saint Sebastian. It dates to the early years of Rubens' stay in Rome - its sinuous line and defined figures are thought to be the result of his studies of Michelangelo and of Flemish Mannerism. It was bought by the Borghese directly from cardinal Neri Corsini in Brussels.



Baroque

259

PR-SS-02 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Michelangelo Caravaggio

Giuditta e Oloferne

Baroque

260



Michelangelo Merisi (Michele Angelo Merigi or Amerighi) da Caravaggio (1571– 1610) was an Italian painter active in Rome for most of his artistic life. During the final four years of his life he moved between Naples, Malta and Sicily. His paintings combine a realistic observation of the human state, both physical and emotional, with a dramatic use of lighting, which had a formative influence on Baroque painting.

Palayyo Barberini Corsini, Rome

Palazzo Barberini is a historic building in Rome, built between 1625-1633, that hosts part of the Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Antica and the Istituto Italiano di Numismatica. The Galleria was founded in 1895 to exhibit works coming from various private collections by Filippo Lippi, Raphael, Titian, Tintoretto, El Greco, Holbein, Caravaggio, Guido Reni, Guercino and others, from the 13th to the 18th century.



With approval of Palazzo Barberini Galleria Corsini

A scene of cruel spectacularity: the beheading of the Assyrian leader Holofernes by the young Jewish widow Judith, who thus saves her people, becoming a symbol of liberation. A painting of great contrasts: first of all, stylistically, between light and shadow, but also between the servant's old age and the protagonist's youth, between life and death, between strength and fragility.



MC-GO-01 Brown

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Michelangelo Caravaggio

Medusa

Baroque

261



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Uffiyi Gallery, Florence

The Uffizi Gallery (Italian: Galleria degli Uffizi) in Florence in the region of Tuscany, Italy, is one of the most important Italian museums and the most visited, it holds a collection of priceless works, particularly from the period of the Italian Renaissance. © Gabinetto Fotografico delle Gallerie degli Uffizi

Two versions of Medusa were created (1596 and 1597) by Michelangelo da Caravaggio depicting the exact moment she was executed by Perseus. He plays with the concept by replacing Medusa's face with his own, as an indication of his immunity to her dreadful gaze. EU 36 - 40 E UK 3½ - 6½ U US 6 - 9 U

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

MC-ME-01 Brown

Michelangelo Caravaggio

Bacchus



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© Gabinetto Fotografico delle Gallerie degli Uffizi

Bacchus (c. 1596) is an oil painting by Michelangelo da Caravaggio commissioned by Cardinal Del Monte. The painting shows a youthful Bacchus reclining in classical fashion with grapes and vine leaves in his hair, fingering the drawstring of his loosely draped robe.



Baroque

262

MC-BA-01 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

Michelangelo Caravaqqio

Cupid as Victor



Michelangelo Merisi (Michele Angelo Merigi or Amerighi) da Caravaggio (1571– 1610) was an Italian painter active in Rome for most of his artistic life. During the final four years of his life he moved between Naples, Malta and Sicily. His paintings combine a realistic observation of the human state, both physical and emotional, with a dramatic use of lighting, which had a formative influence on Baroque painting.

Gemäldegalerie, Berlin

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© ARTOTHEK

Cupid as Victor is a painting by the Italian Baroque painter Caravaggio. Measuring 156 x 113 cm, the oil painting on canvas was created in 1602 and has been in the Staatliche Museen zu Berlin since 1815. A Latin alternative title is Amor vincit omnia.



Baroque

263

MC-CV-02 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

El Greco

Portrait of the Artist's Son

Doménikos Theotokópoulos (1541–1614), most widely known as El Greco ("The Greek"), was a Greek painter, sculptor and architect of the Spanish Renaissance. "El Greco" was a nickname, referring to his origin. He normally signed his paintings with his name in Greek letters, $\Delta o\mu \eta \nu \kappa o\varsigma$ $\Theta \epsilon o \tau o \kappa \delta \pi o u \lambda o \varsigma$. He is best known for tortuously elongated figures and often fantastic or phantasmagorical pigmentation, marrying Byzantine traditions with Western painting.

Museum of Fine Arts of Seville

Museo de Bellas Artes de Sevilla exhibits a vast review of Sevillian Baroque painting. Starting from the twentieth century, the museum began to receive masterpieces as donation from art collectors. The current collection includes works by great Spanish painters as Murillo, Velázquez, Zurbarán.



Pepe Morón © Museo de Bellas artes de Sevilla

Portrait of the Artist's Son is a Spanish Renaissance, oil on canvas painting created by El Greco in 1603. Once believed to be a self portrait by El Greco, it is now agreed that the painting is of his only son, Jorge Manuel.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Renaissance

264

EG-PS-02 Grey

Unknown Artist

Anne Boleyn

NA BOLINA VXOR-

© bpk / National Portrait Gallery, London



National Portrait Gallery, London

The National Portrait Gallery is an art museum in London that opened in 1856. It houses portraits of historically important and famous British people. Portraits are selected based on the importance of the sitter, not the artist who created the work. The collection includes photographs, caricatures, paintings, drawings and sculptures. Anne Boleyn was the second of Henry VIII's six wives and Queen of England from 1533 to 1536. This painting is probably based on a contemporary portrait that no longer survives. Boleyn was described as having a long neck, a wide mouth and with "eyes that were black and beautiful". This portrait has recently been structurally conserved following a successful fundraising campaign and the generous support of public donations.

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Renaissance

265

UK-AB-01 Black

Martin Luther Lucas Cranach the Elder



was a German Renaissance painter and printmaker and the most successful German artist of his time. He was court painter to the Electors of Saxony, and is known for his portraits, both of German princes and those of the leaders of the Protestant Reformation, whose cause he embraced with enthusiasm. He was a close friend of Martin Luther.

Metropolitan Museum of Art New York

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, "The Met", boasts a permanent collection of over two million artworks starting from classical antiquity and ancient Egypt: pieces by the most important European artists and American, Asian, African, Islamic, Byzantine art, as well as musical instruments, clothing, weapons and armor.



© bpk / The Metropolitan Museum of Art

Lucas Cranach and his workshop produced many printed and painted portraits of Martin Luther, with whom the artist was well. acquainted. In this small panel, the Reformer is shown close up, in three-guarter profile, wearing the distinctive black Protestant vestments.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

LC-ML-02 Blue

Renaissance 266

Raphael Sanyio

Angels of the Sistine Madonna



(Courtesy Mibact)

Raffaello Sanzio da Urbino (1483-1520) known as Raphael, was an Italian painter and architect of the High Renaissance. His work is admired for its clarity of form, ease of composition, and visual achievement of the Neoplatonic ideal of human grandeur. He was extremely influential in his lifetime. Together with Michelangelo and Leonardo da Vinci, he forms the traditional trinity of great masters of that period.

Gemäldegalerie Alte Meister, Dresden

The Gemäldegalerie Alte Meister in Dresden, located in the baroque Zwinger palace, boasts a collection of over 2000 paintings and numerous engravings: Italian ones from the Renaissance and Baroque periods, Flemish, French, German, Spanish paintings, works by Mantegna, Tintoretto, Velázquez, Cranach, Dürer.



© ARTOTHEK

The Sistine Madonna is an oil painting by the Italian artist Raphael. The painting was commissioned in 1512 by Pope Julius II. The canvas was one of the last Madonnas painted by Raphael. Giorgio Vasari called it "a truly rare and extraordinary work".



Renaissance

267

RS-AM-06 Beige

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

Raphael Sanyio

Self Portrait



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Uffiyi Gallery, Florence

The Uffizi Gallery (Italian: Galleria degli Uffizi) in Florence in the region of Tuscany, Italy, is one of the most important Italian museums and the most visited, it holds a collection of priceless works, particularly from the period of the Italian Renaissance. The Self-portrait is commonly dated between 1504 and 1506. It measures 47.5 cm by 33 cm. The portrait was noted in an inventory of the private collection of Duke Leopoldo de' Medici, completed in 1675, and later listed in the 1890 Uffizi inventory.

© Gabinetto Fotografico delle Gallerie degli Uffizi

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Renaissance

RS-SP-01 Brown



Albrecht Dürer

© Blauel/Gnamm/ARTOTHEK

Albrecht Dürer (1471–1528) was a German painter, printmaker and theorist of the German Renaissance. Born in Nuremberg, Dürer established his reputation and influence

Städel Museum, Frankfurt

Founded by banker Johann Friedrich Städel

in 1815, the Städel Museum is the oldest

Germany. He exhibits European art with

artists such as Cranach, Dürer, Botticelli, Rembrandt, Vermeer, Monet, Picasso, Bacon, Richter. It stands out for its significant

research and teaching activities.

and most important museum foundation in

across Europe due to his high-quality woodcut prints. He was in communication with the major Italian artists of his time, including Raphael, Giovanni Bellini and Leonardo da Vinci, and from 1512 he was patronized by Emperor Maximilian I.

The Rhinoceros



© Städel Museum - ARTOTHEK

Dürer's Rhinoceros is the name commonly given to a woodcut he made in 1515. The image is based on a written description and brief sketch by an unknown artist of an Indian that had arrived in Lisbon in 1515. Dürer never saw an actual rhinoceros.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Beige

Renaissance

269

AD-TR-01

0300

Albrecht Dürer

Virgin and Child with a Pear



Museum of Art History, Vienna

The Kunsthistorisches Museum (lit. "Museum of Art History") in Vienna, Austria, is the largest art museum in the country and one of the most important museums worldwide. Housed in its festive palatial building on Ringstraße, it is crowned with an octagonal dome.



© Photobusiness - ARTOTHEK

Virgin and Child with a Pear (German: Maria mit der Birnenschnitte) was composed 1512 in Nuremberg and shows stylistic influences both of Dutch as well as of Italian painting. Maria is depicted similarly as in one of his other works, the Holy Family (1509).

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US6-9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Renaissance

AD-VC-02 Black

270

Albrecht Dürer

Praying. Hands



Albertina, Vienna

The Albertina museum, named in honor of Archduke Albert, whose statue is in the center of the square, is famous for one of the most important collections of prints and drawings in the world, with a million works starting from the 15th century and including masterpieces by Dürer, Michelangelo, Rembrandt, Schiele and Klimt.



© IMAGNO - ARTOTHEK

The painting Praying Hands is the most frequently reproduced painting of the painter Albrecht Dürer. The drawing was created in 1508 and depicts the hands of an apostle who witnessed the Assumption of Mary. The painting is exhibited in the Albertina in Vienna.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Renaissance 271

224

AD-PH-06 Blue

Albrecht Dürer

Adam and Eve



The Prado Museum, Madrid

The Prado Museum, designed by Juan de Villanueva for Carlos III, has one of the largest collections of European art from the 12th to the 20th century, with works by leading Italian, Spanish and Flemish artists, including Beato Angelico, Mantegna, Raphael Bosch, Bruegel, El Greco, Rubens, Titian, Velázquez, Goya.



© Joseph S. Martin/ARTOTHEK

Adam and Eve is the name of two works by Dürer. The 1507 painting offered Dürer the opportunity to depict the ideal human figure. Painted soon after his return from Venice, the panels were influenced by Italian art-the first full-scale nude subjects in German painting.



Renaissance

272

AD-AE-06 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US6-9 US 9 - 131/2

Albrecht Dürer

Cervo Volante



J. Paul Getty Museum, Les Angeles

The Jean Paul Getty Museum is located in Los Angeles, divided into two locations: one for ancient art at the Villa in Malibu, in the historic location founded in 1974, and one for modern art in Los Angeles, dated 1997. The museum houses paintings, drawings, sculptures, manuscripts, decorative arts and photographs.



© J. Paul Getty Museum - ARTOTHEK

The Stag Beetle is one of Dürer's most popular and most copied nature studies: the creature's pointed legs and sharp mandibles suggest its affinity with the imaginary monsters of late Gothic depictions. The quality of the finishing shows that Dürer considered it an original work of art, not a preparatory study. EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

78%Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AD-CV-11 Beige

273

Renaissance

© Blauel/Gnamm/ARTOTHEK

Albrecht Dürer (1471–1528) was a German painter, printmaker and theorist of the German Renaissance. Born in Nuremberg, Dürer established his reputation and influence across Europe due to his high-quality woodcut prints. He was in communication with the major Italian artists of his time, including Raphael, Giovanni Bellini and Leonardo da Vinci, and from 1512 he was patronized by Emperor Maximilian I.

Albrecht Dürer

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© Städel Museum, Frankfurt am Main -U. Edelmann/ARTOTHEK

Adam and Eve presents human bodies according to the ideals of the Italian Renaissance. The image is also dense with latemedieval symbolism. The animals in the foreground represent characteristics of the four "humors": melancholy (the elk), sensuality (the rabbit), cruelty (the cat), and sluggishness (the ox).

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



AD-FM-02 Grey

Renaissance

274

The fall of Man (Adam and Eve)

Albrecht Dürer

Young Hare

© Blauel/Gnamm/ARTOTHEK

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© ARTOTHEK

1	Hore Hard	

AD-YH-08

Beige

Renaissance

N IN		/
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

275

Albrecht Dürer

Self-Portrait with fur-Trimmed Robe



Alte Pinakothek, Munich

The Alte Pinakothek in Munich, Germany is one of the oldest galleries in the world and houses a significant collection of Old Master paintings. The name Alte (Old) Pinakothek refers to the time period covered by the collection - from the fourteenth to the eighteenth century.



© Blauel Gnamm - ARTOTHEK

Self-Portrait is a panel painting Painted early in 1500, just before Dürer's 29th birthday, it is the last of his three painted self-portraits. Art historians consider it the most personal, iconic and complex of his self-portraits.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

高高

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AD-SR-01 Black

276

Renaissance

Albrecht Dürer

Portrait of the Artist Holding a Thistle



Musée du Louvre, Paris

The Louvre Museum was inaugurated in 1793 by the revolutionary government, after having been the seat of the monarchy. In addition to Leonardo's emblematic Mona Lisa, it houses masterpieces such as the Nike of Samothrace, the Venus de Milo, and precious finds such as the Code of Hammurabi.



© Peter Willi - ARTOTHEK

Portrait of the Artist Holding a Thistle is an oil painting on parchment pasted on canvas painted in 1493. The earliest of Dürer's painted self-portraits - he was 22 when paining this in Strasbourg - has been identified as one of the first self-portraits painted by a Northern artist.



Renaissance

277

AD-PA-02 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

Michelangelo Buonarroti

The Creation of Adam



Michelangelo di Lodovico Buonarroti (1475-1564), was an Italian sculptor, painter, architect and poet of the High Renaissance born in the Republic of Florence, who exerted an unparalleled influence on the development of Western art. He is considered by many the greatest artist of his lifetime, and by some the greatest artist ever. In his lifetime, Michelangelo was often called II Divino ("the divine one").

Sistine Chapel, Vatican

The Sistine Chapel is a chapel in the Apostolic Palace, the official residence of the pope, in Vatican City. Its lies mainly in the frescos that decorate the interior, most particularly the Sistine Chapel ceiling and The Last Judgment by Michelangelo.

The Creation of Adam is a Fresco painting, part of the Sistine Chapel's ceiling. It illustrates the Biblical creation narrative in which God gives life to Adam, the first man. The image of the near-touching hands of God and Adam has become iconic of humanity.



78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Renaissance

278

BM-CA-06 Beige

Leonardo da Vinci

Self Portrait



The Royal Library of Turin

The Royal Library of Turin, established in 1839 by King Carlo Alberto of Savoy, is located in the Royal Palace of Turin and has more than 200,000 volumes, as well as manuscripts, drawings, incunabula, photo albums, engravings and geographical maps. The most precious find is the self-portrait of Leonardo da Vinci.



© bpk / DeA Picture Library / Chomon & Perino

The portrait in red chalk (c. 1510) is widely, though not universally, accepted as a self-portrait of Leonardo da Vinci. It is thought that he drew this self-portrait at about the age of 60. It has become an iconic representation of Leonardo as "Renaissance Man".



Renaissance

279

LV-SP-06 Beige

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Leonardo da Vinci

Mona Lisa



Musée du Louvre, Paris

The Louvre Museum was inaugurated in 1793 by the revolutionary government, after having been the seat of the monarchy. In addition to Leonardo's emblematic Mona Lisa, it houses masterpieces such as the Nike of Samothrace, the Venus de Milo, and precious finds such as the Code of Hammurabi.



© Joseph S. Martin/ARTOTHEK

The Mona Lisa is considered an archetypal masterpiece of the Italian Renaissance and has been described as "the best known, the most visited, the most written about, the most sung about, the most parodied work of art in the world."



Renaissance

280

and the second second		
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

Leonardo da Vinci

Mona Lisa



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© Joseph S. Martin/ARTOTHEK

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EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

LV-ML-08 White

1 224

281

Renaissance

Leonardo da Vinci The Virgin and Child with Saint Anne



Musée du Louvre, Paris

The Louvre Museum was inaugurated in 1793 by the revolutionary government, after having been the seat of the monarchy. In addition to Leonardo's emblematic Mona Lisa, it houses masterpieces such as the Nike of Samothrace, the Venus de Milo, and precious finds such as the Code of Hammurabi.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

The Virgin and Child with Saint Anne is a c. 1503 oil painting depicting Saint Anne, her daughter the Virgin Mary and the infant Jesus. Christ is shown grappling with a sacrificial lamb symbolizing his passion as the Virgin tries to restrain him.



Blue

Renaissance

282

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 131/2	US 12 - 151/2

Leonardo da Vinci

Head of Christ



Pinacoteca di Brera, Milan

The Brera Art Gallery (Italian: Pinacoteca di Brera) is the main public gallery for paintings in Milan, Italy. It contains one of the foremost collections of Italian paintings, an outgrowth of the cultural program of the Brera Academy, which shares the site in the Palazzo Brera.



© bpk / DeA Picture Library / G. Cigolini

Leonardo da Vinci created Head of Christ circa 1494. It is a chalk and pastel study for his mural masterpiece The Last Supper.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

LV-HC-02 Grey

Renaissance

283

Leonardo da Vinci

Salvator Mundi



Private Collection

Salvator Mundi was the only one work of Leonardo to remain in a private collection. It was sold at auction for \$450.3 million in 2017 by Christie's to Prince Badr bin Abdullah, setting a new record for most expensive paining ever sold at public auction.



© Fine Art Images - ARTOTHEK

Louvre, Paris Mundi dates to c. 1500. Long thought to be a copy of a lost original veiled with overpainting, it was rediscovered, restored, and included in a major Leonardo exhibition at the National Gallery, London. It is one of fewer than 20 known works by Leonardo.



Renaissance

284

LV-SM-02 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Leonardo da Vinci

The Last Supper



Santa Maria delle Grayie, Milan

The Church of Santa Maria delle Grazie, situated in the heart of Milan, is an architectural masterpiece, an emblem of the Catholic religion, strongly characterized by the "Last Supper", Leonardo Da Vinci's fresco in the refectory. The church was included in the UNESCO World Heritage List in 1980, as one of the best examples of Renaissance art.



© ARTOTHEK

The Last Supper of Leonardo da Vinci (Cenacolo Vinciano) is one of the most famous paintings in the world. This artwork was painted between 1494 and 1498 under the government of Ludovico il Moro and represents the last "dinner" between Jesus and his disciples. In order to create this unique work, Leonardo carried out an exhaustive research creating an infinity of preparatory sketches.



		Brown
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13 ¹ / ₂	US 12 - 15 ¹ / ₂

Leonardo da Vinci

Lady with an Ermine



Princes Cyartoryski Museum, Cracow

Founded in the city of Cracow in 1796 by Princess Izabela Czartoryski in her residence in Puławy with the aim of preserving historical relics to feed Poland's patriotic ideals, it houses Leonardo's famous Lady with an Ermine, along with rich collections of European art and military memorabilia.



© Joseph S Martin/ARTOTHEK

Lady with an Ermine (Italian; Dama con l'ermellino) is a painting from around 1489–1490 and one of Poland's national treasures. The portrait's subject is Cecilia Galleriani, painted when she was the mistress of Ludovico Sforza, Duke of Milan, and Leonardo was in the Duke's service.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

LV-LE-08 Black

Renaissance

286

Leonardo da Vinci

Madonna Litta



State-Hermitage Museum, St. Petersburg.

The Hermitage Museum comprises various buildings built between the 18th and 19th centuries and was originally part of the imperial palace of the Romanov tsars. Built for Tsarina Elizabeth, it was inaugurated by Catherine the Great in 1764. The museum has more than 3 million works and is one of the most visited in the world.



© bpk / Scala

The Madonna Litta is a late 15th-century painting, traditionally attributed to Leonardo da Vinci. It depicts the Virgin Mary breastfeeding the Christ child, a devotional subject known as the Madonna lactans. In his left hand Christ holds a goldfinch, symbolic of his future Passion.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½





Leonardo da Vinci



Galleria dell'Accademia, Venice

The Gallerie dell'Accademia in Venice exhibit Venetian art from the 14th to the 18th century, by artists such as Tintoretto, Tiziano, Canaletto. The collection includes the famous drawing by Leonardo "The Vitruvian Man", which is however rarely exhibited since, being on paper, it is extremely fragile.

Vitruvian Man



Credit © Archivio fotografico G.A.VE, foto: Matteo De Fina, 2019 "su concessione del Ministero dei beni e delle attività culturali - Gallerie dell'Accademia di Venezia,"

Under permission by Mibact -Gallerie dell'Accademia di Venezia

The Vitruvian Man (Italian: L'uomo vitruviano) is a drawing made by the Italian polymath Leonardo da Vinci in about 1490. It is accompanied by notes based on the work of the Roman architect Vitruvius. The drawing represents ideal human body proportions.



Renaissance

LV-VML-01 Beige

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

288
Leonardo da Vinci

Ginevra de' Benci



Leonardo di ser Piero da Vinci (1452-1519), was an Italian polymath of the Renaissance whose areas of interest included invention, drawing, painting, sculpture, architecture, science, music, mathematics, engineering, literature, anatomy, geology, astronomy, botany, paleontology, and cartography. He is widely considered one of the greatest painters of all time (despite perhaps only 15 of his paintings having survived, the Mona Lisa being the most famous).

National Gallery of Art, Washington, T.C.

The National Gallery of Art, one of the richest art museums in the world, houses the most important art gallery in the United States: it is made up of two buildings, whose vast exhibition area has allowed the artworks to be exhibited in order to optimize their vision, according to the most modern museological criteria.



© Hans Hinz - ARTOTHEK

Ginevra de' Benci is a oil-on-wood painting of the 15th-century Florentine aristocrat Ginevra de' Benci (born c. 1458). The portrait was acquired by the National Gallery of Art in Washington, D.C. in 1967. It is the only painting by Leonardo on public view in the Americas.



Blue

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Renaissance 289

Leonardo da Vinci

Madonna Benois



Leonardo di ser Piero da Vinci (1452–1519), was an Italian polymath of the Renaissance whose areas of interest included invention, drawing, painting, sculpture, architecture, science, music, mathematics, engineering, literature, anatomy, geology, astronomy, botany, paleontology, and cartography. He is widely considered one of the greatest painters of all time (despite perhaps only 15 of his paintings having survived, the Mona Lisa being the most famous).

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© bpk / Scala

Madonna and Child with Flowers, otherwise known as the Benois Madonna, could be one of two Madonnas Leonardo had commented on having started in October 1478. It is likely that the Benois Madonna was the first work painted by Leonardo independently from his master Verrocchio.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

LV-MB-06 Black 111

Renaissance

Carlo Crivelli

Madonna of the Candle



Pinacoteca di Brera, Milan

The Brera Art Gallery (Italian: Pinacoteca di Brera) is the main public gallery for paintings in Milan, Italy. It contains one of the foremost collections of Italian paintings, an outgrowth of the cultural program of the Brera Academy, which shares the site in the Palazzo Brera. The Madonna, her face an oval of unnatural perfection and her slender hands a model of sophistication, offers the Christ Child a pear, possibly symbolising the sweetness of Redemption. The two figures are set beneath a trellis of woven branches whose fruit alludes to Christ's Passion and death. The candle, the vase of flowers and fruit on the step are intended to look like offerings from the observer, who is thus prompted to interact more closely with the painted space.



Renaissance

291

CC-MC-03 Orange

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 5% Elastane

Sandro Botticelli

Portrait of Dante



Alessandro di Mariano di Vanni Filipepi (c. 1445–1510), known as Sandro Botticelli, was an Italian painter of the Early Renaissance. He belonged to the Florentine School under the patronage of Lorenzo de' Medici, a movement that Giorgio Vasari would characterize in his Vita of Botticelli as a "golden age". Botticelli's work has been seen to represent the linear grace of Early Renaissance painting.

Private Collection



A hooked nose, laurel crown, austere figure: the portrait of Dante painted by Sandro Botticelli in 1495 is for Italian students the emblematic profile of the greatest Italian poet, the 'father' of the Italian language, the author of the Divine Comedy. The work is a tempera on canvas and is preserved in a private collection in Geneva. EU 36 - 40 EU UK 3½ - 6½ UK US 6 - 9 US

EU 40 - 46 UK 6½ - 11 US 9 - 13½ **SB-PD-08**

Beige

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Renaissance 292

Sandro Botticelli

Venus



© Fine Art Images -ARTOTHEK

> Antonio Billi, contemporary of Botticelli, observed that the artist painted "the most beautiful naked women." This monumental nude, one of the earliest of secular character in the post-antique European painting, is dealing with the antique figure of "Venus pudica".

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US6-9 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

SB-VE-01 Black



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Gemäldegalerie, Berlin

The Gemäldegalerie is an art museum in Berlin where the main selection of paintings belonging to the Berlin State Museums (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin) is displayed. It holds one of the world's leading collections of European paintings from the 13th to the 18th centuries.

Renaissance 293

Sandro Botticelli

Portrait of a Young Woman

Renaissance

294



Alessandro di Mariano di Vanni Filipepi (c. 1445–1510), known as Sandro Botticelli, was an Italian painter of the Early Renaissance. He belonged to the Florentine School under the patronage of Lorenzo de' Medici, a movement that Giorgio Vasari would characterize in his Vita of Botticelli as a "golden age". Botticelli's work has been seen to represent the linear grace of Early Renaissance painting.

Städel Museum, Frankfurt

Founded by banker Johann Friedrich Städel in 1815, the Städel Museum is the oldest and most important museum foundation in Germany. He exhibits European art with artists such as Cranach, Dürer, Botticelli, Rembrandt, Vermeer, Monet, Picasso, Bacon, Richter. It stands out for its significant research and teaching activities.



© Städel, Frankfurt - U. Edelmann - ARTOTHEK

Portrait of a Young Woman is a painting which is commonly believed to be by Sandro Boticelli, executed between 1480 and 1485. Others attribute authorship to Jacopo da Sellaiao. The woman is shown in profile but with her bust turned to reveal a cameo medallion.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

SB-PW-01 Black

Sandro Botticelli

Birth of Venus



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Uffiyi Gallery, Florence

The Uffizi Gallery (Italian: Galleria degli Uffizi) in Florence in the region of Tuscany, Italy, is one of the most important Italian museums and the most visited, it holds a collection of priceless works, particularly from the period of the Italian Renaissance.



© Gabinetto Fotografico delle Gallerie degli Uffizi

The Birth of Venus (Italian: Nascita di Venere) was probably painted in the mid 1480s. It depicts the goddess Venus arriving at the shore after her birth, when she had emerged from the sea fully-grown (called Venus Anadyomene and often depicted in art).



Renaissance

295

SB-BV-01 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Sandro Botticelli

La Primavera



Alessandro di Mariano di Vanni Filipepi (c. 1445–1510), known as Sandro Botticelli, was an Italian painter of the Early Renaissance. He belonged to the Florentine School under the patronage of Lorenzo de' Medici, a movement that Giorgio Vasari would characterize in his Vita of Botticelli as a "golden age". Botticelli's work has been seen to represent the linear grace of Early Renaissance painting.

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© Gabinetto Fotografico delle Gallerie degli Uffizi

From the masterpiece Primavera by Botticelli, a celebration of love, peace and prosperity, the iconic portrait of Flora, goddess of flowering and youth, symbol of fertility: a hymn to the regenerating energy of nature, to hope, to life.



83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

SB-LP-01 Black

Renaissance

Sandro Botticelli Profile Portrait of a Young Woman



297



Alessandro di Mariano di Vanni Filipepi (c. 1445–1510), known as Sandro Botticelli, was an Italian painter of the Early Renaissance. He belonged to the Florentine School under the patronage of Lorenzo de' Medici, a movement that Giorgio Vasari would characterize in his Vita of Botticelli as a "golden age". Botticelli's work has been seen to represent the linear grace of Early Renaissance painting.

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© ARTOTHEK

Formerly this portrait, painted 1475-1480, was assumed of showing Simonetta Vespucci, who died 1476, who was adored by Giuliano de' Medici. The fantastical hair reminds of female figures in the mythological paintings of Botticelli and therefore we can assume that it is an idealization.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

SB-PP-06

Black

Jan van Eyck

The Arnolfini Portrait

Little is known about Van Eyck's life, despite the fact that he is considered the forerunner of 15th century painting in the Netherlands: famous for his meticulous depiction of reality, attention to detail and study of light, he contributed to the spread of oil painting in place of tempera, improving the technique. His are the famous Ghent Polyptych (1432), Man with a Red Turban (1433) and Portrait of Mr and Mrs Arnolfini (1434).

National Gallery, Londoon

Founded in 1824, the National Gallery is located in central London's Trafalgar Square and houses more than 2,300 paintings, including important works by Rembrandt, Velázquez, Van Gogh and Michelangelo. It is among the most visited museums in the world, renowned for its extensive collection spanning the history of Western painting from the Renaissance to Post-Impressionism.

Painted by Jan van Eyck in 1434, the Portrait of the Arnolfini couple is an oil painting exhibited at the National Gallery in London, depicting the merchant from Lucca Giovanni Arnolfini with his wife Costanza. The accuracy of details typical of Flemish painting highlights some significant symbolism: the fur and the carpet indicate the prosperity of the rich merchant, the dog and the clogs are symbols of conjugal fidelity, while the oranges represent fertility.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

JE-AP-06 Black 224



Renaissance



Science & History

Albert Einstein

Science & History

300

 $E = mc^2$

Theory of Relativity

1905, Einstein developed the most famous equation in the world, $E = mc^2$, the formula for the relationship between energy and mass and the essence of the Theory of Relativity. Nobel Prize in Physics in 1921, he laid the foundations of modern physics and decisively influenced the approach to the philosophy of science.



Sigmund Freud

Science & History

SH-SF-08 Black

301

Founder of psychoanalysis, a theory according to which the unconscious processes of the psyche condition human thought and behaviour, Sigmund Freud had a revolutionary impact both in the medicalscientific field and in literature, philosophy and culture in general, although the therapeutic efficacy of psychoanalysis has often been questioned.



Sargassum Plumosum





From the NY Public Library's Plants in art section, the specimen SARGASSUM PLUMOSUM from the PHOTOGRAPHS OF BRITISH ALGAE collection, cyanotype dated 1850.

New York Public

Library

Science & History

302



NL-SP-13 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20 % Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Delejseria Alata 419644



303



78% Cotton, 20 % Polyamide, 2% Elastane

The New York Public Library

DELESSERIA ALATA from the PHOTOGRAPHS OF BRITISH ALGAE collection, cyanotype dated 1844.

Sir Godfrey Kneller

Isaac Newton

Science & History





© Christie's Images Ltd - ARTOTHEK

Famous for the Theory of Universal Gravitation, the foundation of classical Mechanics and the development of Infinitesimal Calculus, Newton was not only a physicist and mathematician but also an astronomer, natural philosopher, theologian and historian: he developed the Newtonianism, a vision of the world that dominated throughout the eighteenth century. He is considered one of the greatest scientists of all time.



 $F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2}$

304

Universal Law of Gravitation

SH-IN-08 Black

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Archimedes of Syracuse

Science & History





Pythagoras

Science & History

306

Around 530 BC Pythagoras founded the Pythagorean School in Crotone, a famous school of thought that allowed the spread of philosophical, political, astronomical and mathematical knowledge, including his famous Theorem, a brilliant intuition of the application of mathematics to the description of reality.





80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

US 9 - 131/2

The Earth



© Dirk Böttger, Gasometer Oberhausen GmbH.

Gasometer Oberhausen

The interactive exhibition "Das zerbrechliche Paradies" (The Fragile Paradise) at the Gasometer Oberhausen in Germany shows the image of the monumental sculpture of the Earth, the symbol of the exhibition, reminding us of the moving, fragile beauty of our planet.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78%Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

UK-EA-11 Black-Multi 307

100 A

Graffiti

Banksy Graffiti

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Kissing Coppers



THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

When Kissing Coppers appeared on the wall of a pub on a Brighton street in 2004, it caused quite a stir.With a biting irony, Banksy portrays a couple of policemen who indulge in a passionate kiss. Police are often mocked in Banksy's works and in this case, from a symbol of repression, they are transformed into an anti-homophobic icon.Today, in Brighton, you can only see a copy of the original work, which was sold by the owner of the pub for an astounding sum.



and the second		
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

The work depicts a soldier painting a large peace symbol: the satirical juxtaposition is intended to make the viewer question the army's role of 'keeping the peace', a central theme in Banksy's work. The peace sign originally symbolized the British Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament (CND) of 1957, Banksy's inclusion of it here contrasts with the fact that the soldier should act on behalf of the government, but is now represented as activist and vandal, graffiting the wall in protest.



BL-AS-08 White

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

This artwork, showing a security guard officer with a muffled pink balloon dog on a leash, was found on the wall of a police headquarters in Toronto, Canada. Sadly, it was vandalised just a few days after appearing. Banksy drew several pieces on Toronto buildings in 2010, but only two pieces of his artwork remain. This one is now behind a glass in Toronto's underground Path system, part of a permanent display of a larger indoor installation.



BL-PG-08 White

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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BRANDAL SED®





THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

With biting irony, Banksy portrays a policeman fining a little girl with a red heart balloon who has driven too fast on her tricycle. Law officers are often mocked in Banksy's works and in this case the policeman becomes a symbol of repression against harmless and vulnerable people.

2.2 -	BL-TC-08 White		Carlos Contraction
36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49	
31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½	3
6-9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½	

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU

UK US

Banksy Graffiti

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BRANDALISED®

Paris, France





THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

A work depicting Napoleon Bonaparte, deceptively reminiscent of Jacques-Louis David's 19th-century painting, Napoleon Crossing the Alps, appeared in Paris in 2018. Napoleon is depicted as if entangled in his cape, which here is deceptively reminiscent of the niqab, the face veil worn by Muslim women. Laic France banned their use back in 2010.



BL-BO-01 Grey

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
JK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
JS 6 - 9	US 9 - 13 ¹ / ₂	US 12 - 15 ¹ / ₂

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

A disturbing, enigmatic, unsettling work: a faceless, inert boy, a knife in his hand, his head hanging, a bloodstain on the sweatshirt right where the brand logo usually is . What's the message? Probably Banksy wants to protest against the society that annihilates the hopes, energy, and sometimes the life of the younger generations.



BL-GB-01 Black

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



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BRANDALISED®





THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® © Full Colour Black Ltd, MMXXII

This artwork, made in 2012, the year in which Queen Elizabeth celebrated her Diamond Jubilee, shows the Queen with the recognizable jagged blue and red stripe of the popular singer David Bowie 70's creation Ziggy Stardust. A famous duo blended together by a legendary street artist makes this artwork an iconic pop culture artwork, depicting different aspects of life: the Queen represents royalty and power while Ziggy Stardust symbolizes a message of hope, peace and love.



BL-LS-01 White

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 151/2

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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BRANDALISED

West Bank, Israel

Flower Bomber



THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® Image © Full Colour Black Ltd. MMXX

Not available

> in The US

Flower Bomber shows a masked Palestinian throwing a bouquet of flowers. The drawing first appeared on a wall on the side of a garage on the highway from Beit Sahour opposite Citroen/Peugeot car dealership in Jerusalem. The portrait is reminiscent of the images from the street and campus riots of the 1960s. The anger and frustration can be seen in the man's posture as he tries to bomb the establishment with flowers.



В	L-FB-0	6
	White	

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Available in Europe North America lot available in Japan Korea

Banksy Graffiti

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BRANDALISED®

West Bank, Israel

4

Girl Floating Away

THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® Image © Full Colour Black Ltd. MMXX

Flying Balloon Girl was painted on a wall on the West Bank in Israel in 2005 and carries a poignant political message. Many believe that the piece signifies the children trapped by the conflict between Israelis and Palestine's who are longing to fly away to freedom.



BL-GF-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® Image © Full Colour Black Ltd. MMXX

Banksy stenciled his signature rats in different places around Paris.Interpreted as symbol for the ordinary working class people of the world, the rats interact with the local environment, such as building façades and graffiti, as the one discovered on the Left Bank of the Seine sitting beneath the words May 1968": the number eight is turned on its side, perhaps representing the decline of the city's revolutionary spirit, resembling Disneyesque mouse ears, decorated by Minnie Mouse's polka-dot bow.



BL-PR-06 Grey

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Available in Europe lorth America ot available in Japan Korea

Banksy Graffiti

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BRANDALISED®

New York, USA

Bandage Heart



THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® Image © Full Colour Black Ltd. MMXX

Bandage Heart, which was spray-painted on the side of a Brooklyn warehouse, was removed by a team of specialists shortly after it was completed. It says the helium balloon "is obviously an iconic representation of the battle to survive a broken heart."



BL-BH-01 Grey

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Banksy Graffiti

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London, UK





THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® Image © Full Colour Black Ltd. MMXX

This artwork appeared on a few walls in the streets of London, including the Chelsea area in 2022. The Radar Rat is shown standing on its hind legs, wearing headphones and holding a tape recorder in one hand and a sonic radar in the other. Behind him is a hand-painted red (or sometimes orange) spiral. He appears to be listening intently to the world around him, in what seems to be a comment on the ever-increasing presence of surveillance equipment in cities such as London.



BL-RR-01 White

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46EU 46 - 49UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11UK 11 - 14½US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½US 12 - 15½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Available in Europe North America Not available in Japan Korea

Banksy Graffiti

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West Bank, Israel

This artwork is a political message meant to criticize those who are part of the Palestine-Iranian conflict. Painted on the concrete part of the West Bank Wall used to separate Palestine and Israeli, the graffiti art features a white dove with its wings out wide in an open arm stance holding an olive branch in its beak which is supposed to be the symbol of peace, but the dove depicted here wears an armored vest with the target pointed at

its chest.





THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS GRAFFITI® Image © Full Colour Black Ltd. MMXX



321

BL-PD-06 Beige

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 141/2
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Various Artists

Le Petit Prince

Birds - Knee-High Socks



"It is only with the heart that one can see rightly; what is essential is invisible to the eye": this sentence by the Little Prince contains all his philosophy of life, which celebrates the authenticity of those who look at the world with pure eyes, and know how to arrive up to the heart of the listener, even adults' one who no longer know how to listen, because it is the universal language of feelings and beauty, the language of the heart. A beloved character all over the world, translated into more than 300 languages and dialects.



X

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022

*Knee-High Socks

PP-BI-07-KH Beige

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

323

Not available in orth America Japan Korea

Le Petit Prince

Black Planet



"It is only with the heart that one can see rightly; what is essential is invisible to the eye": this sentence by the Little Prince contains all his philosophy of life, which celebrates the authenticity of those who look at the world with pure eyes, and know how to arrive up to the heart of the listener, even adults' one who no longer know how to listen, because it is the universal language of feelings and beauty, the language of the heart. A beloved character all over the world, translated into more than 300 languages and dialects.



Le Petit Prince

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PP-BL-07 White

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Not available in North America Japan Korea
Le Petit Prince







Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022



PP-BP-07 White

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

325

Not available in North America Japan Korea

Le Petit Prince

Countryside



Je Petit Prince ** * 等望望幸安寺

Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022



75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

UK 61/2 - 11

US 9 - 131/2

UK 31/2 - 61/2

US 6 - 9

Le Petit Prince

Flying Away





Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022



Chill a

PP-FA-07 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Le Petit Prince



A



"It is only with the heart that one can see rightly; what is essential is invisible to the eye": this sentence by the Little Prince contains all his philosophy of life, which celebrates the authenticity of those who look at the world with pure eyes, and know how to arrive up to the heart of the listener, even adults' one who no longer know how to listen, because it is the universal language of feelings and beauty, the language of the heart. A beloved character all over the world, translated into more than 300 languages and dialects.

Le Petit Prince Le Petit Prince

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PP-FX-07 White

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Le Petit Prince





Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022

Le Petit Prince

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Le Petit Primee

PP-FO-07 Red 329

Not available in North America Japan Korea

Le Petit Prince





Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022

Potit

Prince

•



PP-FOX-07 Violet

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

330

Not available in North America Japan Korea

Le Petit Prince

Grey Planet





Le Petit Prince

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PP-GP-07 Blue

16

×

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

331

Not available in North America Japan Korea

Le Petit Prince

Grey Planet





Le Petit Prince®

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

PP-GR-07 White

No





Le Petit Prince

Mountain





Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022



PP-MO-07 White

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Le Petit Prince



Sheep and fox



Le Petit Prince

© Property of POMASE | © Antoine de Saint-Exupéry Estate 2022



PP-SF-07 Grey

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Not available in North America Japan Korea

Franco Maria Ricci

Brera a Occhi Aperti



Franco Maria Ricci (1937 - 2020) was an Italian art publisher and magazine editor. His publications include FMR, a bimonthly art magazine based in Milan and published for over 27 years in Italian, English, German, French and Spanish.

Pinacoteca di Brera, Milan

The Brera Art Gallery (Italian: Pinacoteca di Brera) is the main public gallery for paintings in Milan, Italy. It contains one of the foremost collections of Italian paintings, an outgrowth of the cultural program of the Brera Academy, which shares the site in the Palazzo Brera.

Logo by italian graphic and illustrator Franco Maria Ricci means "See the art and culture with open eyes". It is a tribute to the period of the Enlightenment, It is resume the "Eye" of the Encyclopédie.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 US 6 - 9

UK 61/2 - 11 US 9 - 131/2

FR-BO-03 White

80% Cotton, 15% Poyamide, 5% Elastane

Brera A OCCHI APER

Lotte Reiniger

Papageno, Papagena



Lotte Jeiniger

STADTMUSEUMTÜBINGEN © VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

Papageno, Papagena, Silhouette from the series: "Die Zauberflöte" (The Magic Flute) by Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 131/2

80% Cotton, 18% Poyamide, 2% Elastane

LR-PA-08 Black



© VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

"Charlotte ""Lotte"" Reiniger was a German film director, famous for her unique silhouette

animation films, as The Adventures of Prince Achmed, from 1926, the first feature-length

animated film, and Papageno (1935). Reiniger's specific animation technique and art style were developed from her love to paper animation and the theater, particularly by Javanese shadow puppets tradition.

The Stadtmuseum in Tübingen is renowned for its collection of views of the city, some 1,000 works starting from the sixteenth century. It also houses different collections of paintings, sculptures, engravings, ancient books, autographs, ancient objects of everyday life, archaeological finds from the region.

Lotte Reiniger

The Queen of the Night



© VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

"Charlotte ""Lotte"" Reiniger was a German film director, famous for her unique silhouette animation films, as The Adventures of Prince Achmed, from 1926, the first feature-length animated film, and Papageno (1935). Reiniger's specific animation technique and art style were developed from her love to paper animation and the theater, particularly by Javanese shadow puppets tradition.

Stadtmuseum Tübingen

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© VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

The Queen of the Night, Silhouette from the series: "Die Zauberflöte" (The Magic Flute) by Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart. EU 36 - 40 UK 3½ - 6½ US 6 - 9

EU 40 - 46 UK 6¹/₂ - 11 US 9 - 13¹/₂

80% Cotton, 18% Poyamide, 2% Elastane

た

LR-QN-08 Black

Lotte Reiniger





"Charlotte ""Lotte"" Reiniger was a German film director, famous for her unique silhouette animation films, as The Adventures of Prince Achmed, from 1926, the first feature-length animated film, and Papageno (1935). Reiniger's specific animation technique and art style were developed from her love to paper animation and the theater, particularly by Javanese shadow puppets tradition.

Stadtmuseum Tübingen

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Lotte Jeiniger **STADTMUSEUM**TÜBINGEN © VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

Hippo, Silhouette from the episode: "Tier-Alphabet" (Animal Alphabet).

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Poyamide, 2% Elastane

LR-HI-08

Black

338

16 × ×

Lotte Reiniger

Cheetah



© VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

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Lotte Reiniger

STADT**MUSEUM**TÜBINGEN © VG Bild-Kunst, Bonn 2021

Cheetah, Silhouette from the episode: "Tier-Alphabet" (Animal Alphabet).

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18% Poyamide, 2% Elastane

LR-CH-08 Black

339

Frida Kahlo

Butterfly

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The Mexican painter is one of the most important representatives of a popular development of Surrealism, whereby her work sometimes showed elements of New Objectivity. This combination with autobiographical reference places her work far above Naive Art. Frida Kahlo advanced to become a strong personality of her gender, in contrast to the social image of women prevailing at the time. She not only made a name for herself as a painter, but also as an emancipated woman who, despite her lifelong health problems, fought politically for peace and freedom. Meanwhile, her physical pain as well as her childishness became the main theme of her numerous works.



© Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021. All Rights Reserved. Licensed by www.artaskagency.com



An iconic portrait of Frida Kahlo, which represents the most recurring themes of her painting style by depicting her intense face, the colorful flowers, the butterfly, and conveys her throbbing, overwhelming love for life.





FK-BU-06 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Butterfly



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© Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021. All Rights Reserved. Licensed by www.artaskagency.com



An iconic portrait of Frida Kahlo, which represents the most recurring themes of her painting style by depicting her intense face, the colorful flowers, the butterfly, and conveys her throbbing, overwhelming love for life.



FK-BU-07 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Frida Kahlo

Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021.

Licensed by www.artaskagency.com The Mexican painter is one of the most important representatives of a popular

development of Surrealism, whereby her

as well as her childishness became the main

theme of her numerous works.

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New Objectivity. This combination with autobiographical reference places her work far above Naive Art. Frida Kahlo advanced to become a strong personality of her gender, in contrast to the social image of women prevailing at the time. She not only made a name for herself as a painter, but also as an emancipated woman who, despite her lifelong health problems, fought politically for peace and freedom. Meanwhile, her physical pain

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Day of the Dead



© Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021. All Rights Reserved. Licensed by www.artaskagency.com

Even the celebration of the day of the dead becomes in Frida Kahlo's symbolism a theme full of color and irony: her iconic face is covered by a cheerfully decorated sugar mask, the flowers that adorn her hair praise the vital force of nature.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Surrealism New Objectivity

FridaKahlo

FK-DD-06 Grey



Frida Kahlo

Day of the Dead

Surrealism New Objectivity 343



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The Mexican painter is one of the most important representatives of a popular development of Surrealism, whereby her work sometimes showed elements of New Objectivity. This combination with autobiographical reference places her work far above Naive Art. Frida Kahlo advanced to become a strong personality of her gender, in contrast to the social image of women prevailing at the time. She not only made a name for herself as a painter, but also as an emancipated woman who, despite her lifelong health problems, fought politically for peace and freedom. Meanwhile, her physical pain as well as her childishness became the main theme of her numerous works.

© Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021. All Rights Reserved. Licensed by www.artaskagency.com

Even the celebration of the day of the dead becomes in Frida Kahlo's symbolism a theme full of color and irony: her iconic face is covered by a cheerfully decorated sugar mask, the flowers that adorn her hair praise the vital force of nature. Trida Kable

FK-DD-07 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Not available in North America Japan Korea

Frida Kahlo

Frida Holding Dog.

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Frida Kahlo with one of her beloved animals, dogs and monkeys in particular: in this image the artist is represented in a moment of rare, intense tenderness, enraptured by the love for life and for the nature that surrounds her.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



344

Surrealism New Objectivity

FK-FD-06 Grey

Frida Kahlo

Frida Holding Dog.

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EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Grey

Surrealism New Objectivity

345

Frida Kahlo



important representatives of a popular development of Surrealism, whereby her work sometimes showed elements of New Objectivity. This combination with autobiographical reference places her work far above Naive Art. Frida Kahlo advanced to become a strong personality of her gender, in contrast to the social image of women prevailing at the time. She not only made a name for herself as a painter, but also as an emancipated woman who, despite her lifelong health problems, fought politically for peace and freedom. Meanwhile, her physical pain as well as her childishness became the main theme of her numerous works.



Surrealism New Objectivity 346



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An iconic image of the artist Frida Kahlo, depicted with the symbolic elements that have always made her unmistakably unique: her hieratic and intense face, her beloved flowers, a flying little bird, emblem of the eternal energy of nature and life that she loved so much.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



FK-FF-06 Orange

Frida Kahlo

Frida with Flowers

FridaKahls

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FK-FF-07 White

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Frida with Hummingbird

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An emblematic portrait of the artist surrounded by small flowers that celebrate her love for nature and her joie de vivre, recurring themes in her paintings: the hieratic face reminds us of the political and artistic commitment of Frida Kahlo, in contrast with the delicacy of the flowers that soften her image.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Surrealism New Objectivity

FK-FH-06 Blue



Frida Kahlo



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FK-FH-07 Violet

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Hummingbirds



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Hummingbirds are one of the recurring themes in the painting of Frida Kahlo, an artist whose work is permeated by a passion for life and nature, despite her disabling health problems: "feet, what do I need you for, when I have wings to fly?" The tiny, throbbing hummingbird thus becomes the symbol of the artist's vital impulse.





FK-HU-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Hummingbirds



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EU 36 - 40 UK 3¹/₂ - 6¹/₂ US 6 - 9 EU 40 - 46 UK 6¹/₂ - 11 US 9 - 13¹/₂

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Portrait



FridaKahls

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The iconic, intense face of Frida Kahlo, softened by the beloved flowers of the hairstyle and the graceful jewelry, is emphasized by a frame with flowers and a hummingbird, recurring symbols of nature and of the artist's joie de vivre.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

FK-PO-06

Black

Frida Kahlo

Portrait





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 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



FK-PO-07 Red

Frida Kahlo

Skull Day of the Dead

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Even the Day of the Dead in Frida Kahlo becomes a celebration of life: her passionate vitality transforms a skull into a graceful and ironic image, delicately decorated and cheerful, almost as a sly allusion to the joy of living.





FK-SD-06 Red

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



Frida Kahlo

Skull Day of the Dead



All Rights Reserved. Licensed by www.artaskagency.com The Mexican painter is one of the most

Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021.

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FK-SD-07 White

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021.

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Viva la Vida



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"Viva la vida!" could be the motto that inspires all of Frida Kahlo's work, an invitation to love for life, nature, commitment, which in her existence as an emancipated and proud woman she has always shown despite physical suffering: an artist as symbol of optimism and courage, but also of joy, passion and creativity.



Surrealism New Objectivity

356

FK-VV-06 Blue

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Frida Kahlo

Frida Kahlo Corporation 2021.

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75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



357

Surrealism New Objectivity

FK-VV-07 Black

Antoni Gaudi

Güell - Parc Dragon



Antoni Gaudí i Cornet (1852–1926) was a Catalan architect known as the greatest exponent of Catalan Modernism. Gaudí's works have a highly individualized, one-ofa-kind style. Most are located in Barcelona, including his main work, the church of the Sagrada Família, the most visited monument in Spain. Gaudí's work was influenced by his passions in life: architecture, nature, and religion. His work enjoys global popularity.

Barcelona, Spain



© LUNAMARINA

Gaudí's multicolored mosaic salamander, popularly known as "el drac" (the dragon), is located at the main entrance of the Parc Guell. The park is the reflection of Gaudí's artistic plenitude, which belongs to his naturalist phase (first decade of the 20th century).



Modernism

358

AG-GP-06 Beige

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

50% Cotton, 24% Polyester, 24% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Antoni Gaudi

Casa Batlló Escamas Collection Socks



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Barcelona, Spain



© Casa Batlló. Gaudí. Barcelona



Casa Batlló is a building in the center of Barcelona, Spain. It was designed by Antoni Gaudí, and is considered one of his masterpieces. A remodel of a previously built house, it was redesigned in 1904 by Gaudí and has been refurbished several times after that



Modernism

359

CB-EC-08 Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

Antoni Gaudi

Casa Batlló Dragon Collection Socks

Modernism

360



Antoni Gaudí i Cornet (1852–1926) was a Catalan architect known as the greatest exponent of Catalan Modernism. Gaudí's works have a highly individualized, one-ofa-kind style. Most are located in Barcelona, including his main work, the church of the Sagrada Família, the most visited monument in Spain. Gaudí's work was influenced by his passions in life: architecture, nature, and religion. His work enjoys global popularity.

Barcelona, Spain



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83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane



CB-DC-08 Blue
Antoni Gaudi

Casa Batlló Vintage Collection Socks

Modernism

361



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Barcelona, Spain



© Casa Batlló, Gaudí, Barcelona



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CB-VC-08 Blue

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

Antoni Gaudi

Casa Batlló Pixels Collection Socks



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Barcelona, Spain



© Casa Batlló. Gaudí. Barcelona



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Modernism

362

CB-PC-08 Blue

EU 36 - 40EU 40 - 46UK 3½ - 6½UK 6½ - 11US 6 - 9US 9 - 13½

Antoni Gaudi

Sagrada Familia

Modernism

363



Antoni Gaudí i Cornet (1852–1926) was a Catalan architect known as the greatest exponent of Catalan Modernism. Gaudí's works have a highly individualized, one-ofa-kind style. Most are located in Barcelona, including his main work, the church of the Sagrada Família, the most visited monument in Spain. Gaudí's work was influenced by his passions in life: architecture, nature, and religion. His work enjoys global popularity.

Barcelona, Spain



The Basílica de la Sagrada Família is a large unfinished Roman Catholic basilica in Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain. Designed by Gaudí, his work on the building is part of a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Pope Benedict XVI consecrated the church and proclaimed it a minor basilica.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AG-SF-06

Blue

Auguste Rodin

The Thinker

François Auguste René Rodin (1840–1917) was a French sculptor generally considered the progenitor of modern sculpture. He was schooled traditionally, took a craftsman-like approach to his work, and desired academic recognition, although he was never accepted into Paris's foremost school of art. Rodin remains one of the few sculptors widely known outside the visual arts community.

Musée Rodin, Paris

The Rodin Museum is a building in which Rodin spent the last years of his life, leaving all the works in his possession to the French state to create a museum. Other artists lived here in the 1900s, among them Cocteau, Matisse, Isadora Duncan. The museum also houses works by Monet, Renoir & van Gogh.



© Peter Willi/ARTOTHEK

The Thinker (French: Le Penseur) is a bronze sculpture work showing a nude male figure of heroic size sitting on a rock with his chin resting on one hand as though deep in thought, often used as an image to represent philosophy.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

80% Cotton, 18%, Polyamide, 2% Elastane

AR-TT-08

Beige

Realism

Jérôme Duquesnoy l'Ancien Manneken Pis



Hieronymus or Jérôme Duquesnoy l'Ancien (1570?-1641?) was a sculptor from Brabant and was appointed court sculptor. His main work were church furnishings, but he is best known for Manneken pis. Both his sons became famous sculptors too.

Brussels



Manneken Pis (Dutch for "Little Pissing Man") is a landmark bronze fountain sculpture in central Brussels, depicting a naked little boy urinating into the fountain's basin, put in place in 1618 or 1619. Manneken Pis is the best-known symbol of the people of Brussels.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

83% Cotton, 12% Polyamide, 3% Polyester, 2% Elastane



1 22 4

Baroque

365

JD-MP-02 Grey

Pedro Machuca

Alhambra de Granada



Pedro Machuca (c. 1490–1550) is mainly remembered as the Spanish architect responsible for the design of the Palace of Charles V (begun 1528) adjacent to the Alcazar in Granada. The significance of this work is that it represents likely the first major classic Renaissance style building in Spain. Culturally, it represents the urge by the conquering Christians to challenge the hegemony of Moorish architecture.

Granada, Spain



The Alhambra is an important urban castle on the Sabikah Hill of Granada in Spain, considered one of the most important examples of the Moorish style of Islamic art. The Alhambra is one of the most visited tourist attractions in Europe and has been a World Heritage Site since 1984.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

366

PM-AG-06 Blue

Louis Comfort Tillary

Library Lamp 1





The Charles Hosmer Morse Museum of American Art, a museum noted for its art nouveau collection, houses the most comprehensive collection of the works of Louis Comfort Tiffany found anywhere, a major collection of American art pottery, and fine collections of late-19th- and early-20thcentury American paintings, graphics and the decorative arts. It is located in Winter Park, Florida.



367

LC-LL1-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Louis Comfort Tiffany

Library Lamp 2



Charles Hosmer Morse Museum of American Art

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368

LC-LL2-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Louis Comfort Tiffany

Library Lamp 3



Charles Hosmer Morse Museum of American Art

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369

LC-LL3-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Louis Comfort Tiffany

Window



Charles Hosmer Morse Museum of American Art

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370

LC-WD-06 Black

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

Anubis Statue





Black

Anubis was an ancient Egyptian god, represented as a jackalheaded man and revered as protector of tombs, necropolises and the world of the dead, but also as an embalmer and inventor of mummification. During the Middle Kingdom (ca. 2055 BC - 1650 BC) he was replaced by Osiris as lord of the afterlife. One of his duties was to accompany the souls of the dead to the afterlife and to carry out the weighing of the heart, which was decisive for the admission of souls to the kingdom of the dead.

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11

US 6 - 9

US 9 - 131/2

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

371

Bastet

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Bastet is an ancient Egyptian deity, originally goddess of war, later over the centuries represented with the appearance of a cat, with the protective characteristics of a good mother: a Bastet amulet surrounded by kittens was common among women who wished to become pregnant. Her name was also associated with the precious pots for perfumed ointments, giving her the epithet of perfumed protector. It was also invoked against contagious diseases, epidemics and negative spirits.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

EG-BA-11 White

Bastet Statue



EU 36 - 40

UK 31/2 - 61/2

US 6 - 9

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EG-BS-11

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

UK 6½ - 11

US 9 - 131/2

Egyptian Symbols

9

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The symbols of ancient Egypt in mythology and hieroglyphic writing had great social, religious, cultural and even recreational significance: they referred to daily life, death, love, social relations and power. The term hieroglyph derives from the ancient Greek and means "engraved sacred signs" with reference to engraving because these symbols were usually engraved on the stone as monumental writing, such as on temples, thus assuming a sacred value.

EU 40 - 46
JK 6½ - 11
JS 9 - 131/2

H

eannes

0

EG-ES-11 Black

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

Eye of Horus



EG-EH-11 Black

Million a

In the religion of ancient Egypt Horus was a deity depicted as a falcon, or a human with a falcon's head, whose cult characterized the entire Egyptian civilization from prehistoric times to the Ptolemaic era. He was the lord of prophecy, music, art and beauty, the god of hunters. In the myth of Osiris, Horus is the son of Isis and Osiris, and rival of Seth, god of chaos, murderer of his father. He represents the first national deity, as it was believed that the pharaoh was Horus' personification on earth.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

Four Sons of Horus



EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 31/2 - 61/2	UK 61/2 - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 131/

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

EG-SH-11 White

Horus



In the religion of ancient Egypt Horus was a deity depicted as a falcon, or a human with a falcon's head, whose cult characterized the entire Egyptian civilization from prehistoric times to the Ptolemaic era. He was the lord of prophecy, music, art and beauty, the god of hunters. In the myth of Osiris, Horus is the son of Isis and Osiris, and rival of Seth, god of chaos, murderer of his father. He represents the first national deity, as it was believed that the pharaoh was Horus' personification on earth.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

EG-HO-11 White 377





and nature and had power over fate.

E11.00 40	
EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 1
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

EG-IS-11 White

Nefertiti



EG-NE-11 Black

16 × ×

Nefertiti (1370 BC-c.1330 BC), wife of the pharaoh Akhenaten, supported her husband in spreading the cult of the only god Aten, the sun, a new religion that undermined the ancient one, also causing political unrest. Her image of queen remains linked to that of her husband: the couple's images of intimacy are popular. The bust of Nefertiti, attributed to the sculptor Thutmose, depicts her in all its beauty and is exhibited at the Ägyptisches Museum und Papyrussammlung in the Neues Museum in Berlin.
 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

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Tutankhamun's Golden Mask

Tutankhamun (1341 BC – c. 1323 BC) was an Egyptian pharaoh of the period of Egyptian history known as the New Kingdom, whose name is linked to the discovery of his tomb by Howard Carter, in the Valley of the Kings, in 1922. The funerary mask of Tutankhamun and the priceless treasure of precious objects found are now preserved in the Egyptian Museum in Cairo. The mask remains the most popular symbol from ancient Egypt and one of the best known artworks in the world.

 EU 36 - 40
 EU 40 - 46

 UK 3½ - 6½
 UK 6½ - 11

 US 6 - 9
 US 9 - 13½

73% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 4% Polyester, 3% Elastane

EG-TU-11

Grey

Thutmose

Nefertiti Bust

Thutmose, also known as "The King's Favourite and Master of Works, the Sculptor Thutmose", was an Ancient Egyptian sculptor. He flourished around 1350 BC, and is thought to have been the official court sculptor of the Egyptian pharaoh Akhenaten in the latter part of his reign. A German archaeological expedition digging in Akhenaten's deserted city of Akhetaton, at Amarna, found his studio complex in 1912.

Neuez Museum, Berlin

The Egyptian Museum of Berlin (German: Ägyptisches Museum und Papyrussammlung) is home to one of the world's most important collections of Ancient Egyptian artifacts. Since 1855, the collection is a part of the Neues Museum on Berlin's Museum Island, which reopened after renovations in 2009.



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The Nefertiti Bust is a painted stucco-coated limestone bust of Nefertiti, wife of the Egyptian Pharaoh Akhenaten and an icon of feminine beauty. The work is believed to have been crafted in 1345 B.C. It is one of the most copied works of ancient Egypt.

TH-NB-08 Black

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 31/2 - 61/2 UK 61/2 - 11 US6-9 US 9 - 131/2

Amarna Period 381

Knee-High Socks



Knee-High Socks





PM-NY-06-KH Piet Mondrian - New York City I Color: White Knee-High Sock

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

CF-WS-08-KH Caspar David Friedrich- Wanderer Above the Sea of Fog Color: Blue Knee-High Sock

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

EM-TSC-06-KH Edvard Munch - The Scream Color: Orange Knee-High Sock

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
JK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
JS 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½



Knee-High Socks





KH-GW-06-KH Katsushika Hokusai - Great Wave Color: Blue Knee-High Sock

78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

VG-SN-08-KH Vincent Van Gogh - Starry Night Color: Blue Knee-High Sock

80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

SD-EL-01-KH Salvador Dalí - The Elephants Color: Orange Knee-High Sock

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½



Knee-High Socks



LV-VM-01-KH Leonardo da Vinci - The Vitruvian Man Color: Beige Knee-High Sock

83% Cotton, 15% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

PP-BI-07-KH Le Petit Prince - Birds Color: Beige Knee-High Sock

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½

Gift Boxes

ART SOX

Gift Box - Louis Comfort Tillany





LC-B1-06

Louis Comfort Tiffany - Gift Box Box Including 4 Pairs of Socks Box Size: 300 x 200 x 40 x 30 mm 78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elastane

> EU 36 - 40 EU 40 - 46 UK 3½ - 6½ UK 6½ - 11 US 6 - 9 US 9 - 13½

ART SOX

Gift Box - Albrecht Dürer

MuseARTa®



AD-B1-06 Albrecht Dürer - Gift Box Box Including 4 Pairs of Socks: Albrecht Dürer - Two Squirrels • Albrecht Dürer - Bird in Three Positions • Albrecht Dürer - Käuzchen • Albrecht Dürer - Head of a Stag Box Size: 300 x 200 x 40 x 30 mm 75% Cotton, 24% Polyamide, 1% Elasthan

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½









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BL-B1-06 Banksy Graffiti Box - Flower Bomber

Box Including 4 Pairs of Socks: Flower Bomber • Girl Floating Away • Polka Dot Rat • Peace Dove Box Size: 300 x 200 x 40 x 30 mm 78% Cotton, 20% Polyamide, 2% Elasthan

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½









BL-B1-07 Banksy Graffiti - Lizzie Stardust

Box Including 4 Pairs of Socks: Lizzie Stardust • Radar Rat • Bonaparte • Gangsta Boy Box Size: 300 x 200 x 40 x 30 mm 75% Cotton, 23% Polyamide, 2% Elasthan

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½













BL-B1-08 Banksy Graffiti Box - Kissing Coppers

Box Including 4 Pairs of Socks: Kissing Coppers • Pink Guard Dog • Tricycle Cop • Anarchist Soldier Box Size: 300 x 200 x 40 x 30 mm 80% Cotton, 18% Polyamide, 2% Elasthan

EU 36 - 40	EU 40 - 46	EU 46 - 49
UK 3½ - 6½	UK 6½ - 11	UK 11 - 14½
US 6 - 9	US 9 - 13½	US 12 - 15½



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GB-BL-FB Banksy Graffiti - Flower Bomber *Gift Box* Size: 300 x 200 x 40 x 30 mm



ART SOX

Gift Boxes

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GB-AD-YH Albrecht Dürer - Young Hare





GB-CM-BW Claude Monet - Bridge over a Pond of Waterilies





GB-FM-BH Franz Marc - Blue Horse I





GB-JV-GE Jan Vermeer - Girl with a Pearl Earring

MuseARTa®

Paper Bags

MuseARTa®

MS-PB-01 MuseARTa Paperbag Small: 28 x 20 x 8 cm

MS-PB-02 MuseARTa Paperbag Big: 56 x 40 x 16 cm

ART SOX MuseARTa®

Gift Baubles



GBT-EM-TS Edvard Munch The Scream



GBT-JM-ST Jan Matejko Stańczyk



CB-CF-WS Caspar David Friedrich Wanderer Above the Sea of Fog



CB-JV-GE Jan Vermeer Girl with a Pearl Earring



GBT-KH-GW Katsushika Hokusai Great Wave



GBT-RS-AM Raphael Sanzio Angels of Sistine Madonna



CB-GK-EF Gustav Klimt Emilie Flöge



CB-GK-TL Gustav Klimt The Tree of Life



GBT-LV-MO Leonardo da Vinci Mona Lisa



CB-LV-LE Leonardo da Vinci Lady with an Ermine



GBT-VG-SN Vincent van Gogh Starry Night



GBT-VG-AB Vincent van Gogh Almond Blossom

For more information - Download the catalog of gift baubles here!

CB-LV-ML

Leonardo da Vinci

Mona Lisa



Socks Table Display



Style No.: DISPLAY ART-SOX Table Display

Fixture	Display Height in mm ft, in	Display Width in mm ft, in	Display Depth in mm ft, in	Display Weight in kg Ib	Hooks on one Side	Hooks on both Sides	Socks per Hook	Total Capa- city	Hook Length	Display Price	Transport Costs
Table Display	434 mm 1'5"	390 mm 1'3"	300 mm 11"	5 kg 11 lb	3	6	6	36	80 mm	<u>120,00 €</u> *Order of 120 socks = Display for free	DE: 14,95 € EU: 19,95 € USA: 39,95 \$

*Fixtures are supplied unassembled *Hooks are made of 4 mm wire *The base and the middle wall are made of melamine coated

*Transport for M&L: Pallet delivery *Display for free if they are completely filled

*The fixtures have small rubber feet that are not height adjustable
Socks Displays ART SOX

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Style No.: DISPLAY ART-SOX Small Style No.: DISPLAY ART-SOX Large

Fixture	Display Height in mm ft, in	Display Width in mm ft, in	Display Depth in mm ft, in	Display Weight in kg Ib	Hooks Hori- zontal	Hooks Verti- cal	Hooks on one Side	Hooks on both Sides	Socks per Hook	Total Capacity	Hook Length	Display Price	Transport Costs
S	1500 mm 4'11"	440 mm 1'5"	400 mm 1'3"	packed 19 kg 41 lb	3	4	12	24	6	144	80 mm	240.00 € *Order of 192 socks = Display for free	DE: 59,95 € EU: 79,95 € USA: 99,95 \$
М	1530 mm 5'2"	790 mm 2'7"	450 mm 1'5"	packed 45 kg 99 lb	6	4	24	48	6	288	80 mm	360,00 € *Order of 384 socks = Display for free	DE: 69,95 € EU: 89,95 € USA: 129,95 \$
L	1530 mm 5'2"	1180 mm 3'10"	500 mm 1'7"	packed 65 kg 143 lb	9	4	36	72	6	432	80 mm	480,00 € *Order of 576 socks = Display for free	DE: 79,95 € EU: 99,95 € USA: 149,95 \$

Medium



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General Terms and Conditions of Sale, Delivery and Payments of MuseARTa GmbH

1. Assignment of Claims

The supplier is entitled to assign his claims from delivery and service for financing purposes. In the event of assignment, all present and future claims arising from our business relationship and all ancillary rights (such as our reservation of proprietary rights) are transferred. The customer will find a corresponding note on his invoice.

2. Delivery and Shipping

The start of the delivery period specified by us presupposes the clarification of all technical questions as well as the timely and proper fulfillment of the customer's obliga-tions. The plea of the unfulfilled contract remains reserved. The specified delivery periods are only approximate. They are, however, respected as much as possible by us. If the delivery is delayed the customer does not have to be notified. Firm deals are not made.

The supplier is entitled to partial deliveries. Each partial. delivery must be regarded as a closed individual transaction and as such is subject to these contractual conditions. If we are in default then a reasonable additional delivery period must be provided in writing.

Breakdowns, traffic disruptions, interruptions in the supply of electricity, heating, raw materials or similar at our or our suppliers extend the delivery time accordingly. Force majeure and all other circumstances for which we are not responsible entitle us to withdraw from the contract in whole or in part. If a delivery is required for the delivery and this cannot be executed, we are entitled to withdraw from the contract. In this case we undertake to inform the customer about the unavailability and to refund pay-ments if already done. Shipping is ex works at the expense and risk of the customer. The customer also bears the risk of transportation if we deliver in individual cases on our costs or for a charge. The choice of shipping method is up to us. Complaints due to changed article or color numbers will not be accepted.

3. Final provisions

Should individual provisions of these conditions of sale, delivery and payment be or become voidable or void, the remaining provisions shall remain unaffected and fully effective.

4. General

For our offers, sales, deliveries and other services, the following conditions apply. The customer or buyer recognizes the conditions as part of the contract by ordering or placing an order. Amendments, even if agreed with us, are only valid if confirmed in writing. Deviating conditions of our customers do not oblige us, even if we do not expressly contradict them. An exception applies in case of our written confirmation.

5. Offers and Conclusion of Contract

Offers by us are always non-binding until our written confirmation of the order. If an order is to be regarded as an offer according to § 145 BGB, we can accept it within two weeks. Contract modifications, amendments or collateral agreements require our written confirmation in order to be valid. The conditions apply in their respective version

6. Payment

Payments are to be made free of charge according to the agreed payment terms. If nothing else has been agreed upon invoices are due 30 days met. All payments have to be executed cash, by bank transfer or check. The time of receipt is the credit on our account. Drafts are not considered as contractual means of payment. However, if a draft is accepted, there is no deferral of the receivables. The customer remains in default until the bill is honored. All costs and expenses of the bill then go to his own expense. The acceptance of checks and bills takes place only on account of payment and without guarantee for protest. Payments are to be made free of charge according to the agreed payment terms. If the term of payment is exceeded, the customer is in default. A reminder is not required. If the customer defaults on a payment, all other outstanding claims are immediately due for payment, without the need for a separate notice of default.

The contracting parties are obliged to pay default interest of at least 9% above the base interest rate of the European Central Bank from the beginning of the default. The assertion of higher interest and further damages caused by delay as well as all other legal consequences of the delay remains reserved. If the customer is in default, or circumstances become known after conclusion of the contract, which are likely to reduce the creditworthiness of the purchaser, all claims are due without regard to the duration of any accepted bills of exchange. Such circumstances further entitle us to execute outstanding services only against advance payment or security deposits, as well as to withdraw from the contract or to claim damages for non-performance. Proof of a reduction in creditworthiness shall be deemed to have been provided by the bank for a reputable credit agency.

7. Place of Performance and Jurisdiction

Place of fulfillment for delivery and payment is Mechernich. For all disputes arising directly or indirectly from the contract Bonn is agreed as the place of jurisdiction, inso-far as the claims are asserted in the dunning procedure. Insofar as the customers are merchants, foreign contracting parties, legal persons under public law or special funds under public law, the contracting parties agree that Bonn is the place of jurisdiction for indirect or / and direct legal disputes arising from the contract. Regardless of the amount in dispute, the district court of Bonn or the regional court of Cologne has jurisdiction in the first instance at our discretion. This contract and the entire legal relationships of the parties are subject to the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany. The UN Sales Convention (CISG) are explicitly excluded.

8. Prices

The prices quoted are subject to change and are ex works without VAT and excluding packaging. We are free to invoice costs of packaging separately. If material or labor cost increases occur after the price lists have been created, if there are increased purchasing costs due to considerable exchange rate changes (above 10%) or if taxes or duties are increased we are entitled to adjust prices accordingly. No party has the right to withdraw from the contract because of this. Discounts granted and other price reductions are waived when applying for insolvency or settlement of our contracting party or after the partner has fallen into arrears.

9. Reservation of Proprietary Rights

All goods supplied by us remain the property of our company until the fulfillment of our entire claims against the respective customer, for whatever legal reason they may have arisen. The customer may only dispose of the delivered goods in regular business transactions. Despite the assignment the customer is authorized to sell the assigned goods in the proper course of business and to realize the proceeds. The authorization shall cease to exist with our revocation, to which we are entitled upon the occurrence of the default or the reduction in the creditworthiness of the customer. At our request the customer is obliged to disclose the assignment to its customers and to provide us with all information necessary to assert the claim and to hand over the necessary documents. Pledges or assignments of security of the reserved goods are prohibited to the purchaser. The customer must notify us immediately of a seizure or any other impairment of the rights of the reserved goods by third parties. He bears the cost of the intervention.

10. Right of Retention and Offsetting

The customer is not entitled to set off against our claims with counterclaims disputed by us. The offsetting with undisputed and legally established claims is permissible.

11. Submitted Documents

We reserve the right of ownership and copyrights to all documents provided to the customer in connection with placing the order, such as calculations, drawings, etc. These documents may not be disclosed to third parties without our express written permission. If we do not accept an offer from the customer within two weeks these documents must be returned to us immediately.

12. Warranty and Damages

Warranty rights of the customer expire twelve months after receipt of the goods. Obvious defects must be reported in writing immediately, but no later than 14 days after receipt of the goods; hidden defects must be reported in writing immediately after their discovery. If the complaint is not timely the goods are considered approved. Legi-timate complaints do not exempt from the obligation of timely payment. For materials and equipment that are not from our own production, we accept only the warranty and other liability in the context of our promise to our suppliers. If the goods have a defect, we shall be entitled to supplementary performance without a reasonable period without prejudice to the right of the customer to reduce the subsequent performance in the event of failure or to withdraw from the contract at his discretion. Claims for defects do not exist in the event of insignificant deviation from the agreed quality, in the case of insignificant impairment of usability, in the case of natural wear and in the event of failures or by event of risk through improper use of the object. We are not liable for slightly negligent violations of essential contractual obligations by our legal representatives or vicarious agents. This exclusion does not apply to physical and health damages caused by us.

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MuseARTa GmbH | An der Zikkurat 4 | 53894 Mechernich | Germany Tel.: +49 2256 66997-90 | E-Mail: info@musearta.com | www.MuseARTa.com VAT No.: DE362030459 | Commercial Register: HRB Bonn 28148 | Managing Director: Michael Kujanek

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